

Power Range:

3-phase 230V series: 5.5kW~22kW (7.5~30HP) 3-phase 460V series: 5.5kW~22kW (7.5~30HP)



www.delta.com.tw/industrialautomation

ASIA

Delta Electronics, Inc.

Taovuan1

31-1, Xingbang Road, Guishan Industrial Zone, Taoyuan County 33370, Taiwan, R.O.C. TEL: 886-3-362-6301 / FAX: 886-3-362-7267

Delta Electronics (Jiang Su) Ltd.

Wuiiang Plant3

1688 Jiángxing East Road, Wujiang Economy Development Zone, Wujiang City, Jiang Su Province, People's Republic of China (Post code: 215200) TEL: 86-512-6340-3008 / FAX: 86-512-6340-7290

Delta Electronics (Japan), Inc. Tokyo Office

Delfa Shibadaimon Building, 2-1-14 Shibadaimon, Minato-Ku, Tokyo, 105-0012, Japan TEL: 81-3-5733-1111 / FAX: 81-3-5733-1211

Delta Electronics (Korea), Inc.

234-9, Duck Soo BD 7F, Nonhyun-dong, Kangnam-ku, Seoul, Korea Post code: 135-010 TEL: 82-2-515-5303/5 / FAX: 82-2-515-5302



Delta Electronics (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.

8 Kaki Bukit Road 2, #04-18 Ruby Warehouse Complex, Singapore 417841 TEL: 65-6747-5155 / FAX: 65-6744-9228

Delta Energy Systems (India) Pvt. Ltd.

Plot No. 27 & 31, Sector-34, EHTP, Gurgaon-122001 Haryana, India TEL: 91-124-4169040 / FAX: 91-124-4036045

AMERICA

Delta Products Corporation (USA)

Raleigh Office

P.O. Box 12173,5101 Davis Drive, Research Triangle Park, NC 27709, U.S.A. TEL: 1-919-767-3813 / FAX: 1-919-767-3969

EUROPE

Deltronics (Netherlands) B.V.

Eindhoven Öffice

De Witbogt 15, 5652 AG Eindhoven, The Netherlands TEL: 31-40-259-28-50/ FAX: 31-40-259-28-51



*We reserve the right to change the information in this manual without prior notice

ANELTA

₩₽.۷L

User Manual

Elevator Drive

Thank you for choosing DELTA's high-performance VFD-VL Series. The VFD-VL Series is manufactured with high-quality components and materials and incorporates the latest microprocessor technology available.

This manual is to be used for the installation, parameter setting, troubleshooting, and daily maintenance of the AC motor drive. To guarantee safe operation of the equipment, read the following safety guidelines before connecting power to the AC motor drive. Keep this operating manual at hand and distribute to all users for reference.

To ensure the safety of operators and equipment, only qualified personnel familiar with AC motor drive are to do installation, start-up and maintenance. Always read this manual thoroughly before using VFD-VL series AC Motor Drive, especially the WARNING, DANGER and CAUTION notes. Failure to comply may result in personal injury and equipment damage. If you have any questions, please contact your dealer.

PLEASE READ PRIOR TO INSTALLATION FOR SAFETY.



- 1. AC input power must be disconnected before any wiring to the AC motor drive is made.
- A charge may still remain in the DC-link capacitors with hazardous voltages, even if the power
 has been turned off. To prevent personal injury, please ensure that power has turned off before
 opening the AC motor drive and wait ten minutes for the capacitors to discharge to safe voltage
 levels.
- 3. Never reassemble internal components or wiring.
- 4. The AC motor drive may be destroyed beyond repair if incorrect cables are connected to the input/output terminals. Never connect the AC motor drive output terminals U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3 directly to the AC mains circuit power supply.
- Ground the VFD-VL using the ground terminal. The grounding method must comply with the laws of the country where the AC motor drive is to be installed. Refer to the Basic Wiring Diagram.
- VFD-VL series is used only to control variable speed of 3-phase induction motors, NOT for 1phase motors or other purpose.
- 7. VFD-VL series shall NOT be used for life support equipment or any life safety situation.



- DO NOT use Hi-pot test for internal components. The semi-conductor used in AC motor drive easily damage by high-voltage.
- There are highly sensitive MOS components on the printed circuit boards. These components are especially sensitive to static electricity. To prevent damage to these components, do not touch these components or the circuit boards with metal objects or your bare hands.
- 3. Only qualified persons are allowed to install, wire and maintain AC motor drives.



- 1. Some parameters settings can cause the motor to run immediately after applying power.
- DO NOT install the AC motor drive in a place subjected to high temperature, direct sunlight, high humidity, excessive vibration, corrosive gases or liquids, or airborne dust or metallic particles.
- Only use AC motor drives within specification. Failure to comply may result in fire, explosion or electric shock.
- To prevent personal injury, please keep children and unqualified people away from the equipment.
- 5. When the motor cable between AC motor drive and motor is too long, the layer insulation of the motor may be damaged. Please use a frequency inverter duty motor or add an AC output reactor to prevent damage to the motor. Refer to appendix B Reactor for details.
- 6. The rated voltage for AC motor drive must be \leq 240V (\leq 480V for 460V models) and the mains supply current capacity must be \leq 5000A RMS (\leq 10000A RMS for the \geq 40hp (30kW) models)

Table of Contents

Preface	i
Table of Contents	iii
Chapter 1 Introduction	1-1
1.1 Receiving and Inspection	1-2
1.1.1 Nameplate Information	1-2
1.1.2 Model Explanation	1-2
1.1.3 Series Number Explanation	1-3
1.1.4 Drive Frames and Appearances	1-3
1.1.5 Drive Features	1-4
1.2 Preparation for Installation and Wiring	1-5
1.2.1 Ambient Conditions	1-5
1.2.2 Remove Front Cover	1-7
1.3 Dimensions	1-8
Chapter 2 Installation and Wiring	2-1
2.1 Wiring	2-1
2.2 External Wiring	2-6
2.3 Main Circuit	2-7
2.3.1 Main Circuit Connection	2-7
2.3.2 Main Circuit Terminals	2-9
2.4 Control Terminals	2-10

Chapter 3 Operation and Start Up	3-1
3.1 Operation Method	3-1
3.2 Trial Run	3-3
Chapter 4 Parameters	4-1
4.1 Summary of Parameter Settings	4-2
4.2 Description of Parameter Settings	4-19
Chapter 5 Troubleshooting	5-1
5.1 Over Current (OC)	5-1
5.2 Ground Fault	5-2
5.3 Over Voltage (OV)	5-2
5.4 Low Voltage (Lv)	5-3
5.5 Over Heat (OH)	5-4
5.6 Overload	5-4
5.7 Display of KPVL-CC01 is Abnormal	5-5
5.8 Phase Loss (PHL)	5-5
5.9 Motor cannot Run	5-6
5.10 Motor Speed cannot be Changed	5-7
5.11 Motor Stalls during Acceleration	5-8
5.12 The Motor does not Run as Expected	5-8
5.13 Electromagnetic/Induction Noise	5-9
5.14 Environmental Condition	5-9
5.15 Affecting Other Machines	5-10
Chapter 6 Fault Code Information and Maintenance	6-1
6.1 Fault Code Information	6-1
6.1.1 Common Problems and Solutions	6-2

6.1.2 Reset	6-9
6.2 Maintenance and Inspections	6-10
Appendix A Specifications	A-1
Appendix B Accessories	B-1
B.1 All Brake Resistors & Brake Units Used in AC Motor Drives	sB-2
B.1.1 Dimensions and Weights for Brake Resistors	B-4
B.2 Non-fuse Circuit Breaker Chart	B-7
B.3 Fuse Specification Chart	B-7
B.4 AC Reactor	B-8
B.4.1 AC Input Reactor Recommended Value	B-8
B.4.2 AC Output Reactor Recommended Value	B-8
B.4.3 Applications for AC Reactor	B-9
B.5 Zero Phase Reactor (RF220X00A)	B-11
B.6 DC Choke Recommended Values	B-12
B.7 Digital Keypad KPVL-CC01	B-13
B.7.1 Description of the Digital Keypad KPVL-CC01	B-13
B.7.2 How to Operate the Digital Keypad KPVL-CC01	B-15
B.7.3 Dimension of the Digital Keypad	B-17
B.7.4 Recommended Position the Rubber Magnet of the Dig	
B.8 PG Card (for Encoder)	B-18
B.8.1 EMVL-PGABL	B-18
B.8.2 EMVL-PGABO	B-20
B.8.3 EMVL-PGH01	B-22

B.9 AMD-EMI Filter Cross Reference	B-24
B.9.1 Dimensions	B-27
Appendix C How to Select the Right AC Motor Drive	C-1
C.1 Capacity Formulas	C-2
C.2 General Precaution	C-4
C.3 How to Choose a Suitable Motor	C-5

Chapter 1 Introduction

The AC motor drive should be kept in the shipping carton or crate before installation. In order to retain the warranty coverage, the AC motor drive should be stored properly when it is not to be used for an extended period of time. Storage conditions are:



- 1. Store in a clean and dry location free from direct sunlight or corrosive fumes.
- 2. Store within an ambient temperature range of -20 °C to +60 °C.
- 3. Store within a relative humidity range of 0% to 90% and non-condensing environment.
- 4. Store within an air pressure range of 86 kPA to 106kPA.
- DO NOT place on the ground directly. It should be stored properly. Moreover, if the surrounding environment is humid, you should put exsiccator in the package.
- DO NOT store in an area with rapid changes in temperature. It may cause condensation and frost.
- 7. If the AC motor drive is stored for more than 3 months, the temperature should not be higher than 30 °C. Storage longer than one year is not recommended, it could result in the degradation of the electrolytic capacitors.
- When the AC motor drive is not used for longer time after installation on building sites or places with humidity and dust, it's best to move the AC motor drive to an environment as stated above.

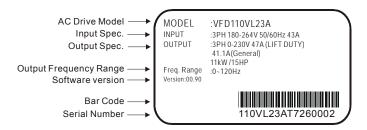
1.1 Receiving and Inspection

This VFD-VL AC motor drive has gone through rigorous quality control tests at the factory before shipment. After receiving the AC motor drive, please check for the following:

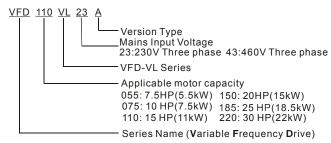
- Check to make sure that the package includes an AC motor drive, the User Manual/Quick Start and CD.
- Inspect the unit to assure it was not damaged during shipment.
- Make sure that the part number indicated on the nameplate corresponds with the part number of your order.

1.1.1 Nameplate Information

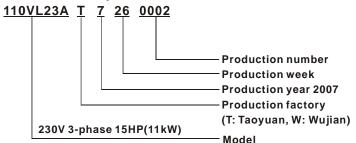
Example for 15HP/11kW 230V 3-Phase AC motor drive



1.1.2 Model Explanation



1.1.3 Series Number Explanation



If the nameplate information does not correspond to your purchase order or if there are any problems, please contact your distributor.

1.1.4 Drive Frames and Appearances



Frame	Power range	Models
С	7.5-15HP (5.5-11kW)	VFD055VL23A/43A, VFD075VL23A/43A, VFD110VL23A/43A
D	20-30HP (15-22kW)	VFD150VL23A/43A, VFD185VL23A/43A, VFD220VL23A/43A

Please refer to Chapter 1.3 for exact dimensions.

1.1.5 Drive Features

Communication Port





Internal structure

Removable fan







1.2 Preparation for Installation and Wiring

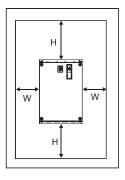
1.2.1 Ambient Conditions

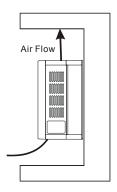
Install the AC motor drive in an environment with the following conditions:

Operation	Air Temperature:	-10 ~ +45°C (14 ~ 113°F)	
	Relative Humidity:	<90%, no condensation allowed	
	Atmosphere pressure:	86 ~ 106 kPa	
	Installation Site Altitude:	<1000m	
	Vibration:	<20Hz: 9.80 m/s² (1G) max 20 ~ 50Hz: 5.88 m/s² (0.6G) max	
	Temperature:	-20°C ~ +60°C (-4°F ~ 140°F)	
Storage	Relative Humidity:	<90%, no condensation allowed	
Transportation	Atmosphere pressure:	86 ~ 106 kPa	
	Vibration:	<20Hz: 9.80 m/s² (1G) max 20 ~ 50Hz: 5.88 m/s² (0.6G) max	
Pollution Degree	2: good for a factory type environment.		

Minimum Mounting Clearances

A. Single drive

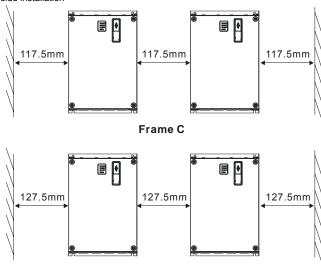




HP	W mm (inch)	H mm (inch)
7.5-15HP	75 (3)	175 (7)
20-30HP	75 (3)	200 (8)

Chapter 1 Introduction | V=2-VL

B. Side-by-side installation



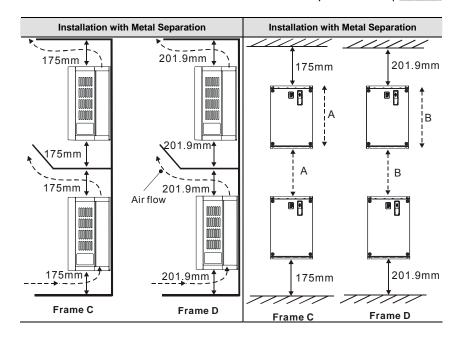


- Operating, storing or transporting the AC motor drive outside these conditions may cause damage to the AC motor drive.
- 2. Failure to observe these precautions may void the warranty!
- Mount the AC motor drive vertically on a flat vertical surface object by screws. Other directions are not allowed.

Frame D

- The AC motor drive will generate heat during operation. Allow sufficient space around the unit for heat dissipation.
- The heat sink temperature may rise to 90°C when running. The material on which the AC motor drive is mounted must be noncombustible and be able to withstand this high temperature.
- When AC motor drive is installed in a confined space (e.g. cabinet), the surrounding temperature must be within 10 ~ 40°C with good ventilation. DO NOT install the AC motor drive in a space with bad ventilation.
- Prevent fiber particles, scraps of paper, saw dust, metal particles, etc. from adhering to the heatsink
- 8. When installing multiple AC more drives in the same cabinet, they should be adjacent in a row with enough space in-between. When installing one AC motor drive below another one, use a metal separation between the AC motor drives to prevent mutual heating.





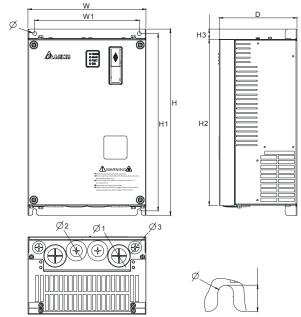
1.2.2 Remove Front Cover

7.5-15HP/5.5-11kW(frame C) & 20-30HP/15-22kW(frame D)





1.3 Dimensions



Unit: mm [inch]

Frame	w	W1	н	H1	H2	Н3
С	235 [9.25]	204 [8.03]	350 [13.78]	337 [13.27]	320 [12.60]	-
D	255.0 [10.04]	226.0 [8.90]	403.8 [15.90]	384.0 [15.12]	360.0 [14.17]	21.9 [0.86]

Frame	D	ø	Ø1	Ø2	Ø3	
С	136 [5.35]	6.5 [0.26]	-	34 [1.34]	22 [0.87]	
D	168.0 [6.61]	8.5 [0.33]	44 [1.73]	34 [1.34]	22 [0.87]	



Frame C: VFD055VL23A/43A, VFD075VL23A/43A, VFD110VL23A/43A

Frame D: VFD150VL23A/43A, VFD185VL23A/43A, VFD220VL23A/43A

Chapter 2 Installation and Wiring

After removing the front cover (see chapter 1.2.2 for details), check if the power and control terminals are clear. Be sure to observe the following precautions when wiring.



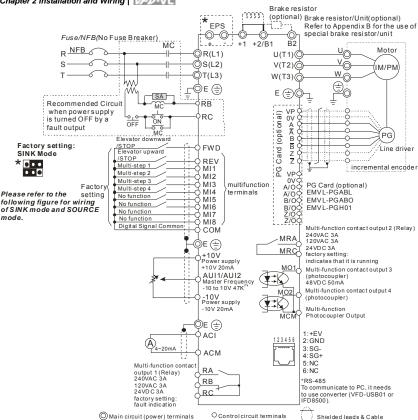
- Make sure that power is only applied to the R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 terminals. Failure to comply may result in damage to the equipment. The voltage and current should lie within the range as indicated on the nameplate.
- 2. Check the following items after finishing the wiring:
 - A. Are all connections correct?
 - B. No loose wires?
 - C. No short-circuits between terminals or to ground?



- A charge may still remain in the DC bus capacitors with hazardous voltages even if the power
 has been turned off. To prevent personal injury, please ensure that the power is turned off and
 wait ten minutes for the capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels before opening the AC
 motor drive.
- All the units must be grounded directly to a common ground terminal to prevent lightning strike or electric shock
- Only qualified personnel familiar with AC motor drives is allowed to perform installation, wiring and commissioning.
- 4. Make sure that the power is off before doing any wiring to prevent electric shock.

2.1 Wiring

Users must connect wires according to the circuit diagrams on the following pages. Do not plug a modem or telephone line to the RS-485 communication port or permanent damage may result. Pins 1 & 2 are the power supply for the optional copy keypad only and should not be used for RS-485 communication.



- * Terminal EPS is emergency power input terminal, refer to the following figure for details.
- * For PG card, refer to Appendix B for details.

Shielded leads & Cable

Figure 2 Wiring/Terminals setting for SINK(NPN) mode and SOURCE(PNP) mode

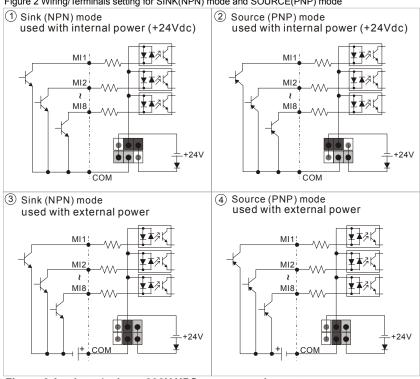


Figure 3 Apply to 1-phase 230V UPS power supply system

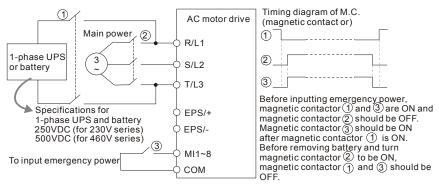
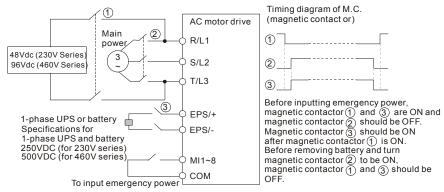




Figure 4 Apply to two batteries with main battery voltage is lower than 280Vdc

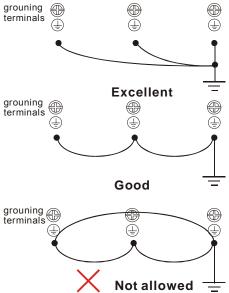




- 1. The wiring of main circuit and control circuit should be separated to prevent erroneous actions.
- 2. Please use shield wire for the control wiring and not to expose the peeled-off net in front of the terminal.
- 3. Please use the shield wire or tube for the power wiring and ground the two ends of the shield wire or tube.
- 4. Damaged insulation of wiring may cause personal injury or damage to circuits/equipment if it comes in contact with high voltage.
- The AC motor drive, motor and wiring may cause interference. To prevent the equipment 5. damage, please take care of the erroneous actions of the surrounding sensors and the equipment.
- 6. When the AC drive output terminals U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3 are connected to the motor terminals U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3, respectively. To permanently reverse the direction of motor rotation, switch over any of the two motor leads.
- 7. With long motor cables, high capacitive switching current peaks can cause over-current, high leakage current or lower current readout accuracy. For longer motor cables use an AC output reactor.
- 8. The AC motor drive, electric welding machine and the greater horsepower motor should be grounded separately.
- 9. Use ground leads that comply with local regulations and keep them as short as possible.
- 10. No brake resistor is built in the VFD-VL series, it can install brake resistor for those occasions that use higher load inertia or frequent start/stop. Refer to Appendix B for details.

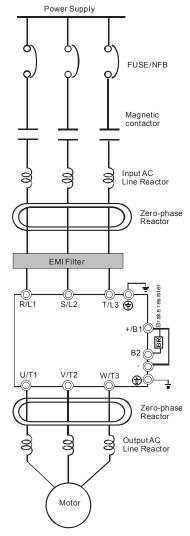


Multiple VFD-VL units can be installed in one location. All the units should be grounded directly 11. to a common ground terminal, as shown in the figure below. Ensure there are no ground loops.





2.2 External Wiring

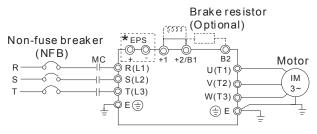


Items	Explanations	
Power supply	Please follow the specific power supply requirements shown in Appendix A.	
Fuse/NFB (Optional)	There may be an inrush current during power up. Please check the chart of Appendix B and select the correct fuse with rated current. Use of an NFB is optional.	
Magnetic contactor (Optional)	Please do not use a Magnetic contactor as the I/O switch of the AC motor drive, as it will reduce the operating life cycle of the AC drive.	
Input AC Line Reactor (Optional)	Used to improve the input power factor, to reduce harmonics and provide protection from AC line disturbances₅ (surges, switching spikes, short interruptions, etc.). AC line reactor should be installed when the power supply capacity is 500kVA or more and exceeds 6 times the inverter capacity, or the mains wiring distance ≤ 10m.	
Zero-phase Reactor (Ferrite Core Common Choke) (Optional)	Zero phase reactors are used to reduce radio noise especially when audio equipment is installed near the inverter. Effective for noise reduction on both the input and output sides. Attenuation quality is good for a wide range from AM band to 10MHz. Appendix B specifies the zero phase reactor. (RF220X00A)	
EMI filter (Optional)	To reduce electromagnetic interference, please refer to Appendix B for more details.	
Brake Resistor (Optional)	Used to reduce the deceleration time of the motor. Please refer to the chart in Appendix B for specific Brake Resistors.	
Output AC Line Reactor (Optional)	Motor surge voltage amplitude depends on motor cable length. For applications with long motor cable (>20m), it is necessary to install a reactor at the inverter output side.	



2.3 Main Circuit

2.3.1 Main Circuit Connection



Terminal Symbol	Explanation of Terminal Function
EPS (+, -)	For emergency power or backup power supply
R/L1, S/L2, T/L3	AC line input terminals (1-phase/3-phase)
U/T1, V/T2, W/T3	AC drive output terminals for connecting 3-phase induction motor
+1, +2/B1	Connections for DC Choke (optional). Please remove jumper when installation. (It is built in DC choke for models 11kW and above)
+2/B1, B2	Connections for Brake Resistor (optional)
<u>+</u>	Earth connection, please comply with local regulations.

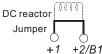
Mains power terminals (R/L1, S/L2, T/L3)

- Connect these terminals (R/L1, S/L2, T/L3) via a non-fuse breaker or earth leakage breaker to 3-phase AC power (some models to 1-phase AC power) for circuit protection. It is unnecessary to consider phase-sequence.
- It is recommended to add a magnetic contactor (MC) in the power input wiring to cut off power quickly and reduce malfunction when activating the protection function of AC motor drives. Both ends of the MC should have an R-C surge absorber.
- Please make sure to fasten the screw of the main circuit terminals to prevent sparks which is made by the loose screws due to vibration.
- Please use voltage and current within the regulation shown in Appendix A.
- Do NOT run/stop AC motor drives by turning the power ON/OFF. Run/stop AC motor drives by RUN/STOP command via control terminals or keypad. If you still need to run/stop AC drives by turning power ON/OFF, it is recommended to do so only ONCE per hour.
- Do NOT connect 3-phase models to a 1-phase power source.

Output terminals for main circuit (U, V, W)

- When it needs to install the filter at the output side of terminals U/T1, V/T2, W/T3 on the AC motor drive. Please use inductance filter. Do not use phase-compensation capacitors or L-C (Inductance-Capacitance) or R-C (Resistance-Capacitance), unless approved by Delta.
- DO NOT connect phase-compensation capacitors or surge absorbers at the output terminals of AC motor drives.
- Use well-insulated motor, suitable for inverter operation.

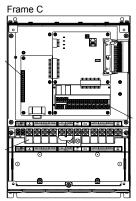
Terminals [+1, +2] for connecting DC reactor, terminals [+1, +2/B1] for connecting brake resistor



- To improve power factor and reduce harmonics connect a DC reactor between terminals [+1, +2/B1]. Please remove the jumper before connecting the DC reactor.
- Models above 15kW don't have a built-in brake chopper. Please connect an external optional brake resistor.
- When not used, please leave the terminals [+2/B1, -] open.
- Short-circuiting [B2] or [-] to [+2/B1] can damage the AC motor drive.



2.3.2 Main Circuit Terminals

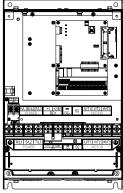


Main circuit terminals

R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, (+1, +2/B1, -, B2)

Models	Wire	Torque	Wire Type
VFD055VL23A	8 AWG.		
VFD075VL23A	(8.4mm ²)		
VFD055VL43A	12-10 AWG (3.3-5.3mm ²)		Stranded
VFD075VL43A	10 AWG. (5.3mm²)	30kgf-cm (26in-lbf)	copper only,
VFD110VL23A	6-2 AWG. (13.3-33.6mm ²)		
VFD110VL43A	8-2 AWG. (8.4-33.6mm ²)		





Main circuit terminals

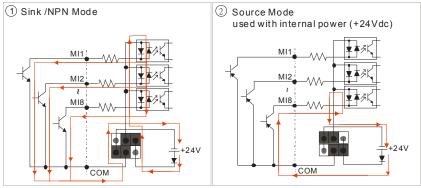
R/L1, S/L2, T/L3, U/T1, V/T2, W/T3, (+1, +2, -

Models	Wire	Torque	Wire Type
VFD150VL43A	8-2 AWG. (8.4-33.6mm ²)		
VFD150VL23A	3-2 AWG. (26.7-33.6mm ²)		
VFD185VL23A	2 AWG. (33.6mm ²)	30kgf-cm (26in-lbf)	Stranded copper only,
VFD185VL43A	4-2 AWG.	`	75 C
VFD220VL43A	(21.2-33.6mm ²)		
VFD220VL23A	2 AWG. # (33.6mm ²)		

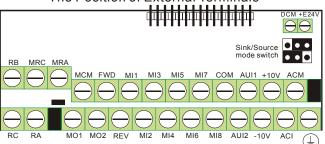
To connect 6 AWG (13.3 mm²) wires, use Recognized Ring Terminals



2.4 Control Terminals



The Position of External Terminals



Terminal symbols and functions

Terminal Symbol	Terminal Function	Factory Settings (SINK) ON: Connect to DCM	
FWD	Elevator downward-Stop Command	ON: Elevator downward operation OFF: Stop acc. to Stop Method	
REV	Elevator upward-Stop Command	ON: Elevator upward operation OFF: Stop acc. to Stop Method	
MI1	Multi-function Input 1	Refer to Pr.02-01 to Pr.02-08 for programming	
MI2	Multi-function Input 2	the Multi-function Inputs. ON: the activation current is 6.5mA.	
MI3	Multi-function Input 3	OFF: leakage current tolerance is 10 μ A.	
MI4	Multi-function Input 4		
MI5	Multi-function Input 5		

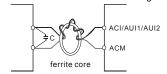
Terminal Symbol	Terminal Function	Factory Settings (SINK) ON: Connect to DCM	
MI6	Multi-function Input 6		
MI7	Multi-function Input 7		
MI8	Multi-function Input 8		
СОМ	Digital Signal Common	Common for digital inputs and used for SINK mode	
+E24V	Digital Signal Common (Source)	+24V 80mA	
DCM	Digital Signal Common (Sink)	Common for digital inputs and used for SINK mode	
RA	Multi-function Relay Output 1 (N.O.) a	Resistive Load:	
RB	Multi-function Relay Output 1 (N.C.) b	5A(N.O.)/3A(N.C.) 240VAC 5A(N.O.)/3A(N.C.) 24VDC Inductive Load:	
RC	Multi-function Relay Common	1.5A(N.O.)/0.5A(N.C.) 240VAC	
MRA	Multi-function Relay Output 2 (N.O.) a	1.5A(N.O.)/0.5A(N.C.) 24VDC To output monitor signal, including in operation, frequency arrival, overload and etc.	
MRC	Multi-function Relay Common	Refer to Pr.02-11~02-12 for programming	
+10V	Potentiometer Power Supply	-10~+10VDC 20mA (variable resistor 3-5kohm)	
-10V	1 otentionieter i ower ouppry	-10 110VDO 2011A (Valiable resistor 3-3KO1111)	
MCM	Multi-function Output Common (Photocoupler)	Max. 48VDC 50mA	
MO1	Multi-function Output 1 (Photocoupler)	The AC motor drive output every monitor signal, such as operational, frequency attained, overload, etc. by open collector transistor. Refer	
MO2	Multi-function Output 2 (Photocoupler)	to Pr.03.01 multi-function output terminals for details. Mo1-M02-DCM Max: 48Vdc 50mA MO1-MO2-DCM MCM Internal Circuit	

Terminal Symbol	Terminal Function	Factory Settings (SINK) ON: Connect to DCM	
ACI	Analog current Input ACI ACI circuit ACM internal circuit	$\begin{tabular}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$,
AUI1/ AUI2	Auxiliary analog voltage input +1 0V AUI circuit AUI internal circuit ACM internal circuit	$\label{eq:continuity} \begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Impedance:} & 200 k\Omega \\ \mbox{Resolution:} & 12 \mbox{ bits} \\ \mbox{Range:} & -10 \sim +10 \mbox{VDC} = \\ & 0 \sim \mbox{Max. Output Frequency} \\ & (\mbox{Pr.01-00}) \\ \mbox{Set-up:} & \mbox{Pr.03-00} \sim \mbox{Pr.03-02} \end{array}$,
ACM	Analog control signal (common)	Common for ACI, AUI1, AUI2	

^{*}Control signal wiring size: 18 AWG (0.75 mm²) with shielded wire.

Analog input terminals (ACI, AUI1, AUI2, ACM)

- Analog input signals are easily affected by external noise. Use shielded wiring and keep it as short as possible (<20m) with proper grounding. If the noise is inductive, connecting the shield to terminal ACM can bring improvement.
- If the analog input signals are affected by noise from the AC motor drive, please connect a capacitor and ferrite core as indicated in the following diagrams:



wind each wires 3 times or more around the core



Digital inputs (FWD, REV, MI1~MI8, COM)

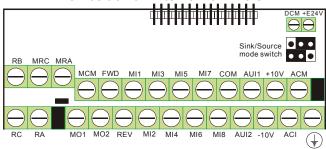
When using contacts or switches to control the digital inputs, please use high quality components to avoid contact bounce.

Digital outputs (MO1, MO2, MCM)

- Make sure to connect the digital outputs to the right polarity, see wiring diagrams.
- When connecting a relay to the digital outputs, connect a surge absorber or fly-back diode across the coil and check the polarity.

The specification for the control terminals

The Position of External Terminals



Frame	Torque		Wire
C D	8 kgf-cm (6.9 in-lbf)		22-14 AWG (0.3-2.1mm ²)
C, D	Terminal: 0V/24V	1.6 kgf-com(1.4 in-lbf)	30-16 AWG (0.051-1.3mm ²)



Frame C: VFD055VL23A/43A, VFD075VL23A/43A, VFD110VL23A/43A

Frame D: VFD150VL23A/43A, VFD185VL23A/43A, VFD220VL23A/43A

Chapter 2 Installation and Wiring | V=>>VL

This page intentionally left blank

Chapter 3 Operation and Start Up



- Make sure that the wiring is correct. In particular, check that the output terminals U/T1, V/T2, W/T3 are NOT connected to power and that the drive is well grounded.
- Verify that no other equipment is connected to the AC motor
- Do NOT operate the AC motor drive with humid hands.
- Verify that there are no short-circuits between terminals and from terminals to ground or mains power.
- Check for loose terminals, connectors or screws.
- Make sure that the front cover is well installed before applying power.



Please do NOT touch output terminals U, V, W when power is still applied to L1/R, L2/S, L3/T even when the AC motor drive has stopped. The DC-link capacitors may still be charged to hazardous voltage levels, even if the power has been turned off.

3.1 Operation Method

The factory setting for operation method is set to control terminal. But it is just one of the operation methods. The operation method can be via communication, control terminals settings or optional digital keypad KPVL-CC01. Please choose a suitable method depending on application and operation rule. The operation is usually used as shown in the following table.

Operation Method	Frequency Source	Operation Command Source	
Operate from communication	Please refer to the communication address 2000H and 2119H settings in the communication address definition.		
Control Terminals- Operate from external signal	to above terminals.	P FWD O REV O MI1 O MI2 O MI3 O MI4 O MI5 O MI6 O MI6 O MI7 O MI8 O COM D E O COM D C AUI1/AUI2 Master Frequency -10 to 10 V 47K0 -10 V AUI C ACI ACI	
KPVL-CC01 keypad (Optional)	MPIL-CCII Inn Time Joh Time Get III 70 4 A P 70 1/2 Y 700 4 5 6 700 1 2 3 AR 1 0 + 600		
	UP/DOWN key	RUN, STOP/RESET key	



3.2 Trial Run

The factory setting of operation source is from external terminals.

- 1. Please connect a switch for both external terminals FWD-COM and REV-COM.
- 2. Please connect a potentiometer among AUI1/AUI2, +10V, -10V and ACM or apply power -10 ~+10Vdc to AUI1/AUI2-ACM.
- 3. Setting the potentiometer or -10~+10Vdc power to less than 1V.
- 4. Make sure that all external terminal wirings are finished before applying power. After applying power, verify that LED "READY" is ON.
- Setting FWD-COM=ON for elevator downward. And if you want to change to reverse running 5. direction, you should set REV-COM=ON. And if you want to decelerate to stop, please set FWD/REV-COM=OFF.
- Check following items: 6.
 - Check if the motor direction of rotation is correct.
 - Check if the motor runs steadily without abnormal noise and vibration.
 - Check if acceleration and deceleration are smooth.

If the results of trial run are normal, please start the formal run.

Chapter 3 Operation and Start Up | V/572-VL

This page intentionally left blank.

Chapter 4 Parameters

The VFD-VL parameters are divided into 14 groups by property for easy setting. In most applications, the user can finish all parameter settings before start-up without the need for re-adjustment during operation.

The 14 groups are as follows:

Group 0: System Parameters

Group 1: Basic Parameters

Group 2: Digital Input/Output Parameters

Group 3: Analog Input/Output Parameters

Group 4: Multi-Step Speed Parameters

Group 5: IM Motor Parameters

Group 6: Protection Parameters

Group 7: Special Parameters

Group 8: PM Motor Parameters

Group 9: Communication Parameters

Group 10: Speed Feedback Control Parameters

Group 11: Advanced Parameters

Group 12: User-defined Parameters

Group 13: View User-defined Parameters

4.1 Summary of Parameter Settings

★: The parameter can be set during operation.

Group 0 System Parameters

Pr.	Explanation	Settings	Factory Setting	VF	VFPG	SVC	FOCPG	TORPG	FOCPM
00-00	Identity Code of the AC motor drive	Read-only	#	0	0	0	0	0	0
00-01	Rated Current Display of the AC motor drive	Read-only	#	0	0	0	0	0	0
00-02	Parameter Reset	No function Read only Reypad lock All parameters are reset to factory settings (50Hz, 220V/380V) In Japarmeters are reset to factory settings (60Hz, 220V/480V)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
≠ 00-03	Start-up Display Selection	Display the frequency command value (LED F) Display the actual output frequency (LED H) Display the output current (A) Multifunction display, see Pr.00-04	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
₩ 00-04	Content of Multi Function Display	O: Display output current (A) I: Reserved 2: Display output frequency (H) 3: Display DC-BUS voltage (U) 4: Display output voltage (E) 5: Output power factor angle (n) 6: Display output power kW(P) 7: Display actual motor speed in rpm(r) 8: Display estimate output torque kg-m (t) 9: Display PC position (G) 10: Reserved 11: Display AUI % (1,) 12: Display AUI % (1,) 12: Display AUI % (2,) 13: Display AUI % (3,) 14: Display Kul % (2,) 15: Display the temperature of heat sink 'C (t.) 16: The status of digital input ON/OFF (i) 17: The status of digital output ON/OFF (o) 18: Multi-step speed (S) 19: The corresponding CPU pin status of digital input (i.) 20: The corresponding CPU pin status of digital input (i.) 21: 23: Reserved 4: Output AC voltage when malfunction (8) 26: Output Tfequency when malfunction (6) 27: Output trequency when malfunction (h) 27: Output urrent when malfunction (h)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
≠ 00-05	User-Defined Coefficient K	Digit 4: decimal point number (0 to 3) Digit 0-3: 40 to 9999	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
00-06	Software Version	Read-only	#.#	0	0	0	0	0	0
≠ 00-07	Password Input	1 to 9998 and 10000 to 65535 0 to 2: times of wrong password	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
₩ 00-08	Password Set	1 to 9998 and 10000 to 65535 0: No password set or successful input in Pr.00-07 1: Password has been set	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
00-09	Control Method	0: V/f Control 1: V/f Control + Encoder (VFPG) 2: Sensorless vector control (SVC) 3: FOC vector control + Encoder (FOCPG) 4: Torque control + Encoder (TORPG) 8: FOC PM control (FOCPM)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
00-10	Reserved								
00-11	Reserved	To acidir	1 45						
00-12	Carrier Frequency	2~15KHz 0: Enable AVR	15 0	0		0	0	0	
⊮ 00-13	Auto Voltage Regulation (AVR) Function	1: Disable AVR	U	0	U	U	0	O	0

		Chapte	r 4 Para	ame	ter	s	V_{λ}	72	-VL
Pr.	Explanation		Factory Setting	VF	VFPG	SVC	FOCPG	TORPG	FOCPM
		2: Disable AVR when deceleration stop							
⊮ 00-14	Source of the Master Frequency Command	0: Digital keypad (KPVL-CC01) 1: RS-485 serial communication 2: External analog input (Pr. 03-00) 3: Digital terminals input	1	0	0	0	0		0
№ 00-15	Source of the Operation Command	0: Digital keypad (KPVL-CC01) 1: External terminals 2: RS-485 serial communication (R.I-11)	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

Chapter 4 Parameters | V-77-VL

Group 1 Basic Parameters

Pr.	Explanation	Settings	Factory Setting	VF	VFPG	SVC	FOCPG	TORPG	FOCPM
01-00	Maximum Output Frequency	10.00~120.00Hz	60.00/ 50.00	0	0	0	0	0	0
01-01	1st Output Frequency Setting 1	0.00~120.00Hz	60.00/ 50.00	0	0	0	0	0	0
01-02	1st Output Voltage Setting 1	230V: 0.1V~255.0V 460V: 0.1V~510.0V	220.0 440.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
01-03	2nd Output Frequency Setting 1	0.00~120.00Hz	0.50	0	0				
 ∕ 01-04	2nd Output Voltage Setting 1	230V: 0.1V~255.0V 460V: 0.1V~510.0V	5.0 10.0	0	0				
01-05	3rd Output Frequency Setting 1	0.00~120.00Hz	0.50	0	0				
 ∕ 01-06	3rd Output Voltage Setting 1	230V: 0.1V~255.0V 460V: 0.1V~510.0V	5.0 10.0	0	0				
01-07	4th Output Frequency Setting 1	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	0	0	0	0	0	
№ 01-08	4th Output Voltage Setting 1	230V: 0.1V~255.0V 460V: 0.1V~510.0V	0.0 0.0	0	0				
01-09	Start Frequency	0.00~120.00Hz	0.50	0	0	0	0		0
 ∕ 01-10	Output Frequency Upper Limit	0.00~120.00Hz	120.00	0	0	0	0		0
 ∕ 01-11	Output Frequency Lower Limit	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	0	0	0	0		0
 ∕ 01-12	Accel Time 1	0.00~600.00 sec/0.00~6000.0 sec	10.00/ 10.0	0	0	0	0		0
 ∕ 01-13	Decel Time 1	0.00~600.00 sec/0.00~6000.0 sec	10.00/ 10.0	0	0	0	0		0
 ∕ 01-14	Accel Time 2	0.00~600.00 sec/0.00~6000.0 sec	10.00/ 10.0	0	0	0	0		0
 ∕ 01-15	Decel Time 2	0.00~600.00 sec/0.00~6000.0 sec	10.00/ 10.0	0	0	0	0		0
 ∕ 01-16	Accel Time 3	0.00~600.00 sec/0.00~6000.0 sec	10.00/ 10.0	0	0	0	0		0
 ∕ 01-17	Decel Time 3	0.00~600.00 sec/0.00~6000.0 sec	10.00/ 10.0	0	0	0	0		0
⊮ 01-18	Accel Time 4	0.00~600.00 sec/0.00~6000.0 sec	10.00/ 10.0	0	0	0	0		0
≠ 01-19	Decel Time 4	0.00~600.00 sec/0.00~6000.0 sec	10.00/ 10.0	0	0	0	0		0
№ 01-20	JOG Acceleration Time	0.00~600.00 sec/0.00~6000.0 sec	1.00/ 1.0	0	0	0	0		0
 ∕ 01-21	JOG Deceleration Time	0.00~600.00 sec/0.00~6000.0 sec	1.00/ 1.0	0	0	0	0		0
 # 01-22	JOG Frequency	0.00~120.00Hz	6.00	0	0	0	0	0	0
≠ 01-23	Switch Frequency between 1st/4th Accel/decel	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	0	0	0	0		0
№ 01-24	S-curve for Acceleration Departure Time S1	0.00~25.00 sec/0.00~250.0 sec	0.20/0. 2	0	0	0	0		0
 # 01-25	S-curve for Acceleration Arrival Time S2	0.00~25.00 sec/0.00~250.0 sec	0.20/0. 2	0	0	0	0		0
⊮ 01-26	S-curve for Deceleration Departure Time S3	0.00~25.00 sec/0.00~250.0 sec	0.20/0.	0	0	0	0		0
 ∕ 01-27	S-curve for Deceleration Arrival Time S4	0.00~25.00 sec/0.00~250.0 sec	0.20/0.	0	0	0	0		0
01-28	Mode Selection when Frequency < Fmin	Output waiting Zero-speed operation Fmin (4th output frequency setting)	0	0	0	0			
≠ 01-29	Switch Frequency for S3/S4 Changes to S5	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	0	0	0	0		0
⊮ 01-30	S-curve for Deceleration Arrival Time S5	0.00~25.00 sec/0.00~250.0 sec	0.20/0. 2	0	0	0	0		0



Group 2 Digital Input/Output Parameters

Pr.	Explanation	Settings	Factory Setting	VF	VFPG	SVC	FOCPG	TORPG	FOCPM
02-00	2-wire/3-wire Operation Control	D: FWD/STOP, REV/STOP 1: FWD/STOP, REV/STOP (Line Start Lockout) 2: RUN/STOP, REV/FWD 3: RUN/STOP, REV/FWD (Line Start Lockout) 4: 3-wire 5: 3-wire (Line Start Lockout)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
02-01	Multi-Function Input	0: no function	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Command 1 (MI1) (it is Stop terminal for 3-wire	1: multi-step speed command 1		0	0	0	0		0
	operation)	2: multi-step speed command 2		0	0	0	0		0
02-02	Multi-Function Input	3: multi-step speed command 3	2	0	0	0	0		0
00.00	Command 2 (MI2)	4: multi-step speed command 4		0	0	0	0	_	0
02-03	Multi-Function Input Command 3 (MI3)	5: Reset 6: JOG command	3	0	0		0	0	0
02-04	Multi-Function Input	7: acceleration/deceleration speed inhibit	4		0	0			0
02 04	Command 4 (MI4)	8: the 1st, 2nd acceleration/deceleration time selection	- 7) (0			0
02-05		9: the 3rd, 4th acceleration/deceleration time selection	0	0	0	0	0		Ö
	Multi-Function Input Command 5 (MI5)	10: EF input (07-28)		Ö	0	0	Ŏ	0	Ŏ
	Command 5 (MIS)	11-12: Reserved							
02-06		13: Disable auto accel./decel. function		0	0	0	0		0
02 00	Multi-Function Input	14: Reserved	0						L
	Command 6 (MI6)	15: operation speed command form AUI1		0	0	0	0		0
00.07	M. R. E C L I	16: operation speed command form ACI	0	0	0	0	0		0
02-07	Multi-Function Input Command 7 (MI7)	17: operation speed command form AUI2	0	0	0	0	0		0
02-08	Multi-Function Input	18: Emergency Stop (07-28)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Command 8 (MI8) (specific	19-23: Reserved							
	terminal for TRG)	24: FWD JOG command		0	0	0	\circ		0
		25: REV JOG command		0	0	0	0		0
		26: Reserved		_					Ļ
		27: ASR1/ASR2 selection		0	0	0	0	_	0
		28: Emergency stop (EF1) (Motor coasts to stop) 29-30: Reserved	_	0	0	0	0	0	0
		31: High torque bias (by Pr.07-21)					$\overline{}$	\cap	
		32: Middle torque bias (by Pr.07-22)		Ö			0	0	Ö
		33: Low torque bias (by Pr.07-23)		0	0	0	0	0	0
		34-37: Reserved		Ŭ	Ť	Ť	_		Ť
		38: Disable write EEPROM function		0	0	0	0	0	0
		39: Torque command direction						0	
		40: Enable drive function		0	0	0	0	0	0
		41~43: Reserved		L				_	Ļ
⊮ 02-09	Digital Input Response Time	0.001~ 30.000 sec	0.005	0	0	0	0	0	0
⊮ 02-10	Digital Input Operation Direction	0 ~ 65535	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Multi-function Output 1 RA,	0: No function	11	0	0	0	0	0	0
₩ 02-11	RB, RC(Relay1)	1: Operation indication		0	0	0	0	0	0
	Multi-function Output 2	2: Operation speed attained	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
₩ 02-12	MRA, MRC (Relay2)	3: Desired frequency attained 1 (Pr.02-25)		0	0	0	0		0
(00.40	Multi-function Output 3	4: Desired frequency attained 2 (Pr.02-27)	0	0	0	0	0		0
№ 02-13	(MO1)	5: Zero speed (frequency command)		0	0	0	0		0
		6: Zero speed with stop (frequency command)		0	0	0	0		0
		7: Over torque (OT1) (Pr.06-05~06-07)		0	0	0	0	0	0
	M. W. Construction Control of	8: Over torque (OT2) (Pr.06-08~06-10)		0	0	0	0	0	0
⊮ 02-14	Multi-function Output 4 (MO2)	9: Drive ready	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(11102)	10: User-defined Low-voltage Detection (LV)	_	0	0	C	\circ	0	0
	Multi function Output 5	11: Malfunction indication	0	0	0	0	0	0	\circ
 ∕ 02-15	Multi-function Output 5 (MO3)	12: Mechanical brake release (Pr.02-29)	- 0	0	0) C	0	0	0
	(13: Overheat 14: Software brake signal	0		0	0		0	
									1 ()
 ∕ 02-16	Multi-function Output 6	15: Motor-controlled magnetic contactor output	0			0		0	_

Chapter 4 Parameters | V/372-VL

Pr.	Explanation	Settings	Factory Setting	VF	VFPG	SVC	FOCPG	TORPG	FOCPM
		17-18: Reserved							
		19: Brake output error		0	0	0	0	0	0
№ 02-17	Multi-function Output 7	20: Warning output	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
/ OZ-11	(MO5)	21: Over voltage warning		0	0	0	0	0	0
₩ 02-18	Multi-function Output 8	22: Over-current stall prevention warning	0	0	0	0			
	(MO6)	23: Over-voltage stall prevention warning		0	0	0	0	0	0
№ 02-19	Multi-function Output 9	24: Operation mode indication (Pr.00-15 = 0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 02-19	(MO7)	25: Forward command		0	0	0	0	0	0
★ 02-20	Multi-function Output 10	26: Reverse command	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# UZ-ZU	(MO8)	27: Output when current >= Pr.02-33		0	0	0	0	0	0
№ 02-21	Multi-function Output 11	28: Output when current < Pr.02-33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# 02-21	(MO9)	29: Output when frequency >= Pr.02-34		С	С	Ō	Ō	0	0
₩ 02-22	Multi-function Output 12	30: Output when frequency < Pr.02-34	0	С	С	Ō	Ō	Ō	0
₩ 02-22	(MO10)	31-32: Reserved					Ħ		Ė
		33: Zero speed (actual output frequency)		0	0	0	0		0
		34: Zero speed with Stop (actual output frequency)		0	0	0	0		0
		35: Error output selection 1 (Pr.06-22)		С	С	0	0	0	0
		36: Error output selection 2 (Pr.06-23)		С	С	Ō	Ō	0	0
		37: Error output selection 3 (Pr.06-24)		С	C	Õ	Ö	Ō	Ö
		38: Error output selection 4 (Pr.06-25)		С	C	Ö	Ö	0	0
		39: Reserved		_	Ĭ				Ŭ
		40: Speed attained (including zero speed)		С	С	0	0		0
		41-42: Reserved		Ė	Ė	Ť			Ė
№ 02-23	Multi-output Direction	0 ~ 65535	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
02-24	Serial Start Signal Selection	0: by FWD/REV 1: by Enable	0	0	0	0	0		0
≠ 02-25	Desired Frequency Attained 1	0.00 ~ 120.00Hz	60.00/ 50.00	0	0	0	0		0
≠ 02-26	The Width of the Desired Frequency Attained 1	0.00 ~ 120.00Hz	2.00	0	0	0	0		0
≠ 02-27	Desired Frequency Attained 2	0.00 ~ 120.00Hz	60.00/ 50.00	0	0	0	0		0
≠ 02-28	The Width of the Desired Frequency Attained 2	0.00 ~ 120.00Hz	2.00	0	0	0	0		0
02-29	Brake Release Delay Time when Elevator Starts	0.000~65.000 Sec	0.250	0	0	0	0	0	0
02-30	Brake Engage Delay Time when Elevator Stops	0.000~65.000 Sec	0.250	0	0	0	0	0	0
⊮ 02-31	Turn On Delay of Magnetic Contactor between Drive and Motor	0.000~65.000 Sec	0.200	0	0	0	0	0	0
⊮ 02-32	Turn Off Delay of Magnetic Contactor between Drive and Motor	0.000~65.000 Sec	0.200	0	0	0	0	0	0
≠ 02-33	Output Current Level Setting for External Terminals	0~100%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
≠ 02-34	Output Boundary for External Terminals	0.00~+-120.00Hz (it is motor speed when using with PG)	0.00	0	0	0	0	0	0



Group 3 Analog Input/Output Parameters

Pr.	Explanation	Settings	Factory Setting	VF	VFPG	SVC	FOCPG	TORPG	FOCPM
№ 03-00	Analog Input 1 (AUI1)	0: No function	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
 ∕ 03-01	Analog Input 2 (ACI)	1: Frequency command (torque limit under TQR control mode)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
₩ 03-02	Analog Input 3 (AUI2)	2: Torque command (torque limit under speed mode)	0					0	
		3: Torque compensation command		0	0	0	0	0	0
		4-5: Reserved							
		6: P.T.C. thermistor input value		0	0	0	0	0	0
		7: Positive torque limit					0		0
		8: Negative torque limit					0		0
		9: Regenerative torque limit					0		0
		10: Positive/negative torque limit					0		0
		11: Preload Input							0
≠ 03-03	Analog Input Bias 1 (AUI1)	-100.0~100.0%	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 # 03-03	Analog Input Bias 2 (ACI)	-100.0~100.0%	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
× 03-05	Analog Input Bias 3 (AUI2)	-100.0~100.0%	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 ∕ 03-06	Positive/negative Bias Mode	0: Zero bias	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	(AUI1) Positive/negative Bias Mode	1: Lower than bias=bias 2: Greater than bias=bias	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
≠ 03-07	(ACI)	3: The absolute value of the bias voltage while serving as the	_	Ŭ	Ü	_	_	Ŭ	Ŭ
≠ 03-08	Positive/negative Bias Mode (AUI2)	center 4: Serve bias as the center	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
№ 03-09	Analog Input Gain 1 (AUI1)	-500.0~500.0%	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
№ 03-10	Analog Input Gain 2 (ACI)	-500.0~500.0%	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 ∕ 03-11	Analog Input Gain 3 (AUI2)	-500.0~500.0%	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
⊮ 03-12	Analog Input Delay Time (AUI1)	0.00~2.00 sec	0.01	0	0	0	0	0	0
⊮ 03-13	Analog Input Delay Time (ACI)	0.00~2.00 sec	0.01	0	0	0	0	0	0
≠ 03-14	Analog Input Delay Time (AUI2)	0.00~2.00 sec	0.01	0	0	0	0	0	0
⊮ 03-15	Loss of the ACI Signal	Disable Continue operation at the last frequency Decelerate to stop Stop immediately and display E.F.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
03-16	Reserved	· · · · · ·							
03-17	Reserved								
⊮ 03-18	Analog Output Gain	0~200.0%	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
≠ 03-19	Analog Output Value in REV Direction	O: Absolute value in REV direction 1: Output 0V in REV direction 2: Enable output voltage in REV direction	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Chapter 4 Parameters | V-77-VL

Group 4 Multi-Step Speed Parameters

Pr.	Explanation		Factory Setting	VF	VFPG	SVC	FOCPG	TORPG	FOCPM
№ 04-00	Zero Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	0	0	0	0		0
№ 04-01	1st Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	0	0	0	0		0
№ 04-02	2nd Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	0	0	0	0		0
№ 04-03	3rd Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	0	0	0	0		0
№ 04-04	4th Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	0	0	0	0		0
№ 04-05	5th Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	0	0	0	0		0
№ 04-06	6th Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	0	0	0	0		0
№ 04-07	7th Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	0	0	0	0		0
№ 04-08	8th Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	0	0	0	0		0
№ 04-09	9th Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	0	0	0	0		0
№ 04-10	10th Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	0	0	0	0		0
№ 04-11	11th Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	0	0	0	0		0
№ 04-12	12th Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	0	0	0	0		0
№ 04-13	13th Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	0	0	0	0		0
№ 04-14	14th Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	0	0	0	0		0
⊮ 04-15	15th Step Speed Frequency	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	0	0	0	0		0



Group 5 IM Motor Parameters

Pr.	Explanation	Settings	Factory Setting	VF	VFPG	SVC	FOCPG	TORPG	FOCPM
05-00	Motor Auto Tuning	0: No function 1: Rolling test (Rs, Rr, Lm, Lx, no-load current) 2: Static Test	0			0	0	0	
05-01	Full-load Current of Motor	40-120%	#.##	0	0	0	0	0	
№ 05-02	Rated power of Motor	0.00~655.35kW	#.##			0	0	0	
№ 05-03	Rated speed of Motor (rpm)	0~65535	1710		0	0	0	0	
05-04	Number of Motor Poles	2~48	4	0	0	0	0	0	
05-05	No-load Current of Motor	0-100%	#.##		0	0	0	0	
05-06	Rs of Motor	0.000~65.535Ω	0.000			0	0	0	
05-07	Rr of Motor	0.000~65.535Ω	0.000			0	0	0	
05-08	Lm of Motor	0.0~6553.5mH	0.0			0	0	0	
05-09	Lx of Motor	0.0~6553.5mH	0.0			0	0	0	
⊮ 05-10	Torque Compensation Time Constant	0.001~10.000sec	0.020			0			
⊮ 05-11	Slip Compensation Time Constant	0.001~10.000sec	0.100			0			
⊮ 05-12	Torque Compensation Gain	0~10	0	0	0				
⊮ 05-13	Slip Compensation Gain	0.00~10.00	0.00	0	0	0			
№ 05-14	Slip Deviation Level	0~1000% (0: disable)	0		0	0	0		
⊮ 05-15	Detection Time of Slip Deviation	0.0~10.0 sec	1.0		0	0	0		
№ 05-16	Over Slip Treatment	0: Warn and keep operation 1: Warn and ramp to stop 2: Warn and coast to stop	0		0	0	0		
№ 05-17	Hunting Gain	0~10000 (0: disable)	2000	0	0	0			
05-18	Accumulative Motor Operation Time (Min.)	00~1439	00	0	0	0	0	0	
05-19	Accumulative Motor Operation Time (day)	00~65535	00	0	0	0	0	0	
№ 05-20	Core Loss Compensation	0~250%	10			0			_

Chapter 4 Parameters | V-77-VL

Group 6 Protection Parameters

Pr.	Explanation	Settings	Factory Setting	VF	VFPG	SVC	FOCPG	TORPG	FOCPM
₩ 06-00	Low Voltage Level	160.0~220.0Vdc	180.0	0	0	0	\circ	0	0
# 00-00		320.0~440.0Vdc	360.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
≠ 06-01	Phase-loss Protection	0: Warn and keep operation 1: Warn and ramp to stop	0	0	0	0	0	0	
⊮ 06-02	Over-current Stall Prevention during Acceleration	00: disable 00~250%	00	0	0	0			
№ 06-03	Over-current Stall Prevention during Operation	00: disable 00~250%	00	0	0	0			
№ 06-04	Accel./Decel. Time Selection of Stall Prevention at constant speed	0: by current accel/decel time 1: by the 1st accel/decel time 2: by the 2nd accel/decel time 3: by the 3rd accel/decel time 4: by the 4th accel/decel time 5: by auto accel/decel time 5: by auto accel/decel time	0	0	0	0			
№ 06-05	Over-torque Detection Selection (OT1)	O: disable 1: over-torque detection during constant speed operation, continue to operate after detection 2: over-torque detection during constant speed operation, stop operation after detection 3: over-torque detection during operation, continue to operate after detection 4: over-torque detection during operation, stop operation after detection	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
≠ 06-06	Over-torque Detection Level (OT1)	10~250%	150	0	0	0	0	0	0
≠ 06-07	Over-torque Detection Time (OT1)	0.0~60.0 sec	0.1	0	0	0	0	0	0
№ 06-08	Over-torque Detection Selection (OT2)	O: disable 1: over-torque detection during constant speed operation, continue to operate after detection 2: over-torque detection during constant speed operation, stop operation after detection 3: over-torque detection during operation, continue to operate after detection 4: over-torque detection during operation, stop operation after detection	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
≠ 06-09	Over-torque Detection Level (OT2)	10~250%	150	0	0	0	0	0	0
≠ 06-10	Over-torque Detection Time (OT2)	0.0~60.0 sec	0.1	0	0	0	0	0	0
№ 06-11	Current Limit	0~250%	150				0	0	
⊮ 06-12	Electronic Thermal Relay Selection	0: Inverter motor 1: Standard motor 2: Disable	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
≠ 06-13	Electronic Thermal Characteristic	30.0~600.0 sec	60.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
⊮ 06-14	Heat Sink Over-heat (OH) Warning	0.0~110.0℃	85.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
⊮ 06-15	Stall Prevention Limit Level	0~100% (refer to Pr.06-02, Pr.06-03)	50	0	0	0			
06-16	Present Fault Record	0: No fault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
06-17	Second Most Recent Fault Record	Over-current during acceleration (ocA) Over-current during deceleration (ocd)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
06-18	Third Most Recent Fault Record	3: Over-current during constant speed (ocn) 4: Ground fault (GFF) 5: IGBT short-circuit (occ)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
06-19	Fourth Most Recent Fault Record	6: Over-current at stop (ocs) 7: Over-voltage during acceleration (ovA)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
06-20	Fifth Most Recent Fault Record Sixth Most Recent Fault	8: Over-voltage during deceleration (ovd) 9: Over-voltage during constant speed (ovn)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
U0-21	Record	10: Over-voltage at stop (ovS)	U	0	0	0	0	0	0

		Chapte	r 4 Par	ame	ter	s	V	フ	-VL
Pr.	Explanation	Settings	Factory Setting	VF	VFPG	SVC	FOCPG	TORPG	FOCPM
		11: Low-voltage during acceleration (LVA) 12: Low-voltage during deceleration (LVA) 13: Low-voltage during constant speed (Lvn) 14: Low-voltage during constant speed (Lvn) 14: Low-voltage during constant speed (Lvn) 15: Phase loss (PHL) 16: IGBT heat sink over-heat (oH1) 17: Reserved 18: TH1 open loop error (IH1o) 19: Reserved 20: Fan error signal output 21: over-load (OL) (150% thin) 22: Motor over-load (EoL1) 23: Reserved 24: Motor PTC overheat (oH3) 25: Reserved 26: over-torque 1 (ot1) 27: over-load (EoL1) 27: over-torque 1 (ot1) 27: over-torque 1 (ot1) 29: Insufficient torque 1 29: Insufficient torque 1 20: Insufficient torque 1 20: Insufficient torque 1 21: Memory write-in error (cF1) 31: Memory read-out error (cF2) 32: Isum current detection error (cd1) 34: V-phase current detection error (cd3) 36: Clamp current detection error (Hd0) 37: Over-current detection error (Hd1) 38: Over-voltage detection error (Hd2) 39: Ground current detection error (Hd3) 40: Auto turing error (AuE) 41: PID feedback loss (PGF2) 44: PC feedback osts (PGF3) 45: PC file point error (PG71) 47: PC fer loss (PG72) 48: Analog current input error (ACE) 49: External fault input (EF) 50: Emergency stop (EF1) 51: External Base Block (B.) 52: Password error (PC0dE) 53: Reserved 54: Communication error (EE1) 55: Communication error (EE2) 56: Communication error (EE3) 57: Communication error (EE3) 57: Communication error (EE7) 58: Seferyloup error (Sry)							
№ 06-22	Fault Output Option 1	0~65535 (refer to bit table for fault code)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
≠ 06-23	Fault Output Option 2	0~65535 (refer to bit table for fault code)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
№ 06-24	Fault Output Option 3	0~65535 (refer to bit table for fault code)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
№ 06-25	Fault Output Option 4	0~65535 (refer to bit table for fault code)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
≠ 06-26	PTC (Positive Temperature Coefficient) Detection Selection	0: Warn and keep operation 1: Warn and ramp to stop	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
№ 06-27	PTC Level	0.0~100.0%	50.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
≠ 06-28	Filter Time for PTC Detection	0.00~10.00sec	0.20	0	0	0	0	0	0

Chapter 4 Parameters | V-22-VL Group 7 Special Parameters

Pr.	Explanation	Settings	Factory Setting	VF	VFPG	SVC	FOCPG	TORPG	FOCPM
№ 07-00	Software Brake Level	230V: 350.0~450.0Vdc 460V: 700.0~900.0Vdc	380.0 760.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
07-01	Brake ED Value Setting	0~100%	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
№ 07-02	DC Brake Current Level	0~100%	0	0	0	0			
≠ 07-03	DC Brake Time during Start- up	0.0~60.0 sec	0.0	0	0	0	0		0
≠ 07-04	DC Brake Time during Stopping	0.0~60.0 sec	0.0	0	0	0	0		0
≠ 07-05	Start-point for DC Brake	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	0	0	0	0		İ
≠ 07-06	DC Brake Proportional Gain	1~500Hz	50	0	0	0			
№ 07-07	Dwell Time at Accel.	0.00~600.00sec	0.00	0	0	0	0		0
≠ 07-08	Dwell Frequency at Accel.	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	0	0	0	0		0
≠ 07-09	Dwell Time at Decel.	0.00~600.00sec	0.00	0	0	0	0		0
≠ 07-10	Dwell Frequency at Decel.	0.00~120.00Hz	0.00	0	0	0	0		0
⊮ 07-11	Fan Control	Fan always ON 1: 1 minute after AC motor drive stops, fan will be OFF 2: AC motor drive runs and fan ON, AC motor drive stops and fan OFF 3: Fan ON to run when preliminary heat sink temperature attained 4: Fan always OFF	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
⊮ 07-12	Torque Command	-100.0~100.0% (Pr. 07-14 setting=100%)	0.0					0	
⊮ 07-13	Torque Command Source	0: Digital keypad (KPVL-CC01) 1: RS485 serial communication (RJ-11) 2: Analog signal (Pr.03-00)	2					0	
№ 07-14	Maximum Torque Command	0~500%	100	0	0	0	0	0	0
≠ 07-15	Filter Time of Torque Command	0.000~1.000 sec	0.000					0	
07-16	Speed Limit Selection	0: By Pr.07-17 and Pr.07-18 1: Frequency command source (Pr.00-14)	0					0	
№ 07-17	Torque Mode +Speed Limit	0~120%	10					0	
 ∕ 07-18	Torque Mode-Speed Limit	0~120%	10					0	
№ 07-19	Source of Torque Offset	0: Disable 1: Analog input (Pr.03-00) 2: Torque offset setting (Pr.07-20) 3: Control by external terminal (by Pr.07-21 to Pr.07-23)	0			0	0	0	0
№ 07-20	Torque Offset Setting	0.0~100.0%	0.0			0	0	0	0
⊮ 07-21	High Torque Offset	0.0~100.0%	30.0			0	0	0	0
№ 07-22	Middle Torque Offset	0.0~100.0%	20.0			0	0	0	0
⊮ 07-23	Low Torque Offset	0.0~100.0%	10.0			0	0	0	0
⊮ 07-24	Forward Motor Torque Limit	0~500%	200				0	0	0
≠ 07-25	Forward Regenerative Torque Limit	0~500%	200				0	0	0
№ 07-26	Reverse Motor Torque Limit	0~500%	200				0	0	0
≠ 07-27	Reverse Regenerative Torque Limit Emergency Stop (EF) &	0~500% 0: Coast to stop	200				0	0	0
№ 07-28	Forced Stop Selection	U. Coast to stop 1: By deceleration Time 1 2: By deceleration Time 2 3: By deceleration Time 3 4: By deceleration Time 4 5-6: Reserved	U	0	0	0	0	0	O



Group 8 PM Motor Parameters

Pr.	Explanation	Settings	Factory Setting	VF	VFPG	SVC	FOCPG	TORPG	FOCPM
≠ 08-00	Motor Auto Tuning	No function For the Angle between magnetic field and PG origin (00-11) For PM motor parameters	0						0
08-01	Full-load Current of Motor	40-120%	#.##						0
≠ 08-02	Rated power of Motor	0.00~655.35 kW	#.##						0
≠ 08-03	Rated speed of Motor (rpm)	0~65535	1710						0
08-04	Number of Motor Poles	2~48	4						0
08-05	Rs of Motor	0.000~65.535Ω	0.000						0
08-06	Ld of Motor	0.0~6553.5mH	0.0						0
08-07	Lq of Motor	0.0~6553.5mH	0.0						0
08-08	Reserved								
08-09	Magnetic Field Re- orientation	0: Disable 1: Enable	0						0
08-10	Angle between Magnetic Field and PG Origin	0-360.0°	360						0

Chapter 4 Parameters | V-77-VL

Group 9 Communication Parameters

Pr.	Explanation	Settings	Factory Setting	VF	VFPG	SVC	FOCPG	TORPG	FOCPM
≠ 09-00	Communication Address	1~254	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
 ₩ 09-01	Transmission Speed	4.8~115.2Kbps	9.6	0	0	0	0	0	0
⊮ 09-02	Transmission Fault Treatment	Warn and keep operation Warn and ramp to stop Reserved No action and no display	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
≠ 09-03	Time-out Detection	0.0~100.0 sec	0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0
× 09-04	Communication Protocol	0: 7N1 (ASCII) 1: 7N2 (ASCII) 2: 7E1 (ASCII) 2: 7E1 (ASCII) 3: 701 (ASCII) 5: 702 (ASCII) 5: 702 (ASCII) 6: 8N1 (ASCII) 7: 8N2 (ASCII) 7: 8N2 (ASCII) 8: 8E1 (ASCII) 9: 801 (ASCII) 11: 802 (ASCII) 11: 802 (ASCII) 11: 802 (ASCII) 11: 802 (ASCII) 11: 81: 81: (RTU) 14: 8E1 (RTU) 16: 8E2 (RTU) 17: 802 (RTU)	13	0	0	0	0	0	0
≠ 09-05	Response Delay Time	0.0~200.0ms	2.0	0	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	0
09-06 	Reserved								

09-09



Group 10 Speed Feedback Control Parameters

Pr.	Explanation	Settings	Factory Setting	VF	VFPG	SVC	FOCPG	TORPG	FOCPM
10-00	PG Card Type	0: No function 1: ABZ 2: ABZ+UVW 3: Heidenhain Absolute Position 1	0		0		0	0	0
10-01	Encoder Pulse	1~20000	600		0		0	0	0
10-02	Encoder Input Type Setting	O: Disable 1: Phase A leads in a forward run command and phase B leads in a reverse run command 2: Phase B leads in a forward run command and phase A leads in a reverse run command 3: Phase A is a pulse input and phase B is a direction input. (low input=reverse direction, high input=forward direction) 4: Phase A is a pulse input and phase B is a direction input. (low input=forward direction) 5: Single-phase input	0		0		0	0	0
⊮ 10-03	PG Feedback Fault Treatment	0: Warn and keep operation 1: Warn and ramp to stop 2: Warn and stop operation	2		0		0	0	0
⊮ 10-04	Detection Time for PG Feedback Fault	0.00~10.0 sec	1.0		0		0	0	0
№ 10-05	PG Stall Level	0~120% (0: disable)	115		0	0	0		0
№ 10-06	PG Stall Detection Time	0.0~2.0 sec	0.1		0	0	0		0
⊮ 10-07	PG Slip Range	0~50% (0: disable)	50		0	0	0		0
⊮ 10-08	PG Slip Detection Time	0.0~10.0 sec	0.5		0	0	0		0
⊮ 10-09	PG Stall and Slip Error Treatment	0: Warn and keep operation 1: Warn and ramp to stop 2: Warn and coast to stop	2		0	0	0		0
10-10	Reserved								
⊮ 10-11	ASR (Auto Speed Regulation) Control (P) of Zero Speed	0.0~500.0%	100.0	0	0	0	0		0
⊮ 10-12	ASR (Auto Speed Regulation) Control (I) of Zero Speed	0.000~10.000 sec	0.100	0	0	0	0		0
⊮ 10-13	ASR (Auto Speed Regulation) Control (P) 1	0.0~500.0%	100.0	0	0	0	0		0
⊮ 10-14	ASR (Auto Speed Regulation) Control (I) 1	0.000~10.000 sec	0.100	0	0	0	0		0
⊮ 10-15	ASR (Auto Speed Regulation) Control (P) 2 ASR (Auto Speed	0.0~500.0% 0.000~10.000 sec	100.0 0.100	0	0	0	0		0 0
⊮ 10-16	Regulation) Control (I) 2 ASR 1/ASR2 Switch	0.000~10.000 sec 0.00~120.00Hz (0: disable)	7.00	0	0	0	0		0
⊮ 10-17	Frequency ASR Primary Low Pass	0.00~120.00H2 (0. disable)	0.008	0	0	0	0		0
⊮ 10-18	Filter Gain Zero Speed Gain	0~655.00%	80.00						0
№ 10-19	Zero Speed/ASR1 Width Adjustment	0.0~120.00Hz	5.00		0	-	0	-	0
⊮ 10-21	ASR1/ASR2 Width Adjustment	0.0~120.00Hz	5.00		0		0		0

Chapter 4 Parameters | VFT-VL Group 11 Advanced Parameters

Pr.	Explanation	Settings	Factory Setting	VF	VFPG	SVC	FOCPG	TORPG	FOCPM
№ 11-00	System Control	Bit 0=0: disable Bit 0=1: ASR Auto tuning, PDFF enable Bit 7=1: When position control is enabled, it doesn't need to set Pr.07-02 (DC Brake Current Level)	0				0		0
⊮ 11-01	Elevator Speed	0.10~3.00 m/s	1.00				0		0
	Sheave Diameter	100~2000 mm	400				0		0
⊮ 11-03	Mechanical Gear Ratio	1~100	1				0		0
	Suspension Ratio	1: 1:1 2: 2:1	1				0		0
⊮ 11-05	Inertial Ratio	1~300%	40				0		0
⊮ 11-06	Zero-speed Bandwidth	0~40Hz	10				0		0
	Low-speed Bandwidth	0~40Hz	10				0		0
⊮ 11-08	High-speed Bandwidth	0~40Hz	10				0		0
⊮ 11-09	PDFF Gain Value	0~200%	30				0		0
⊮ 11-10	Gain for Speed Feed Forward	0~500	0				0		0
⊮ 11-11	Notch Filter Depth	0~20db	0				0		0
⊮ 11-12	Notch Filter Frequency	0.00~200.00Hz	0.00				0		0
⊮ 11-13	Low-pass Filter Time of Keypad Display	0.001~65.535ms	0.500	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Motor Current at Accel.	50~200%	150						0
11-15	Elevator Acceleration	0.60~2.00m/s	0.75						0
11-16	Reserved								
11-17	Reserved								
11-18	Reserved								



Group 12 User-defined Parameters

Pr.	Explanation		Factory Setting	Λ	VFPG	SVC	FOCPG	TORPG	FOCPM
12-00 12-31	User-defined Parameters	Pr.00-00 to Pr.11-17	-	0	0	0	0	0	0

Chapter 4 Parameters | V/57-VL Group 13 View User-defined Parameters

Pr.	Explanation		Factory Setting	ΑF	VFPG	SAC	FOCPG	TORPG	FOCPM
	View User-defined Parameters	Pr.00-00 to Pr.11-17	1	0	0	0	0	0	0



4.2 Description of Parameter Settings

Group 0 User Parameters ★: This parameter can be set during operation.

						3 -1
00-00	Identity	Code of t	the AC	Motor D	rive	
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: ##
	Settings	Read	d Only			_
00-01	Rated C	urrent Di	isplay c	of the AC	Motor Drive	_
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: ##
	Settings	Read	d Only			

- Ш Pr. 00-00 displays the identity code of the AC motor drive. The capacity, rated current, rated voltage and the max. carrier frequency relate to the identity code. Users can use the following table to check how the rated current, rated voltage and max. carrier frequency of the AC motor drive correspond to the identity code.
- Ш Pr.00-01 displays the rated current of the AC motor drive. By reading this parameter the user can check if the AC motor drive is correct

			230V	Series		
kW	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22
HP	7.5	10	15	20	25	30
Pr.00-00	12	14	16	18	20	22
Rated Current for Constant Torque (A)	21.9	27.1	41	53	70	79
Rated Current for Variable Torque (A)	25	31	47	60	80	90
Max. Carrier Frequency		12kHz			9kHz	

			460V	Series		
kW	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22
HP	7.5	10	15	20	25	30
Pr.00-00	13	15	17	19	21	23
Rated Current for Constant Torque (A)	12.3	15.8	21	27	34	41
Rated Current for Variable Torque (A)	14	18	24	31	39	47
Max. Carrier Frequency		12kHz			9kHz	

Control mode	VF \	VFPG	svc	FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0
mode	Settings	0	No Fund	etion	
	J	1	Read O	nly	
		8	Keypad	Lock	
		9	All para	meters are reset to factory settings (50Hz, 2	20V/380V)
		10	All para	meters are reset to factory settings (60Hz, 2	20V/440V)
u u	/hen it is se	et to 1	I, all para	meters are read only except Pr.00-00~00-0	7 and it can be used
W	ith passwo	ord se	tting for p	password protection.	
ш т	his parame	eter al	lows the	user to reset all parameters to the factory se	ettings except the fault
re	ecords (Pr.	06-16	~ Pr.06-	21).	
50)Hz: Pr.01-	-01 is	set to 50	Hz and Pr.01-02 is set to 230V or 400V.	
60)Hz: Pr.01-	-01 is	set to 60	Hz and Pr.01-02 is set to 230Vor 460V.	
u u	/hen Pr.00	-02=0	8, the KF	PVL-CC01 keypad is locked and only Pr.00-	02 can be set. To unloc
th	ie keypad,	set P	r.00-02=0	00.	
u w	/hen Pr.00	-02 is	set to 1,	Pr.00-02 setting should be set to 0 before s	etting to other setting.
00-03	✓ Start-u	p Dis	play Sele	ction	<u> </u>
Control mode	VF \	VFPG	svc	FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0
	Cottingo	0	Display 1	the frequency command value. (LED F)	
	Settings				
	Settings	1	Display 1	the actual output frequency (LED H)	
	Settings	1 2		the actual output frequency (LED H) the output current (A)	
	Settings		Display		
ш ті		2	Display t	the output current (A)	plied to the drive.
□ TI 00-04	his parame	2 3 eter de	Display to Multifund etermines	the output current (A)	plied to the drive.
	his parame	2 3 eter de	Display to Multifund etermines	the output current (A) ction display, see Pr.00-04 s the start-up display page after power is ap	
00-04 Control	his parame	2 3 eter dent of M	Display to Multifund etermines Multi-Fund svc	the output current (A) ction display, see Pr.00-04 s the start-up display page after power is ap	
00-04 Control	his parame	2 3 eter do nt of N VFPG	Display to Multifund etermines Multi-Fund svc	the output current (A) ction display, see Pr.00-04 s the start-up display page after power is ap ction Display FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM ne output current in A supplied to the motor	Factory setting: 0
00-04 Control	his parame	2 3 eter do nt of M	Display to Multifund etermines svc Display the Reservectors	the output current (A) ction display, see Pr.00-04 s the start-up display page after power is ap ction Display FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM ne output current in A supplied to the motor	Factory setting:

✓ Conten

nt of	Multi-Function Display	
3	Display the actual DC BUS voltage in VDC of the AC motor drive	U: DC BUS Sa 255. 3Vol t
4	Display the output voltage in VAC of terminals U, V, W to the motor.	U: Out put Voltage So 0. 0Volt
5	Display the power factor angle in $^{\rm o}$ of terminals U, V, W to the motor.	U: Power Angle So 0. 0d eg
6	Display the output power in kW of terminals U, V and W to the motor.	U: Out put Power So 0.000KW
7	Display the actual motor speed in rpm (enabled when using with PG card).	U: Mot or Speed So 0RPM
8	Display the estimated value of torque in kg-m as it relates to current.	U: Tor que So 0. 0Nt - M
9	Display PG position	U: PG Feedback So 1567
10	Reserved	
11	Display the signal of AUI1 analog input terminal in %. Range 0~10V corresponds to 0~100%. (1.)	U: AUI 1 Sa 0.3%
12	Display the signal of ACI analog input terminal in %. Range 4~20mA/0~10V corresponds to 0~100%. (2.)	U: ACI Se 0.0%
13	Display the signal of AUI2 analog input terminal in %. Range -10V~10V corresponds to 0~100%. (3.)	U: AUI 2 So 0.3%
14	Display the temperature of heat sink in °C.	U: Heat Sink So 0.0 C
15	Display the temperature of IGBT in °C.	U:IGBT Temp Se 41.3 C
16	Display digital input status ON/OFF (i)	U: DI ON/ OFF Stat So 0000
17	Display digital output status ON/OFF (o)	U: DO ON/ OFF St at So 0000
18	Display multi-step speed	U: Multi-Speed Sa 0

19 The corresponding CPU pin status of digital input (i.)

U: DI Pin Status So FFFF

00-04

✓ Content of Multi-Function Display

The corresponding CPU pin status of digital output (o.)

U: DO Pin Status

21

Reserved

23

24 Output AC voltage when malfunction (8)

U: Error Vout So 0. OVac

25 Output DC voltage when malfunction (8.)

U: Error Vbus So 256. 4Vdc

26 Output frequency when malfunction (h)

U: Error Fout So 0.00Hz

27 Output current when malfunction (4)

U: Error Current So 0.00Amps

28 Output frequency command when malfunction (h.)

U: Error Fcmd So 0.00Amps

It is used to display the content when LED U is ON. It is helpful for getting the AC motor drive's status by this parameter.

Terminal	MI14	MI13	MI12	MI11	MI10	MI9	MI8	MI7	MI6	MI5	MI4	MI3	MI2	MI1	REV	FWD
Status	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0

0: OFF, 1: ON

MI1: Pr.02-01 is set to 1 (multi-step speed command 1)

MI8: Pr.02-08 is set to 8 (the 1st, 2nd acceleration/deceleration time selection)

If REV, MI1 and MI8 are ON, the value is 0000 0000 1000 01102 in binary and 0086H in HEX. At the meanwhile, if Pr.00-04 is set to "14" or "17", it will display "0086" with LED U is ON on the keypad KPVL-CC01. The setting 14 is the status of digital input and the setting 17 is the corresponding CPU pin status of digital input. User can set to 14 to monitor digital input status and then set to 17 to check if the wire is normal.

Ī	Terminal		Rese	erved			Rese	erved			Rese	rved		MO2	MO1	RA	MRA
Ī	Status	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0

MRA: Pr.02-11 is set to 9 (Drive ready).

After applying the power to the AC motor drive, if there is no other abnormal status, the contact will be ON. At the meanwhile, if Pr.00-04 is set to 15 or 18, it will display 0001 with



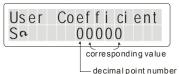
LED U is ON on the keypad. The setting 15 is the status of digital output and the setting 18 is the corresponding CPU pin status of digital output. User can set 15 to monitor the digital output status and then set to 18 to check if the wire if normal.

00-05	∦ Use	r Define	ed Coeff	ficient K					
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0				
	Settin	gs	Digit 4	Digit 4: decimal point number (0 to 3)					
			Digit 0	9-3: 40 to 9999					

Ш It is used digital setting method

Digital 4: decimal point number (0: no decimal point, 1: 1 decimal point and so on.)

Digit 0-3: 40 to 9999 (the corresponding value for the max. frequency).



- Ш For example, if use uses rpm to display the motor speed and the corresponding value to the 4pole motor 60Hz is 1800. This parameter can be set to 01800 to indicate that the corresponding value for 60Hz is 1800rpm. If the unit is rps, it can be set 10300 to indicate the corresponding value for 60Hz is 30.0 (a decimal point).
- Ш Only frequency setting can be displayed by the corresponding value.
- Ш After setting Pr.00-05, it won't display the unit of frequency "Hz" after returning to the main menu

00-06	Software Ve	oftware Version										
Control mode	VF VFF	eg svc	FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: Read Only								
	Settings	Read O	nly									
	Display	#.##										
	_											
00-07		Input		Unit: 1								

00-07		word Inp	ut				Unit	1
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM	Factory setting:	0
'	Settings	1	to 9998	and 100	000 to 65	5535		_
	Display	Display 0~2 (times of wrong password)						_

Chapter 4 Parameters | V=V=V-VL

- The function of this parameter is to input the password that is set in Pr.00-08. Input the correct password here to enable changing parameters. You are limited to a maximum of 3 attempts.

 After 3 consecutive failed attempts, a fault code "Password Error" will show up to force the
- user to restart the AC motor drive in order to try again to input the correct password.

 When forgetting password, you can decode by setting 9999 and press button twice.

 Please note that all the settings will be set to factory setting.

80-00	⊮ Passv	vord Set						Unit: 1
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM	F	actory setting: 0
	Settings	11	to 9998	and 100	00 to 65	535		
	Display	0		No pass	sword se	et or succe	essful input in Pr. 00-07	
		1		Passwo	rd has b	een set		

To set a password to protect your parameter settings.

If the display shows 0, no password is set or password has been correctly entered in Pr.00-07. All parameters can then be changed, including Pr.00-08.

The first time you can set a password directly. After successful setting of password the display will show 1.

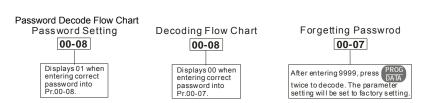
Be sure to record the password for later use.

To cancel the parameter lock, set the parameter to 0 after inputting correct password into Pr. 00-07.

The password consists of min. 2 digits and max. 5 digits.

- How to make the password valid again after decoding by Pr.00-07:
 - Method 1: Re-input original password into Pr.00-08 (Or you can enter a new password if you want to use a changed or new one).

Method 2: After rebooting, password function will be recovered.



00-09	Control	Method					
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG TO	RPG FOCPM		
							Factory Setting: 0
	Settings	0	V/f o	control			
		1	V/f -	Encoder (V	(FPG)		
		2	Sen	sorless vect	or control (SVC)		
		3	FOO	vector cont	trol + Encoder (FOC	CPG)	
		4	Tord	que control +	Encoder (TQRPG)		
		8	FOO	PM control	(FOCPM)		

This parameter determines the control method of the AC motor drive:

Setting 0: user can design V/f ratio by requirement and control multiple motors simultaneously.

Setting 1: User can use PG card with Encoder to do close-loop speed control.

Setting 2: To have optimal control characteristic by auto-tuning.

Setting 3: To increase torque and control speed precisely. (1:1000)

Setting 4: To increase accuracy for torque control.

Setting 8: To increase torque and control speed precisely. (1:1000). This setting is only for using with permanent magnet motor and others are for induction motor.

00-10	Reserved
00-11	Reserved

			_		
00-12	Carrier	Frequer	псу		Unit: 1
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG TQRPG FOO	Factory setting: 15
	Settinas	2~1	5KHz		

This parameter determinates the PWM carrier frequency of the AC motor drive.

				230V/460	ov s	eries		
Models			7.5-15HP 5.5-11kW			20-30HP 15-22kW		
Setting Ran	ige		2~15kl	⟨Hz 2~1			5kHz	
Factory Sett	ing		12kHz			9kHz		
		rrier uency	Acoustic Noise	Electromagn Noise or Leak Current		Heat Dissipation	Current Wave	
	2k		Significant	Minimal		Minimal	-	

2kHz Significant Minimal Minimal Wave

15kHz Minimal Significant Significant

From the table, we see that the PWM carrier frequency has a significant influence on the electromagnetic noise, AC motor drive heat dissipation, and motor acoustic noise.

00-13	 ∕ Auto	✓ Auto Voltage Regulation (AVR) Function							
Control mode	VF	VFPG	SVC FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0					
	Settings	0	Enable AVR						
		1	Disable AVR						
		2	Disable AVR when deceleration stop						

- It is used to select the AVR mode. AVR is used to regulate the output voltage to the motor. For example, if V/f curve is set to AC200V/50Hz and the input voltage is from 200 to 264VAC, the output voltage won't excess AC200V/50Hz. If the input voltage is from 180 to 200V, the output voltage to the motor and the input voltage will be in direct proportion.
- When setting Pr.00-13 to 1 during ramp to stop and used with auto accel./decel. function, the acceleration will be smoother and faster.



00-14	⊮ Sour	ce of the	Master Frequency Command	
Control mode	VF	VFPG	SVC FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 1
	Settings	0	Digital keypad (KPVL-CC01)	
		1	RS-485 serial communication	
		2	External analog input (Pr. 03-00)	
		3	Digital terminals input	

Ш This parameter determines the drive's master frequency source.

00-15	∦ Source	✓ Source of the Operation Command						
Control mode	VF	VFPG	SVC FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 1				
	Settings	0	Digital keypad (KPVL-CC01)					
		1	External terminals.					
		2	RS-485 serial communication (RJ-11).					

- \square VFD-VL series is shipped without digital keypad and users can use external terminals or RS-485 to control the operation command.
- When the LED PU is light, the operation command can be controlled by the optional digital keypad (KPVL-CC01). Refer to appendix B for details.

Group 1 Basic Parameters

01-00	Maxim	num Outp	Unit: 0.01						
Contro	v :	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM	Factory setting: 60.00/50.00		
	Settings 10.00 to 120.00Hz								
ш 1	This parameter determines the AC motor drive's Maximum Output Frequency. All the AC								

This parameter determines the AC motor drive's Maximum Output Frequency. All the AC motor drive frequency command sources (analog inputs 0 to +10V, 4 to 20mA and -10V to +10V) are scaled to correspond to the output frequency range.

01-01	1st Out	tput Frequ	uency S	Setting 1	Unit: 0.01
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 60.00/50.00
	Settings 0.00~120.0)~120.00Hz		

- It is for the base frequency and motor rated frequency.
- This value should be set according to the rated frequency of the motor as indicated on the motor nameplate. If the motor is 60Hz, the setting should be 60Hz. If the motor is 50Hz, it should be set to 50Hz.

01-02	1st Outp	ut Volta	age Set	ting 1	Unit: 0.1
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	
	Settings	230V	series	0.1 to 255.0V	Factory Setting: 220.0
		460V	series	0.1 to 510.0V	Factory Setting: 440.0

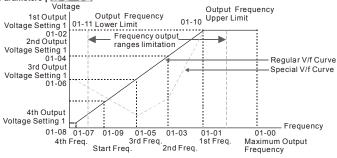
- lt is for the base frequency and motor rated frequency.
- This value should be set according to the rated voltage of the motor as indicated on the motor nameplate. If the motor is 220V, the setting should be 220.0. If the motor is 200V, it should be set to 200.0.
- There are many motor types in the market and the power system for each country is also difference. The economic and convenience method to solve this problem is to install the AC motor drive. There is no problem to use with the different voltage and frequency and also can amplify the original characteristic and life of the motor.

01-03	2nd Output	Frequency Setting 1	Unit: 0.01
Control mode	VF VF	PG	Factory setting: 0.50
	Settings	0.00~120.00Hz	

	_			Chapter 4 Parameters V/32-VI
01-04	 ∕2nd Oı	utput Voltage Setting	1	Unit: 0.1
Control mode	VF	VFPG		
	Settings	230V series	0.1 to 255.0V	Factory Setting: 5.0
		460V series	0.1 to 510.0V	Factory Setting: 10.0
01-05	3rd Outp	ut Frequency Setting	1	Unit: 0.01
Control mode	VF	VFPG		Factory setting: 0.50
	Settings	0.00~120.00Hz		
01-06	 ∕3rd Ou	ıtput Voltage Setting	1	Unit: 0.1
Control mode	VF	VFPG		
	Settings	230V series	0.1 to 255.0V	Factory Setting: 5.0
		460V series	0.1 to 510.0V	Factory Setting: 10.0
01-07	4th Outp	ut Frequency Setting	1	Unit: 0.01
Control mode	VF	VFPG SVC FOCP	G TQRPG	
	Settings	0.00~120.00Hz		Factory Setting: 0.00
01-08	⊮4th Oι	tput Voltage Setting	1	Unit: 0.1
Control mode	VF	VFPG		
	Settings	230V series	0.1 to 255.0V	Factory Setting: 0.0
		460V series	0.1 to 510.0V	Factory Setting: 0.0

- V/f curve setting is usually set by the motor's allowable loading characteristics. Pay special attention to the motor's heat dissipation, dynamic balance, and bearing lubricity, if the loading characteristics exceed the loading limit of the motor.
- For the V/f curve setting, it should be Pr.01-01≥ Pr.01-03≥ Pr.01-05≥ Pr.01-07. There is no limit for the voltage setting, but a high voltage at the low frequency may cause motor damage, overheat, stall prevention or over-current protection. Therefore, please use the low voltage at the low frequency to prevent motor damage.





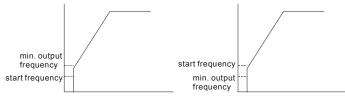
V/f Curve

01-09	Start Fre	equency	Unit: 0.01			
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	FOCPM	Factory setting: 0.50
	Settings	0.0	0~120	.00Hz		

To distinguish which frequency should be start frequency, it needs to compare the value of min.

output frequency and start frequency. The larger value will be start frequency.

When min. output frequency > start frequency When start frequency > min. output frequency

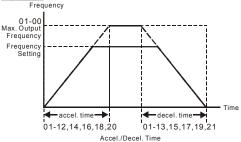


01-10	⊮ Outp	ut Freque	ency Up	per Limit	Unit: 0.01
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 120.00
	Setting	s 0.0	00~120	.00Hz	
01-11	⊮ Outp	ut Freque	ency Lo	wer Limit	Unit: 0.01
01-11 Control mode	y Outp	ut Freque	svc	FOCPG FOCPM	Unit: 0.01 Factory setting: 0.00

The upper/lower output frequency setting is used to limit the actual output frequency. If the frequency setting is lower than the start-up frequency, it will run with zero speed. If the frequency setting is higher than the upper limit, it will runs with the upper limit frequency. If output frequency lower limit > output frequency upper limit, this function is invalid.

					C	hapter 4 Parameters	VFD-VL
01-12		. Time 1				Ur	it: 0.01/0.1
01-13	⊮ Dece	I. Time 1				Ur	it: 0.01/0.1
Contro mode	l vF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG FOCPM		Factory setting:	10.00/10.0
	Settings	3 0.0	00~600	.00 sec/0.00~600	00.0 sec		
01-14	∦ Accel	. Time 2				Un	nit: 0.01/0.1
01-15	∦ Dece	I. Time 2				Ur	it: 0.01/0.1
Contro mode	l vF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG FOCPM		Factory setting:	10.00/10.0
	Settings	3 0.0	00~600	.00 sec/0.00~600	00.0 sec		
01-16	∦ Accel	. Time 3				Un	nit: 0.01/0.1
01-17	∦ Dece	I. Time 3				Ur	nit: 0.01/0.1
Contro mode	l VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG FOCPM		Factory setting:	10.00/10.0
	Settings	3 0.0	00~600	.00 sec/0.00~600	00.0 sec		
01-18	∦ Accel	. Time 4				Ur	nit: 0.01/0.1
01-19	∦ Dece	I. Time 4				Ur	nit: 0.01/0.1
Contro mode	l VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG FOCPM		Factory setting:	10.00/10.0
_	Settings	3 0.0	00~600	.00 sec/0.00~600	00.0 sec		
01-20	⊮ JOG	Accelera	tion Tir	ne		Ur	it: 0.01/0.1
01-21	⊮ JOG	Decelera	tion Tir	me		Un	it: 0.01/0.1
Contro mode	l VF	VFPG	SVC	FOCPG FOCPM		Factory setting	g: 1.00/1.0
	Settings	s 0.0	00~600	.00 sec/0.00~600	00.0 sec		
1	he Accele	ration Ti	me is u	sed to determine	the time required fo	r the AC motor driv	e to ramp
f	rom 0Hz to	Maximu	ım Out _l	out Frequency (P	r.01-00).		
a 1	he Decele	eration Ti	me is u	sed to determine	the time require for	the AC motor drive	e to
c	lecelerate	from the	Maxim	um Output Frequ	ency (Pr.01-00) dow	n to 0Hz.	
Ω 1	he Accele	ration/De	ecelera	tion Time 1, 2, 3,	4 are selected acco	rding to the Multi-fu	unction Input
7	erminals s	settings.	The fac	tory settings are	acceleration time 1	and deceleration ti	me 1.
		•		, ,	of the load and the		
	•	•	•	•			ū
			•		·	•	
			•		torque limit and stall	•	n. When it

Chapter 4 Parameters | V/-72-VL

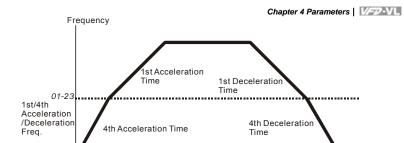


01-22	 ∕JOG I	✓ JOG Frequency Uni								
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM	Factory setting: 6.00			
	Settings	0.00)~120.0	0Hz						

Both external terminal JOG and key "JOG" on the keypad can be used. When the jog command is ON, the AC motor drive will accelerate from 0Hz to jog frequency (Pr.01-22). When the jog command is OFF, the AC motor drive will decelerate from Jog Frequency to zero. The used Accel./Decel. time is set by the Jog Accel./Decel. time (Pr.01-20, Pr.01-21). The JOG command can't be executed when the AC motor drive is running. In the same way, when the JOG command is executing, other operation commands are invalid except forward/reverse commands and STOP key on the digital keypad.

01-23	✓ Switch	h Frequ	ency be	etween 1	Unit: 0.01	
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	Factory setting: 0.00	
	Settings	0.00	~120.0	0Hz		

- This parameter selects the frequency point for transition from acceleration/deceleration time 1 to acceleration/deceleration time 4.
- The transition from acceleration/deceleration time 1 to acceleration/deceleration time 4, may also be enabled by the external terminals (Pr. 02-01 to 02-08). The external terminal has priority over Pr. 01-23.



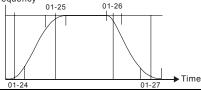
1st/4th Acceleration/Deceleration Switching

01-24	✓S-curve for Acceleration Departure Time S1	Unit: 0.01/0.1
01-25		Unit: 0.01/0.1
Control mode	VF VFPG SVC FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0.20/0.2
	Settings 0.00~25.00 sec /0.00~250.0 sec	
01-26		Unit: 0.01/0.1
01-27		Unit: 0.01/0.1
01-30		Unit: 0.01/0.1
Control mode	VF VFPG SVC FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0.20/0.2
	Settings 0.00~25.00 sec /0.00~250.0 sec	

- It is used to give the smoothest transition between speed changes. The accel./decel. curve can adjust the S-curve of the accel./decel. When it is enabled, the drive will have different accel./decel. curve by the accel./decel. time.
- The Actual Accel. Time = selected accel. Time + (Pr.01-24 + Pr.01-25)/2

 The Actual Decel. Time = selected decel. Time + (Pr.01-26 + Pr.01-27 + Pr.01-30)/2

 Frequency

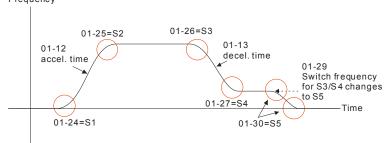


01-29	✓ Switch	h Frequ	ency fo	r S3/S4 (Changes to S5	Unit: 0.01
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	FOCPM	Factory setting: 0.00
	Settings	0.00	0~120.0	0Hz		

Time

Chapter 4 Parameters | V/=72-VL

- It is used to set the switch frequency between S4 and S5 for smooth stop.
- It is recommended to set this parameter to the leveling speed of elevator.
 Frequency



01-28	Mode S	Mode Selection when Frequency< Fmin								
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	Factory setting: 0						
	Settings	0	Output Waiting	_						
	1		Zero-speed operation							
		2	Fmin (4th output frequency setting)							

- When the AC motor drive is at 0Hz, it will operate by this parameter.
- When it is set to 1 or 2, voltage will be output by Fmin corresponding output voltage.



Group 2 Digital Input/Output Parameters

02-00	2-wire/3-wire Operation Control					
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0	
	Settings	0	F'	WD/STOP, REV/STOP		
		1	F	WD/STOP, REV/STOP (Line Start Lockout)		
		2	R	UN/STOP, REV/FWD		
		3	R	UN/STOP, REV/FWD (Line Start Lockout)		
		4	3-	wire		
		5	3-	wire (Line Start Lockout)		

- Ш Three of the six methods include a "Line Start Lockout" feature. When line start lockout is enabled, the drive will not run once applying the power. The Line Start Lockout feature doesn't guarantee the motor will never start under this condition. It is possible the motor may be set in motion by a malfunctioning switch.
- Ш This parameter is used to control operation from external terminals. There are three different control modes

02-00	Control Circuits of the External Terminal				
0, 1 2-wire operation control (1) FWD/STOP REV/STOP	FWD/STOP REV/STOP OCO REV:("OPEN":STOP) REV:("OPEN":STOP) ("CLOSE": REV) DCM VFD-VL				
2, 3 2-wire operation control (2) RUN/STOP REV/FWD	RUN/STOP FWD/REV FWD/REV FWD/REV FWD:("OPEN":STOP) ("CLOSE":RUN) REV:("OPEN":FWD) ("CLOSE": REV) DCM VFD-VL				
4, 5 3-wire operation control	STOP RUN MI1 "OPEN": STOP REV/FWD REV/FWD "CLOSE": RUN MI2 "OPEN": FWD "CLOSE": REV DCM VFD-VL				

02-01

Multi-Function Input Command 1 (MI1) (it is Stop terminal for 3-wire operation)

Factory Setting: 1

Chapter -	4 Parameters V/772-VL	
02-02	Multi-Function Input Command 2 (MI2)	
		Factory Setting: 2
02-03	Multi-Function Input Command 3 (MI3)	
		Factory Setting: 3
02-04	Multi-Function Input Command 4 (MI4)	
		Factory Setting: 4
02-05	Multi-Function Input Command 5 (MI5)	
		Factory Setting: 0
02-06	Multi-Function Input Command 6 (MI6)	
,		Factory Setting: 0
02-07	Multi-Function Input Command 7 (MI7)	
		Factory Setting: 0
02-08	Multi-Function Input Command 8 (MI8)	
02-06	(specific terminal for TRG)	
		Factory Setting: 0
	Settings 0-43	

Settings	Control Mode					
Settings	VF	VFPG	SVC	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM
0: no function	0	0	0	0	0	0
1: multi-step speed command 1	0	0	0	0		0
2: multi-step speed command 2	0	0	0	0		0
3: multi-step speed command 3	0	0	0	0		0
4: multi-step speed command 4	0	0	0	0		0
5: Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0
6: JOG command	0	0	0	0		0
7: acceleration/deceleration speed inhibit	0	0	0	0		0
8: the 1st, 2nd acceleration/deceleration time selection	0	0	0	0		0
9: the 3rd, 4th acceleration/deceleration time selection	0	0	0	0		0
10: EF input (07-28)	0	0	0	0	0	0
11-12: Reserved						
13: Disable auto accel./decel. function		0	0	0		0
14: Reserved						
15: operation speed command form AUI1		0	0	0		0
16: operation speed command form ACI		0	0	0		0
17: operation speed command form AUI2		0	0	0		0
18: Emergency Stop (07-28)		0	0	0	0	0
19-23: Reserved						
24: FWD JOG command		0	0	0		0
25: REV JOG command		0	0	0		0
26: Reserved						
27: ASR1/ASR2 selection	0	0	0	0		0
28: Emergency stop (EF1) (Motor coasts to stop)		0	0	0	0	0
29-30: Reserved						
31: High torque bias (by Pr.07-21)	0	0	0	0	0	0
32: Middle torque bias (by Pr.07-22)		0	0	0	0	0

			Onapt.	ci + i aiai	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Settings		Control Mode					
Settings	VF	VFPG	SVC	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM	
33: Low torque bias (by Pr.07-23)	0	0	0	0	0	0	
34-37: Reserved							
38: Disable write EEPROM function	0	0	0	0	0	0	
39: Torque command direction					0		
40: Enable drive function	0	0	0	0	0	0	
41-43: Reserved							

- This parameter selects the functions for each multi-function terminal.
- If Pr.02-00 is set to 3-wire operation control. Terminal MI1 is for STOP terminal. Therefore, MI1 is not allowed for any other operation.

Settings	Functions	Descriptions				
0	No Function					
1	Multi-step speed command 1					
2	Multi-step speed command 2	15 step speeds could be conducted through the digital statuses of the 4 terminals, and 17 in total if the master speed and JOG are included. (Refer to Pr. 04-00~04-1				
3	Multi-step speed command 3					
4	Multi-step speed command 4					
5	Reset	After the error of the drive is eliminated, use this terminal to reset the drive.				
6	JOG Command	JOG operation				
7	Acceleration/deceleration Speed Inhibit	When this function is enabled, acceleration and deceleration is stopped and the AC motor drive starts to accel./decel. from the inhibit point.				
8	The 1 st , 2 nd acceleration or deceleration time selection	The acceleration/deceleration time of the drive could be selected from this function or the digital statuses of the terminals; there are 4 acceleration/deceleration				
9	The 3 rd , 4 th acceleration or deceleration time selection	speeds in total for selection.				
10	EF Input	External fault input terminal and decelerates by Pr.07-28. (EF fault will be recorded)				
11-12	Reserved					
13	Disable auto accel./decel. function	It is used to disable auto accel./decal. function.				
14	Reserved					

Chapter 4 Parameters | V-77-VL

Settings	Functions	Descriptions
15	Operation speed command form AUI1	When this function is enabled, the source of the frequency will force to be AUI1.
16	Operation speed command form ACI	When this function is enabled, the source of the frequency will force to be ACI.
17	Operation speed command form AUI2	When this function is enabled, the source of the frequency will force to be AUI2.
18	Emergency Stop	When this function is enabled, the drive will ramp to stop by Pr.07-28 setting.
19-23	Reserved	
24	FWD JOG command	When this function is enabled, the drive will execute forward Jog command.
25	REV JOG command	When this function is enabled, the drive will execute reverse Jog command.
26	Reserved	
27	ASR1/ASR2 selection	ON: speed will be adjusted by ASR 2 setting. OFF: speed will be adjusted by ASR 1 setting.
28	Emergency stop (EF1) (Motor coasts to stop)	When it is ON, the drive will execute emergency stop. (it will have fault code record)
29-30	Reserved	
31	High torque bias (by Pr.07-21)	The high torque bias is according to the Pr.07-21 setting.
32	Middle torque bias (by Pr.07-22)	The middle torque bias is according to the Pr.07-22 setting.
33	Low torque bias (by Pr.07-23)	The low torque bias is according to the Pr.07-23 setting.
34-37	Reserved	
38	Disable write EEPROM function	When this function is enabled, you can't write into EEPROM.
39	Torque command direction	When the torque command source is ACI, it can change torque direction by enabling this function.
40	Enable drive function	When this function is enabled, the drive function can be executed. This function can be used with multi-function output (setting Pr.02-11~Pr.02-14 to 15) and (Pr.02-31 and Pr.02-32).
41-43	Reserved	
	•	

177		AY.	
17	m/ '/	H. V.	

					Chapter :: arametere
02-09	✓ Digit	al Input	Respon	nse Time	Unit: 0.001
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0.005
	Setting	s C).001~ 3	30.000 sec	_

This parameter is used for digital input terminal signal delay and confirmation. The delay time is confirmation time to prevent some uncertain interferences that would result in error (except for the counter input) in the input of the digital terminals (FWD, REV and MI1~8). Under this condition, confirmation for this parameter could be improved effectively, but the response time will be somewhat delayed.

02-10 ✓ Digital Input Operation Direction			Unit: 1					
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM		Factory setting: 0
	Settings	0	~ 6553	5				_

- This parameter is used to set the input signal level and it won't be affected by the SINK/SOURCE status.
- Bit0 is for FWD terminal, bit1 is for REV terminal and bit2 to bit9 is for MI1 to MI8.
- User can change terminal status by communicating.

Multi function Output 1 DA DD DC (Delevit)

For example, MI1 is set to 1 (multi-step speed command 1), MI2 is set to 2 (multi-step speed command 2). Then the forward + 2nd step speed command=1001(binary)=9 (Decimal). Only need to set Pr.02-10=9 by communication and it can forward with 2nd step speed. It doesn't need to wire any multi-function terminal.

bit9	bit8	bit7	bit6	bit5	bit4	bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
MI8	MI7	MI6	MI5	MI4	MI3	MI2	MI1	REV	FWD

02-11	Multi-function Output 1 RA, RB, RC (Relay1)	
	_	Factory Setting: 11
02-12	Multi-function Output 2 MRA, MRC (Relay2)	
		Factory Setting: 1
02-13	Multi-function Output 3 (MO1)	
02-14	Multi-function Output 4 (MO2)	
02-15	Multi-function Output 5 (MO3)	
02-16	Multi-function Output 6 (MO4)	
02-17	Multi-function Output 7 (MO5)	
02-18	Multi-function Output 8 (MO6)	
02-18		

Chapter 4 Parameters | VFD-VL

Multi-function Output 9 (MO7)
Multi-function Output 10 (MO8)
Multi-function Output 11 (MO9)
Multi-function Output 12 (MO10)

Factory Setting: 0

Settings 0-42

0.400	Control Mode							
Settings	VF	VFPG	SVC	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM		
0: No function	0	0	0	0	0	0		
1: Operation indication	0	0	0	0	0	0		
2: Operation speed attained	0	0	0	0	0	0		
3: Desired frequency attained 1 (Pr.02-25)	0	0	0	0		0		
4: Desired frequency attained 2 (Pr.02-27)	0	0	0	0		0		
5: Zero speed (frequency command)	0	0	0	0		0		
6: Zero speed with stop (frequency command)	0	0	0	0		0		
7: Over torque (OT1) (Pr.06-05~06-07)	0	0	0	0	0	0		
8: Over torque (OT2) (Pr.06-08~06-10)	0	0	0	0	0	0		
9: Drive ready	0	0	0	0	0	0		
10: User-defined Low-voltage Detection (LV)	0	0	0	0	0	0		
11: Malfunction indication	0	0	0	0	0	0		
12: Mechanical brake release (Pr.02-29)	0	0	0	0	0	0		
13: Overheat	0	0	0	0	0	0		
14: Software brake signal	0	0	0	0	0	0		
15: Motor-controlled magnetic contactor output	0	0	0	0	0	0		
16: Slip error (oSL)	0	0	0	0		0		
17-18: Reserved								
19: Brake output error	0	0	0	0	0	0		
20: Warning output	0	0	0	0	0	0		
21: Over voltage warning	0	0	0	0	0	0		
22: Over-current stall prevention warning	0	0	0					
23: Over-voltage stall prevention warning	0	0	0	0	0	0		
24: Operation mode indication (Pr.00-15≠0)	0	0	0	0	0	0		
25: Forward command	0	0	0	0	0	0		
26: Reverse command	0	0	0	0	0	0		
27: Output when current >= Pr.02-33	0	0	0	0	0	0		
28: Output when current < Pr.02-33	0	0	0	0	0	0		
29: Output when frequency >= Pr.02-34	0	0	0	0	0	0		
30: Output when frequency < Pr.02-34	0	0	0	0	0	0		
31-32: Reserved								
33: Zero speed (actual output frequency)	0	0	0	0		0		
34: Zero speed with Stop (actual output frequency)	0	0	0	0		0		
35: Error output selection 1 (Pr.06-22)	0	0	0	0	0	0		
36: Error output selection 2 (Pr.06-23)	0	0	0	0	0	0		
37: Error output selection 3 (Pr.06-24)	0	0	0	0	0	0		
38: Error output selection 4 (Pr.06-25)	0	0	0	0	0	0		
39: Reserved								
40: Speed attained (including zero speed)	0	0	0	0		0		
41-42: Reserved								



Settings	Functions	Descriptions
0	No Function	
1	AC Drive Operational	Active when there is an output from the drive or RUN command is ON.
2	Operation speed attained	Active when the AC motor drive reaches the output frequency setting.
3	Desired Frequency Attained 1 (Pr.02-25)	Active when the desired frequency (Pr.02-25) is attained.
4	Desired Frequency Attained 2 (Pr.02-27)	Active when the desired frequency (Pr.02-27) is attained.
5	Zero Speed (frequency command)	Active when frequency command =0. (the drive should be at RUN mode)
6	Zero Speed with Stop (frequency command)	Active when frequency command =0 or stop.
7	Over Torque (OT1) (Pr.06-05~06-07)	Active when detecting over-torque. Refer to Pr.06-05 (over-torque detection selection-OT1), Pr.06-06 (over-torque detection level-OT1) and Pr.06-07 (over-torque detection time-OT1).
8	Over Torque (OT2) (Pr.06-08~06-10)	Active when detecting over-torque. Refer to Pr.06-08 (over-torque detection selection-OT2), Pr.06-09 (over-torque detection level-OT2) and Pr.06-10 (over-torque detection time-OT2).
9	Drive Ready	Active when the drive is ON and no abnormality detected.
10	User-defined Low- voltage Detection	Active when the DC Bus voltage is too low. (refer to Pr.06-00 low voltage level)
11	Malfunction Indication	Active when fault occurs (except Lv stop).
12	Mechanical Brake Release (Pr.02-29)	When drive runs after Pr.02-29, it will be ON. This function should be used with DC brake and it is recommended to use contact "b"(N.C).
13	Overheat	Active when IGBT or heat sink overheats to prevent OH turn off the drive. (refer to Pr.06-14)
14	Software Brake Signal	The output will be activated when the drive needs help braking the load. A smooth deceleration is achieved by using this function. (refer to Pr.07-00)
15	Motor-controlled Magnetic Contactor Output	Active when the setting is set to 15.
16	Slip Error (oSL)	Active when the slip error is detected.

Chapter 4 Parameters | V/372-VL

Settings	Functions	Descriptions
17-18	Reserved	
19	Brake output error	Active when the mechanical brake error is detected.
20	Warning Output	Active when the warning is detected.
21	Over-voltage Warning	Active when the over-voltage is detected.
22	Over-current Stall Prevention Warning	Active when the over-current stall prevention is detected.
23	Over-voltage Stall prevention Warning	Active when the over-voltage stall prevention is detected.
24	Operation Mode Indication	Active when the operation command is controlled by external terminal. (Pr.00-15 \neq 0)
25	Forward Command	Active when the operation direction is forward.
26	Reverse Command	Active when the operation direction is reverse.
27	Output when Current >= Pr.02-33	Active when current is >= Pr.02-33.
28	Output when Current < Pr.02-33	Active when current is < Pr.02-33.
29	Output when frequency >= Pr.02-34	Active when frequency is >= Pr.02-34.
30	Output when Frequency < Pr.02-34	Active when frequency is < Pr.02-34.
31-32	Reserved	
33	Zero Speed (actual output frequency)	Active when the actual output frequency is 0. (the drive should be at RUN mode)
34	Zero Speed with Stop (actual output frequency)	Active when the actual output frequency is 0 or Stop. (the drive should be at RUN mode)
35	Error Output Selection 1	Active when Pr.06-22 is ON.
36	Error Output Selection 2	Active when Pr.06-23 is ON.
37	Error Output Selection 3	Active when Pr.06-24 is ON.

		Chapter 4 Farameters
Settings	Functions	Descriptions
38	Error Output Selection 4	Active when Pr.06-25 is ON.
39	Reserved	
40	Speed Attained (including zero speed)	Active when the output frequency reaches frequency setting.
41-42	Reserved	

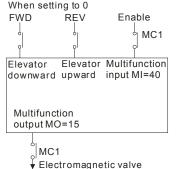
02-23		output	Directio	n			Unit:1
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM	Factory setting: 0
	Settings	(0 ~ 6553	5			_

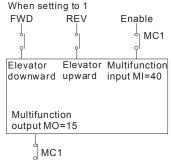
This parameter is bit setting. If the bit is 1, the multi-function output terminal will be act with opposite direction. For example, if Pr.02-11 is set to 1 and forward bit is 0, Relay 1 will be ON when the drive is running and OFF when the drive is stop.

bit3	bit2	bit1	bit0
MO2	MO1	MRA	RA

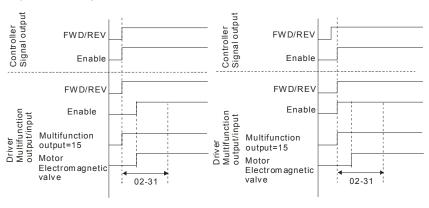
02-24	⊮ Serial	Start Si	gnal Selection	
Control mode	VF	VFPG	SVC FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0
	Settings	0	by FWD/REV	
		1	hy Enable	

 $\hfill \Box$ This parameter is used to select serial start method of electromagnetic valve.





Chapter 4 Parameters | V-22-VL



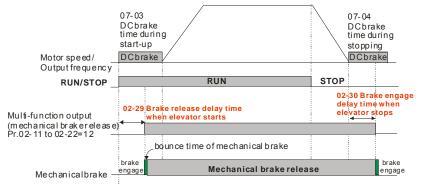
02-25	⊮ Desi	red Frequ	uency A	Attained 1	Unit: 0.01
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 60.00/50.00
02-26	✓ The	Width of	the De	sired Frequency Attained 1	Unit: 0.01
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 2.00
02-27	∦ Desi	red Frequ	uency A	Attained 2	Unit: 0.01
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 60.00/50.00
02-28	✓ The	Width of	the De	sired Frequency Attained 2	Unit: 0.01
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 2.00
	Setting	js 0.	00 ~ 12	20.00Hz	

Once output frequency reaches desired frequency and the corresponding multi-function output terminal is set to 3 or 4 (Pr.02-11~Pr.02-22), this multi-function output terminal will be ON.

02-29	Brake I	Release I	Delay Ti	ime wher	n Elevato	Unit:0.001	
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM	Factory setting: 0.250
02-30	Brake I	Engage [Delay Ti	me when	Elevato	r Stops	Unit:0.001
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM	Factory setting: 0.250
	Setting	s 0	.000~65	5.000 Se	5		

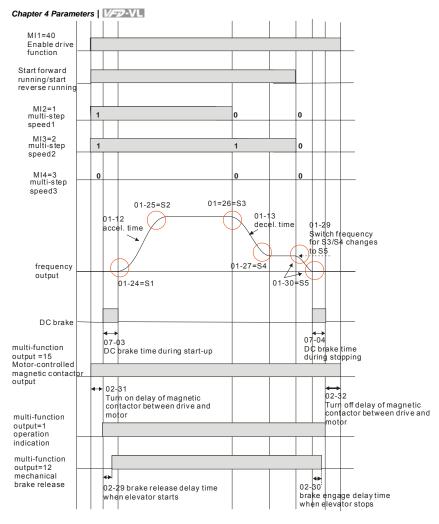


When the AC motor drive runs after Pr.02-29 delay time, the corresponding multi-function output terminal (12: mechanical brake release) will be ON. This function should be used with DC brake.



02-31	// Turn On Delay of Magnetic Contact between Drive and Mater	Linitio 001				
02-31	✓ Turn On Delay of Magnetic Contact between Drive and Motor	Unit:0.001				
02-32						
Control mode	VF VFPG SVC FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0.200				

 \square After running, it is used with setting 40 of multifunction input terminal and settings 15 of multifunction output terminals. When multifunction output terminals is ON, the drive starts output after Pr.02-31 delay time. When drive stops output, multifunction output terminals will release after Pr.02-32 delay time.



02-33	✓ Outpu	ıt Currer	Unit:1		
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0
	Settings	0-	~100%		

When output current is >= Pr.02-33, it will activate multi-function output terminal (Pr.02-11 to Pr.02-22 is set to 27).



Ш When output current is < Pr.02-33, it will activate multi-function output terminal (Pr.02-11 to Pr.02-22 is set to 28).

02-3	4 / Out	put Boun	dary for	Externa	i i ermin	ais		Uni	t:0.01		
Contr	VI	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM		Factory setting:	0.00		
	Setting	gs 0.	.00~±12	0.00Hz							
When output frequency is >=02-34, it will activate the multi-function terminal (Pr.02-11 to											
	Pr.02-22 is	s set to 29	9).								
	When outp	out freque	ency is <	<02-34, it	will acti	vate the mul	ti-function tern	ninal (Pr.02-11 to	Pr.02-		

22 is set to 30).

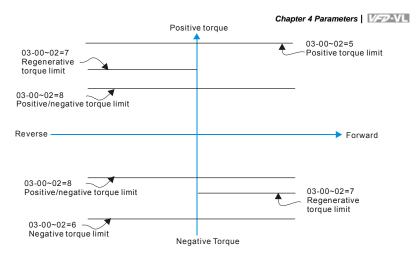
Group 3 Analog Input/Output Parameters

03-00		
		Factory Setting: 1
03-01	✓ Analog Input 2 (ACI)	
		Factory Setting: 0
03-02	✓ Analog Input 3 (AUI2)	
		Factory Setting: 0

Cattlere	Control Mode							
Settings	VF	VFPG	SVC	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM		
0: No function	0	0	0	0	0	0		
1: Frequency command (torque limit under TQR control mode)	0	0	0	0	0	0		
2: Torque command (torque limit under speed mode)					0			
3: Torque compensation command	0	0	0	0	0	0		
4-5: Reserved								
6: P.T.C. thermistor input value	0	0	0	0	0	0		
7: Positive torque limit				0		0		
8: Negative torque limit				0		0		
9: Regenerative torque limit				0		0		
10: Positive/negative torque limit				0		0		
11: Preload Input						0		

When it is frequency command or TQR speed limit, the corresponding value for 0~ \pm
10V/4~20mA is 0 – max. output frequency(Pr.01-00)

- When it is torque command or torque limit, the corresponding value for 0~±10V/4~20mA is 0 max. output torque (Pr.07-14).
- \square When it is torque compensation, the corresponding value for $0\sim\pm10V/4\sim20mA$ is 0-rated torque.



03-03	∦ Analo	og Input	Bias 1	AUI1)	Unit: 0.1	
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG T	TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0.0
	Settings	s -1	00.0~1	00.0%		

☐ It is used to set the corresponding AUI1 voltage of the external analog input 0.

03-04	∦ Anal	og Input	Bias 1	Unit: 0.1	
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0.0
	Setting	s -1	00.0~1	00.0%	

It is used to set the corresponding ACI voltage of the external analog input 0.

03-05	∦ Analo	g Input	Bias 1 (AUI2)	Unit: 0.1	
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0.0
	Settings	1	100 0~1	00.0%		_

- It is used to set the corresponding AUI2 voltage of the external analog input 0.
- The relation between external input voltage/current and setting frequency is equal to -10~+10V (4-20mA) corresponds to 0-60Hz.

✓ Docit	ivo/noga	tivo Ri	ac Mada	/ALII1\		
VF	VFPG	SVC			FOCPM	Factory setting: 0
✓ Posit	ive/nega	itive Bi	as Mode	(ACI)		
VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM	Factory setting: 0
✓ Posit	ive/nega	itive Bi	as Mode	(AUI2)		
VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM	Factory setting: 0
Settings	0	Zei	o bias			
	1	Lov	ver than	bias=bia	s	
	2	Gre	eater thar	n bias=bi	as	
	3	The	e absolut	e value o	of the bias vo	Itage while serving as the center
	4	Se	ve bias a	as the ce	nter	
	VF	VF VFPG VF Positive/nega VF VFPG VF VFPG Settings 0 1 2 3	VF VFPG SVC // Positive/negative Bia VF VFPG SVC // Positive/negative Bia VF VFPG SVC Settings 0 Zer 1 Lov 2 Gree 3 The	VF VFPG SVC FOCPG // Positive/negative Bias Mode VF VFPG SVC FOCPG // Positive/negative Bias Mode VF VFPG SVC FOCPG Settings 0 Zero bias 1 Lower than 2 Greater than 3 The absolute	V Positive/negative Bias Mode (ACI) VF VFPG SVC FOCPG TQRPG V Positive/negative Bias Mode (AUI2) VF VFPG SVC FOCPG TQRPG Settings 0 Zero bias 1 Lower than bias=bia 2 Greater than bias=bia 3 The absolute value of the control of the	VF VFPG SVC FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM W Positive/negative Bias Mode (ACI) VF VFPG SVC FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM W Positive/negative Bias Mode (AUI2) VF VFPG SVC FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM Settings 0 Zero bias 1 Lower than bias=bias 2 Greater than bias=bias 3 The absolute value of the bias vo

In a noisy environment, it is advantageous to use negative bias to provide a noise margin. It is recommended NOT to use less than 1V to set the operation frequency.

03-09	✓ Ana	log Input	Gain 1	(AUI1)	Unit: 0.1		
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM	Factory setting: 100.0
03-10	✓ Ana	log Input	Gain 1	Unit: 0.1			
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM	Factory setting: 100.0
03-11	✓ Ana	log Input	Gain 1	Unit: 0.1			
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM	Factory setting: 100.0
	Setting	ıs -5	00.0~5	00.0%			

Parameters 03-03 to 03-11 are used when the source of frequency command is the analog voltage/current signal.

03-12	✓ Ana	alog Input	Delay	Unit: 0.01	
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0.01
03-13	∦ Ana	alog Input	Delay	Unit: 0.01	
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0.01

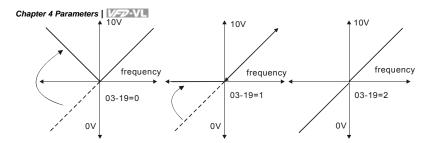
Settings

1

2

Output 0V in REV direction

Enable output voltage in REV direction



Selection for the analog output direction



Group 4 Multi-Step Speed Parameters

-	• •						
04-00		Unit: 0.01					
04-01		Unit: 0.01					
04-02		Unit: 0.01					
04-03		Unit: 0.01					
04-04		Unit: 0.01					
04-05		Unit: 0.01					
04-06		Unit: 0.01					
04-07		Unit: 0.01					
04-08	★8th Step Speed Frequency	Unit: 0.01					
04-09	✓ 9th Step Speed Frequency	Unit: 0.01					
04-10		Unit: 0.01					
04-11		Unit: 0.01					
04-12		Unit: 0.01					
04-13							
04-14		Unit: 0.01					
04-15		Unit: 0.01					
Control mode	VF VFPG SVC FOCPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0.00					
·	Settings 0.00 to 120.00 Hz						

The Multi-Function Input Terminals (refer to Pr.02-01 to 02-08) are used to select one of the \square AC motor drive Multi-step speeds. The speeds (frequencies) are determined by Pr.04-00 to 04-15 as shown above.

Group 5 IM Motor Parameters

05-00	Motor A	uto Tun	ing		
Control mode	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG		Factory setting: 0
	Settings	3 0	No	function	
		1	Ro	lling test (Rs, Rr, Lm, Lx, no-load current)	
		2	Sta	atic Test	
☐ St	tarting aut	to tuning	by pres	sing RUN key and it will write the measure va	alue into Pr.05-05 to

- Pr.05-09 (Rs, Rr, Lm, Lx, no-load current).
- Ш The steps to AUTO-Tuning are: (when setting to 1)
 - 1 Make sure that all the parameters are set to factory settings and the motor wiring is correct.
 - 2 Make sure the motor has no-load before executing auto-tuning and the shaft is not connected to any belt or gear motor. It is recommended to set to 2 if the motor can't separate from the load.
 - 3. Fill in Pr.01-02, Pr.01-01, Pr.05-01, Pr.05-02, Pr.05-03 and Pr.05-04 with correct values. Refer to motor capacity to set accel./decel. time.
 - 4. When Pr.05-00 is set to 1, the AC motor drive will execute auto-tuning immediately after receiving a "RUN" command. (NOTE: the motor will run!)
 - 5. After executing, please check if all values are filled in Pr.05-05 to Pr.05-09.
- \square If Pr.05-00 is set to 1, it needs to input Pr.05-05. If Pr.05-00 is set to 2, it doesn't need to input Pr.05-05. and only need to confirm that the shaft is locked.



- 1. In torque/vector control mode, it is not recommended to have motors run in parallel.
- 2. It is not recommended to use torque/vector control mode if motor rated power exceeds the rated power of the AC motor drive.
- 3. The no-load current is usually 20~50% X rated current.
- 4. The rated speed can't be larger or equal to 120f/p.

05-01	05-01 Full-load Current of Motor						
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	Factory setting: #.##	
	Settings	40	to 120	%			



This value should be set according to the rated frequency of the motor as indicated on the motor nameplate. The factory setting is 90% X rated current.

Example: if the rated current for 7.5hp (5.5kW) models is 25A and the factory setting is 22.5A. In this way, the current range will be from 10A (25*40%) to 30A (25*120%).

05-02 ✓ Rated Power of Motor	Unit: 0.01					
Control SVC FOCPG TQRPG mode	Factory setting: #.##					
Settings 0.00 to 655.35 kW	Factory Setting: #.##					
☐ It is used to get reted power of the mater. The feetens cetting is the power of the drive						

It is used to set rated power of the motor. The factory setting is the power of the drive.

05-03	✓ Rated	Speed of Motor (rpm)	Unit: 1
Control mode	VFPG	SVC FOCPG TQRPG	Factory setting: 1710
	Settings	0 to 65535 rpm	

Ш It is used to set the rated speed of the motor and need to set according to the value indicated on the motor nameplate.

05-04	Number	of Moto	r Poles			
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	Factory setting: 4
	Settings	2	to 48			

Ш It is used to set the number of motor poles (must be an even number).

05-05 No-	oad Current of Motor	Unit: Amp
Control VFI mode	PG SVC FOCPG TQRPG	Factory setting: #.##
Sett	ings 0 to 100%	

The factory setting is 40% X rated current.

05-06 Rs of Motor	Unit: 0.001
Control SVC FOCPG TQRPG mode	Factory setting: 0.000
05-07 Rr of Motor	Unit: 0.001
Control SVC FOCPG TQRPG mode	Factory setting: 0.000
Settings $0.000\sim65.535\Omega$	

Chapter 4	Paramete	rs <i>V/=</i> 72-VL	
05-08	Lm of M	otor	Unit: 0.1
Control mode	svc	FOCPG TQRPG	Factory setting: 0.0
05-09	Lx of Mo	otor	Unit: 0.1
Control mode	svc	FOCPG TQRPG	Factory setting: 0.0
	Settings	0.0~6553.5mH	
	_		
05-10	✓ Torqu	ue Compensation Time Constant	Unit: 0.001
Control mode	svc		Factory setting: 0.020
•	Settings	0.001 to 10.000 sec	
05-11	✓ Slip C	Compensation Time Constant	Unit: 0.001
Control mode	svc		Factory setting: 0.100
	Settings	0.001 to 10.000 sec	

- Setting Pr.05-10 and Pr.05-11 change the response time for the compensation.
- When Pr.05-10 and Pr.05-11 are set to 10 seconds, its response time for the compensation will be the longest. But if the settings are too short, unstable system may occur.

05-12	Unit: 1
Control VF VFPG mode	Factory setting: 0
Settings 0 to10	

This parameter may be set so that the AC motor drive will increase its voltage output to obtain a higher torque.

05-13	✓ Slip Comper	nsation Gain	Unit: 0.01
Control mode	SVC VFPG	svc	Factory setting: 0.00
	Settings (0.00 to10.00	

- When the asynchronous motor is driven by the drive, the load and slip will be increased. This parameter can be used to correct frequency and lower the slip to make the motor can run near the synchronous speed under rated current. When the output current is larger than the motor no-load current, the drive will compensate the frequency by Pr.05-13 setting. If the actual speed is slower than expectation, please increase the setting and vice versa.
- It is only valid in SVC mode.

Pr.05-14 to Pr.05-16 are used to set allowable slip level/time and over slip treatment when the drive is running.

05-17		ng Gain		Unit: 1
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	Factory setting: 2000
	Settings	0	to 10000 (0: disable)	

The motor will have current wave motion in some specific area. It can improve this situation by setting this parameter. (When it is high frequency or run with PG, Pr.05-17 can be set to 0. when the current wave motion happens in the low frequency, please increase Pr.05-17.)

05-18	05-18 Accumulative Motor Operation Time (Min.)				Unit: 1	
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	Factory setting: 00
	Settings	0	0 to143	9		

05-19	Accum	nulative I	Motor C	peration	Time (Day)	Unit: 1
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	Factory setting: 00
	Settings	s 00	0 to 655	35		<u>.</u>

Pr. 05-18 and Pr.05-19 are used to record the motor operation time. They can be cleared by setting to 00 and time which is less than 60 seconds will not be recorded.

Chapter 4 Parameters | V-D-VL

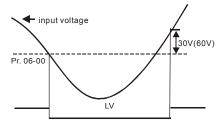
Control mode	svc		Factory setting: 10				
	Settings	0 to 250%					



Group 6 Protection Parameters

06-00	Low Vol	tage Lev	vel	Unit: 0.1	
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	
	Settings	230V	series	160.0~220.0Vdc	Factory Setting: 180.0
		460V	series	320.0~440.0Vdc	Factory Setting: 360.0

Ш It is used to set the Lv level.

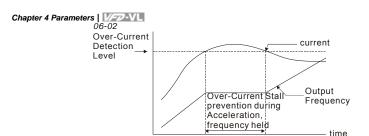


06-01	✓ Phase	e-loss Pi	rotection	
Control mode	VF	VFPG	SVC FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0
	Settings	0	Warn and keep operation	
		1	Warn and ramp to stop	

It is used to set the phase-loss treatment. The phase-loss will effect driver's control characteristic and life.

06-02	∦ Over-	Current	Stall Prevention during Acceleration	Unit: 1
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	Factory setting: 00
	Settings	0	0~250% (00: disable)	

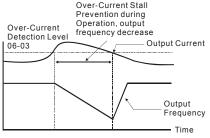
 \square During acceleration, the AC drive output current may increase abruptly and exceed the value specified by Pr.06-02 due to rapid acceleration or excessive load on the motor. When this function is enabled, the AC drive will stop accelerating and keep the output frequency constant until the current drops below the maximum value.



actual acceleration time when over-current stall prevention is enabled

06-03	∦ Over	r-current	Stall Prevention during Operation	Unit: 1
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	Factory setting: 00
	Settings	s 0	0 to 250% (00: disable)	

If the output current exceeds the setting specified in Pr.06-03 when the drive is operating, the drive will decrease its output frequency by Pr.06-04 setting to prevent the motor stall. If the output current is lower than the setting specified in Pr.06-03, the drive will accelerate (by Pr.06-04) again to catch up with the set frequency command value.



over-current stall prevention during operation

06-04		./Decel.	Time Selection of Stall Prevention at constant speed	
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	Factory setting: 0
	Settings	0	by current accel/decel time	
		1	by the 1st accel/decel time	
		2	by the 2nd accel/decel time	
		3	by the 3rd accel/decel time	
		4	by the 4th accel/decel time	
		5	by auto accel/decel time	

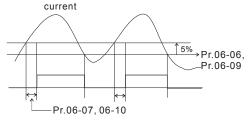


It is used to set the accel./decel. time selection when stall prevention occurs at constant speed.

	/ OVEI-	torque D	etectic	n Selecti	on (OT1)	
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0
	Settings	0	С	ver-Torq	ue detection disabled.	
		1			e detection during constar er detection	nt speed operation, continue to
		2			e detection during constar after detection	nt speed operation, stop
		3		ver-torquetection	e detection during operation	on, continue to operate after
		4		ver-torqu etection	e detection during operation	on, stop operation after
06-06	✓ Over-t	orque De	etectio	n Level (OT1)	Unit: 1
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 150
	Settings	10	to 250)%		
06-07	✓ Over-t	orque De	etectio	n Time (C	OT1)	Unit: 0.
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0.7
	Settings	0.0	0 to 60	.0 sec		
06-08		orque De	etectio	n Selection	. ,	
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0
	Settings	0	С	ver-Torq	ue detection disabled.	
		1			e detection during constar er detection	nt speed operation, continue to
		2			e detection during constar after detection	nt speed operation, stop
		3		ver-torquetection	e detection during operation	on, continue to operate after
		4		ver-torquetection	e detection during operation	on, stop operation after
			etection	n Level (OT2)	Unit: 1
06-09	✓ Over-t	orque De	o to o tio			
06-09 Control mode	∦ Over-t	vFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 150

	✓ Over-t	•		Time (OT2)	Unit: 0.1
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG TQRPG FO	Factory setting: 0.1
	Settings	0.	0 to 60.	0 sec	

Pr.06-05 and Pr.06-08 determine the operation mode of the drive after the over-torque is detected via the following method: if the output current exceeds the over-torque detection level (Pr.06-06) and also exceeds the Pr.06-07 Over-Torque Detection Time, the fault code "OT1/OT2" is displayed. If a Multi-Functional Output Terminal is to over-torque detection, the output is on. Please refer to Pr.02-11~02-22 for details.



U6-11 //	Current Lim	Unit: 1	
Control Fe	OCPG TQRP	3	Factory setting: 150
Se	ettings	0 to 250%	

It is used to set the current limit.

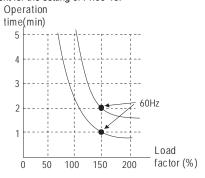
06-12								
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG TQRPG	FOCPM	Factory setting: 2		
	Settings	0	Ir	verter motor				
		1	S	tandard motor				
		2	D	isabled				

It is used to prevent self-cooled motor overheats under low speed. User can use electrical thermal relay to limit driver's output power.

06-13	06-13 ✓ Electronic Thermal Characteristic						Unit: 0.1		
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG F	ОСРМ		Factory setting: 60.0	
	Settings	30	0.0 to 6	00.0 sec					



The parameter is set by the output frequency, current and operation time of the drive for activating the I²t electronic thermal protection function. The function will be activated for the 150% * setting current for the setting of Pr.06-13.



06-14	✓ Hear	t Sink Ov	Unit: 0.1		
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 85.0
	Setting	s 0.	0 to 11	0.0 °C	

06-15	✓ Stall P	Prevention	n Limit Level	Unit: 1
Control mode	VF \	VFPG	svc	Factory setting: 50
	Settings	0 to	0 100% (refer to Pr.06-02, Pr.06-03)	

Ш When operation frequency is larger than Pr.01-01, Pr06-02=150% and Pr. 06-03=100%.

	_				
06-16	Present I	ault R	ecord		
06-17	Second I	Most Re	ecent F	ault Record	
06-18	Third Mo	st Rece	ent Fau	It Record	
06-19	Fourth R	ecent F	ault Re	ecord	
06-20	Fifth Mos	t Rece	nt Faul	t Record	
06-21	Sixth Mo	st Rece	nt Fau	It Record	_
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0
	Readings	s 0		No fault	
		1	(Over-current during acceleration (ocA)	
		2	(Over-current during deceleration (ocd)	
		3	(Over-current during constant speed (ocn)	

VF2-VL	
4	Ground fault (GFF)
5	IGBT short-circuit (occ)
6	Over-current at stop (ocS)
7	Over-voltage during acceleration (ovA)
8	Over-voltage during deceleration (ovd)
9	Over-voltage during constant speed (ovn)
10	Over-voltage at stop (ovS)
11	Low-voltage during acceleration (LvA)
12	Low-voltage during deceleration (Lvd)
13	Low-voltage during constant speed (Lvn)
14	Low-voltage at stop (LvS)
15	Phase loss (PHL)
16	IGBT heat sink over-heat (oH1)
17	Reserved
18	TH1 open loop error (tH1o)
19	Reserved
20	Fan error signal output
21	Over-load (oL) (150% 1Min)
22	Motor over-load (EoL1)
23	Reserved
24	Motor PTC overheat (oH3)
25	Reserved
26	Over-torque 1 (ot1)
27	Over-torque 1 (ot2)
28	Insufficient torque 1
29	Insufficient torque 2
30	Memory write-in error (cF1)
31	Memory read-out error (cF2)
32	Isum current detection error (cd0)
33	U-phase current detection error (cd1)
34	V-phase current detection error (cd2)
35	W-phase current detection error (cd3)
36	Clamp current detection error (Hd0)
37	Over-current detection error (Hd1)
38	Over-voltage detection error (Hd2)
39	Ground current detection error (Hd3)



		Chapter 4 Parameters	VFD-VL
40	Auto tuning error (AuE)		
41	PID feedback loss (AFE)		
42	PG feedback error (PGF1)		
43	PG feedback loss (PGF2)		
44	PG feedback stall (PGF3)		
45	PG slip error (PGF4)		
46	PG ref input error (PGr1)		
47	PG ref loss (PGr2)		
48	Analog current input error (ACE)		
49	External fault input (EF)		
50	Emergency stop (EF1)		
51	External Base Block (B.B.)		
52	Password error (PcodE)		
53	Reserved		
54	Communication error (cE1)		
55	Communication error (cE2)		
56	Communication error (cE3)		
57	Communication error (cE4)		
58	Communication Time-out (cE10)		
59	PU time-out (cP10)		
60	Brake transistor error (bF)		
61-62	Reserved		
63	Safety loop error (Sry)		

It will record when the fault occurs and force stopping. For the Lv, it will record when it is operation, or it will warn without record.

06-22		Unit: 1
06-23		Unit: 1
06-24		Unit: 1
06-25		Unit: 1
Control mode	VF VFPG SVC FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0
	Settings 0 to 65535 sec (refer to bit table for fault code)	

These parameters can be used with multi-function output (set Pr.02-11 to Pr.02-22 to 25-26) for the specific requirement. When the fault occurs, the corresponding terminals will be activated (It needs to convert binary value to decimal value to fill in Pr.06-22 to Pr.06-25).

Fault code	Bit0	Bit1	Bit2	Bit3	Bit4	Bit5	Bit6
Fault code	current	Volt.	OL	SYS	FBK	EXI	CE
0: No fault							
1: Over-current during acceleration (ocA)	•						
2: Over-current during deceleration (ocd)	•						
3: Over-current during constant speed (ocn)	•						
4: Ground fault (GFF)						•	
5: IGBT short-circuit (occ)	•						
6: Over-curent at stop (ocS)	•						
7: Over-voltage during acceleration (ovA)		•					
8: Over-voltage during deceleration (ovd)		•					
9: Over-voltage during constant speed (ovn)		•					
10: Over-voltage at stop (ovS)		•					
11: Low-voltage during acceleration (LvA)		•					
12: Low-voltage during deceleration (Lvd)		•					
13: Low-voltage during constant speed (Lvn)		•					

Chapter 4 Parameters | V=Z-VL Bit0 Bit1 Bit2 Bit3 Bit4 Bit5 Bit6 Fault code current Volt. OL SYS FBK EXI CE 14: Low-voltage at stop (LvS) 15: Phase loss (PHL) 16: IGBT heat sink over-heat (oH1) 17: Reserved 18: TH1 open loop error (tH1o) 19: Reserved 20: Fan error signal output 21: over-load (oL) (150% 1Min) 22: Motor 1 over-load (EoL1) 23: Reserved 24: Motor PTC overheat (oH3) 25: Reserved 26: over-torque 1 (ot1) 27: over-torque 1 (ot2) 28: Insufficient torque 1 29: Insufficient torque 2 30: Memory write-in error (cF1) 31: Memory read-out error (cF2) 32: Isum current detection error (cd0) 33: U-phase current detection error 34: V-phase current detection error (cd2) 35: W-phase current detection error (cd3) 36: Clamp current detection error 37: Over-current detection error

(Hd1)

Chapter 4 Parameters | V/=Z-VL

Fault code	Bit0	Bit1	Bit2	Bit3	Bit4	Bit5	Bit6
rault code	current	Volt.	OL	SYS	FBK	EXI	CE
38: Over-voltage detection error (Hd2)				•			
39: Ground current detection error (Hd3)				•			
40: Auto tuning error (AuE)				•			
41: PID feedback loss (AFE)					•		
42: PG feedback error (PGF1)					•		
43: PG feedback loss (PGF2)					•		
44: PG feedback stall (PGF3)					•		
45: PG slip error (PGF4)					•		
46: PG ref input error (PGr1)					•		
47: PG ref loss (PGr2)						•	
48: Analog current input error (ACE)						•	
49: External fault input (EF)						•	
50: Emergency stop (EF1)						•	
51: External Base Block (B.B.)						•	
52: Password error (PcodE)				•			
53: Reserved							
54: Communication error (cE1)							•
55: Communication error (cE2)							•
56: Communication error (cE3)							•
57: Communication error (cE4)							•
58: Communication Time-out (cE10)							•
59: PU time-out (cP10)					_		•
60: Brake transistor error (bF)						•	
61-62: Reserved							
63: Safety loop error (Sry)				•			



06-26									
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0			
	Settings	0	W	arn and					
		1	W	Warn and ramp to stop					

It is used to set the treatment after detecting PTC.

06-27	≁ PTC I	_evel					Unit: 0.1
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG FOO	СРМ	Factory setting: 50.0
	Settings	0.	0 to 10	0.0%			

It is used to set the PTC level, and the corresponding value for 100% is max. analog input value.

06-28		Time for	PTC E		Unit: 0.01	
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG FOCPM	Factory setting: 0.20
	Settings	0.	00 to 1	0.00 sec		

Group 7 Special Parameters

07-00	✓ Softw	are Bra	ke Leve	Unit: 0.1	
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	
	Settings	230V	series	350.0~450.0Vdc	Factory Setting: 380.0
		460V	series	700.0~900.0Vdc	Factory Setting: 760.0

This parameter sets the DC-bus voltage at which the brake chopper is activated.

07-01	07-01 Brake ED Value Setting				Unit: 1		
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM	Factory Setting: 100
	Settings	0	to 100%	6 (0: disa	ıble)		

07-02	✓ DC Br	ake Cur	rent Level	Unit: 1
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	Factory Setting: 0
	Settings	0 t	o 100%	

- This parameter sets the level of DC Brake Current output to the motor during start-up and stopping. When setting DC Brake Current, the Rated Current (Pr.00-01) is regarded as 100%. It is recommended to start with a low DC Brake Current Level and then increase until proper holding torque has been attained.
- When it is in FOCPG/TQRPG/FOCPM mode, it can enable DC brake function by setting to any value.

07-03 ✓ DC Brake Time during Start-up	Unit: 0.1
Control VF VFPG SVC FOCPG FOCPM mode	Factory Setting: 0.0
Settings 0.0 to 60.0 sec	

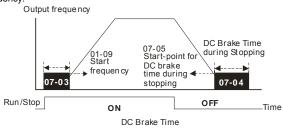
This parameter determines the duration of the DC Brake current after a RUN command.

07-04	07-04 ✓ DC Brake Time during Stopping				Unit: 0.1	
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG I	FOCPM	Factory Setting: 0.0
	Settings	0.	0 to 60	.0 sec		

This parameter determines the duration of the DC Brake current during stopping.

	Chapter 4 Parameters V-ZV-VL
07-05 ✓ Start-Point for DC Brake	Unit: 0.01
Control VF VFPG SVC FOCPG mode	Factory Setting: 0.00
Settings 0.00 to 120.00Hz	_

This parameter determines the frequency when DC Brake will begin during deceleration. When the setting is less than start frequency (Pr.01-09), start-point for DC brake will begin from the min. frequency.



07-06 DC Brake Proportional Gain	Unit: 1
Control VF VFPG SVC mode	Factory Setting: 50
Settings 1 to 500Hz	

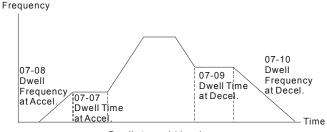
It is used to set the output voltage gain when DC brake.

07-07 ✓ Dwell Time at Accel.	Unit: 0.01
Control VF VFPG SVC FOCPG FOCPM mode	Factory Setting: 0.00
Settings 0.00 to 600.00 sec	
07-08 ✓ Dwell Frequency at Accel.	Unit: 0.01
Control VF VFPG SVC FOCPG FOCPM mode	Factory Setting: 0.00
Settings 0.00 to 120.00 Hz	
07-09 / Dwell Time at Decel.	Unit: 0.01
Control VF VFPG SVC FOCPG FOCPM mode	Factory Setting: 0.00
Settings 0.00 to 600.00 sec	
07-10 ✓ Dwell Frequency at Decel.	Unit: 0.01
Control VF VFPG SVC FOCPG FOCPM mode	Factory Setting: 0.00
Settings 0.00 to 120.00 Hz	

In the heavy load situation, Dwell can make stable output frequency temporarily.

Chapter 4 Parameters | V/=72-VL

Pr.07-07 to Pr.07-10 are for heavy load to prevent OV or OC occurs.



D	wel	l at	acce	I./c	lecel	١.
---	-----	------	------	------	-------	----

07-11	⊮ Fan 0	Control						
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM		Factory Setting: 2
	Settings	0	Fa	an always	S ON			
		1	1	minute a	fter AC n	notor drive	stops, fan v	vill be OFF
		2	A	C motor o	drive run	s and fan	ON, AC moto	or drive stops and fan OFF
		3	Fa	an ON to	run whe	n prelimin	ary heat sink	temperature attained
		4	Fa	an always	OFF			
m ть	io param	otor io us	ad for	the for e	ontrol			

- This parameter is used for the fan control.
- When setting to 3, fan will start to run until temperature is less than 40°C if temperature exceeds 40°C.

07-12	✓ Torque	Command	Unit: 0.1
Control mode	TQRPG		Factory Setting: 0.0
	Settings	-100.0 to 100.0% (Pr. 07-14 setting=100%)	_

This parameter is torque command. When Pr.07-14 is 250% and Pr.07-12 is 100%, the actual torque command = 250X100% X motor rated torque.

07-13	07-13						
Control mode	TQRPG			Factory Setting: 2			
	Settings	0	Digital keypad				
		1	RS485 serial communication (RJ-11)				
		2	Analog signal (Pr.03-00)				

running direction is limited

opposite running direction

is limited by Pr.00-14.

by Pr.07-17



This parameter is torque command source and the torque command is in Pr.07-12.

07-14	✓ Maxi	mum Tor	que Co	ommand		Unit: 1
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG TQRPG	FOCPM	Factory Setting: 100
	Settings	s 0	to 500°	6		

Ш This parameter is for the max. torque command (motor rated torque is 100%).

07-15		e of Torque Command	Unit: 0.001
Control mode	TQRPG		Factory Setting: 0.000
	Settings	0.000 to 1.000 sec	

 ω When the setting is too long, the control will be stable but the control response will be delay. When the setting is too short, the response will be quickly but the control maybe unstable. User can adjust the setting by the control and response situation.

07-16 Speed Limit Selection Control **TQRPG** Factory Setting: 0 mode O By Pr.07-17 and Pr.07-18 Settings 1 Frequency command source (Pr.00-14) torque torque torque ▶ frequency ▶ frequency ▶ frequency 07-18 07 - 1707-18 00-14 00-14 07-17 07 - 16 = 107-16=1 Pr.07-16=0 When it is forward running, When it is reverse running,

07-17	✓ Torque N	lode+Speed Limit	Unit: 1
07-18	✓ Torque N	lode-Speed Limit	Unit: 1
Control mode	TQRPG		Factory Setting: 10
	Settings	0 to 120%	

running direction is limited

opposite running direction

is limited by Pr.07-18.

bv Pr.00-14

 \Box These parameters are used in the torque mode to limit the running direction and opposite direction. (Pr.01-00 max. output frequency=100%)

Running/opposite running

direction are

and Pr.07-18.

limited by Pr.07-17

07-19		✓ Source of Torque Offset					
Control mode	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM F	actory Setting: 0		
	Settings	0	Disa	able	_		
		1	Ana	log input (Pr.03-00)			
		2	Tor	que offset setting (Pr.07-20)			
		3	Cor	ntrol by external terminal (by Pr.07-21 to Pr.07-23)			

- This parameter is the source of torque offset.
- When it is set to 3, the source of torque offset will decide to Pr.07-21, Pr.07-22 and Pr.07-23 by the multi-function input terminals setting (19, 20 or 21).

02-01~02-08 is set to 19	02-01~02-08 is set to 20	02-01~02-08 is set to 21	Torque offset
OFF	OFF	OFF	None
OFF	OFF	ON	07-25
OFF	ON	OFF	07-24
OFF	ON	ON	07-25+07-24
ON	OFF	OFF	07-23
ON	OFF	ON	07-23+07-25
ON	ON	OFF	07-23+07-24
ON	ON	ON	07-23+07-24+07-25

07-20 ✓ Torque Offset Setting	Unit: 0.1
Control SVC FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM mode	Factory Setting: 0.0
Settings 0.0 to 100.0%	

This parameter is torque offset. The motor rated torque is 100%.

07-21 ✓ High Torque Offset	Unit: 0.1
Control SVC FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM mode	Factory Setting: 30.0
Settings 0.0 to 100.0%	
07-22	Unit: 0.1
Control SVC FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM mode	Factory Setting: 20.0

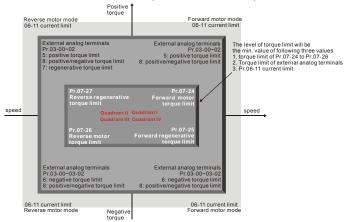
Settings 0.0 to 100.0%

	Chapter 4 Parameters VFD-VL
07-23 ✓ Low Torque Offset	Unit: 0.1
Control SVC FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM mode	Factory Setting: 10.0
Settings 0.0 to 100.0%	

When it is set to 3, the source of torque offset will decide to Pr.07-21, Pr.07-22 and Pr.07-23 by the multi-function input terminals setting (19, 20 or 21). The motor rated torque is 100%.

07-24		Unit: 1		
07-25				
07-26				
07-27	★ Reverse Regenerative Torque Limit Un			
Control mode	FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	Factory Setting: 200		
	Settings 0 to 500%			

The motor rated torque is 100%. The settings for Pr.07-24 to Pr.07-27 will compare with Pr.03-00=5, 6, 7, 8. The minimum of the comparison result will be torque limit.



Chapter 4	Chapter 4 Parameters					
07-28 ✓ Emergency Stop (EF) & Forced Stop Selection						
Control mode	VF	VFPG S	VC FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	Factory Setting: 0		
	Settings	0	Coast to stop			
		1	By deceleration Time 1			
		2	By deceleration Time 2			
		3	By deceleration Time 3			
		4	By deceleration Time 4			
		5-6	Reserved			

Ш When the multi-function input terminal is set to 10 or 14 and it is ON, the AC motor drive will be operated by Pr.07-28.



Group 8 PM Motor Parameters

08-00	Motor Auto	Motor Auto Tuning				
Control mode	FOCPM		Factory setting: 0			
'	Settings	0	No function			
		1	For the angle between magnetic field and PG origin (00-11)			
		2	For PM motor parameters			

- \Box For setting 1: It can auto measure the angle between magnetic field and PG origin. Please notice the following items when measuring:
 - 1 If brake is controlled by drive, the drive will act by the normal operation to finish tuning after wiring and setting brake control parameters.
 - 2. If brake is controlled by the host controller, it needs to make sure that brake is in release state before tuning.
- Ω For setting 2: Starting auto tuning by pressing RUN key and it will write the measure value into Pr.08-05 to Pr.08-07 (Rs, Lg).

The steps to AUTO-Tuning are: (Dynamic measure)

- 1 Make sure that all the parameters are set to factory settings and the motor wiring is correct.
- 2 Motor: Fill in Pr.08-01, Pr.08-02, Pr.08-03 and Pr.08-04 with correct values. Refer to motor capacity to set accel./decel. time.
- 3. When Pr.08-00 is set to 2, the AC motor drive will execute auto-tuning immediately after receiving a "RUN" command. (NOTE: the motor will run! The shaft needs to be locked with external force.)
- After executing, please check if all values are filled in Pr.08-05 and Pr.08-07. 4.



The rated speed can't be larger or equal to 120f/p.

08-01	Full-load C	Full-load Current of Motor				
Control mode	FOCPM		Factory setting: #.##			
	Settings	40 to 120%				

This value should be set according to the rated frequency of the motor as indicated on the motor nameplate. The factory setting is 90% X rated current.

Chapter 4 Parameters | V/=D-VL

Example: if the rated current for 7.5hp (5.5kW) models is 25A and the factory setting is 22.5A. In this way, the current range will be from 10A (25*40%) to 30A (25*120%).

08-02	∧ Rated Po	ower of Motor	Unit: 0.01
Control mode	FOCPM	_	Factory setting: #.##
	Settings	0.00 to 655.35 kW	
□ Iti	is used to set	t rated power of the motor. The factory sett	ing is the power of the drive.
08-03	✓ Rated Sp.	peed of Motor (rpm)	Unit: 1
Control mode	FOCPM		Factory setting: 1710
	Settings	0 to 65535	
	is used to set	t the rated speed of the motor and need to ameplate.	set according to the value indicated
08-04	Number of I	Motor Poles	
Control mode	FOCPM		Factory setting: 4
	Settings	2 to 48	
□ Iti	is used to set	t the number of motor poles (must be an ex	ven number).
08-05	Rs of Moto	r	Unit: 0.001
Control mode	FOCPM		Factory setting: 0.000
	Settings	0.000~65.535Ω	
08-06	Ld of Motor		Unit: 0.1
Control	FOCPM		Factory setting: 0.0
mode			Unit: 0.1
mode 08-07	Lq of Motor		Offit. 0.1
	Lq of Motor		Factory setting: 0.0
08-07 Control		0.0~6553.5mH	



08-09	Magnetic	Magnetic Field Re-orientation					
Control mode	FOCPM			Factory setting: 0			
	Settings	0	Disable				
		1	Enable				

This function is used for searching magnetic field position and only for permanent magnet motor.

08-10	Angle bet	ween Magnetic Field and PG Origin	Unit: 0.1
Control mode	FOCPM		Factory setting: 0.0
	Settings	0.0~360.0°	

This function is used to measure the angle between magnetic field and PG origin. \square

Group 9: Communication Parameters

When the AC motor drive is controlled by RS-485 serial communication, a converter, VFD-USB01 or IFD8500, should be connected between the AC motor drive and PC.

Serial interface



2: GND 3: SG-4: SG+

RS-485 5: NC 6: NC

09-00	Comm	nunicatio	n Addr	ess			
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM	Factory Setting: 1
	Settings	1	to 254				

 \Box If the AC motor drive is controlled by RS-485 serial communication, the communication address for this drive must be set via this parameter. And the communication address for each AC motor drive must be different and unique.

09-01	✓ Trans	smission	Speed			Unit: 0.1
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG FOCPM	Factory Setting: 9.6
	Settings	4.	8 to 11	5.2kbps		

Ш This parameter is used to set the transmission speed between the RS485 master (PLC, PC, etc.) and AC motor drive.

09-02	✓ Trans	✓ Transmission Fault Treatment									
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG FOCPM	Factory Setting: 3					
	Settings	0	٧	arn and	keep operating						
		1	W	Warn and RAMP to stop							
		2	R	Reserved							
		3	N	o action a	and no display						

Ш This parameter is set to how to react if transmission errors occur.

09-03	✓ Time	-out Det	tection			Unit: 0.1
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG FOCPM	Factory Setting: 0.0
	Settings	;	0.0 ~ 10	00.0 sec	(0.0: disable)	

It is used to set the communication time-out time.



09-04	✓ Comr	nunicatio	n Prot	ocol				
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM		Factory Setting: 13
	Settings	0	N	lodbus A	SCII mo	de, protocol <	7,N,1>	
		1	M	odbus A	SCII mod	de, protocol <	7,N,2>	
		2	M	odbus A	SCII mod	de, protocol <	7,E,1>	
		3	M	odbus A	SCII mod	de, protocol <	7,0,1>	
		4	M	odbus A	SCII mod	de, protocol <	7,E,2>	
		5	M	odbus A	SCII mod	de, protocol <	7,0,2>	
		6	M	odbus A	SCII mod	de, protocol <	8,N,1>	
		7	M	odbus A	SCII mod	de, protocol <	8,N,2>	
		8	M	odbus As	SCII mod	de, protocol <	8,E,1>	
		9	M	odbus As	SCII mod	de, protocol <	8,0,1>	
		10	M	odbus As	SCII mod	de, protocol <	8,E,2>	
		11	M	odbus As	SCII mod	de, protocol <	8,0,2>	
		12	M	odbus R	TU mode	e, protocol <8	,N,1>	
		13	M	odbus R	TU mode	e, protocol <8	,N,2>	
		14	M	odbus R	TU mode	e, protocol <8	,E,1>	
		15	M	odbus R	TU mode	e, protocol <8	,O,1>	
		16	M	odbus R	TU mode	e, protocol <8	,E,2>	
		17	M	odbus R	TU mode	e, protocol <8	,O,2>	

\square 1. Control by PC or PLC

- ★A VFD-VL can be set up to communicate on Modbus networks using one of the following modes: ASCII (American Standard Code for Information Interchange) or RTU (Remote Terminal Unit). Users can select the desired mode along with the serial port communication protocol in Pr.09-04.
- **★**Code Description:

ASCII mode:

Each 8-bit data is the combination of two ASCII characters. For example, a 1-byte data:

64 Hex, shown as '64' in ASCII, consists of '6' (36Hex) and '4' (34Hex).

Character	'0'	'1'	'2'	'3'	'4'	'5'	'6'	'7'
ASCII code	30H	31H	32H	33H	34H	35H	36H	37H

Character	'8'	'9'	'A'	'B'	,C,	'D'	'E'	'F'
ASCII code	38H	39H	41H	42H	43H	44H	45H	46H

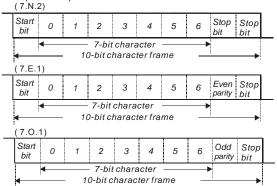
RTU mode:

Each 8-bit data is the combination of two 4-bit hexadecimal characters. For example, 64 Hex

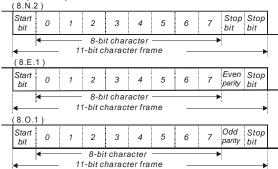
Chapter 4 Parameters | VIII-VI

2. Data Format

10-bit character frame (For ASCII):



11-bit character frame (For RTU):



3. Communication Protocol

3.1 Communication Data Frame:

ASCII mode:

STX	Start character ':' (3AH)
Address Hi	Communication address:
Address Lo	8-bit address consists of 2 ASCII codes
Function Hi	Command code:
Function Lo	8-bit command consists of 2 ASCII codes
DATA (n-1)	Contents of data:
to	Nx8-bit data consist of 2n ASCII codes
DATA 0	n<=16, maximum of 32 ASCII codes
LRC CHK Hi	LRC check sum:
LRC CHK Lo	8-bit check sum consists of 2 ASCII codes
END Hi	End characters:
END Lo	END1= CR (0DH), END0= LF(0AH)

RTU mode:

START	A silent interval of more than 10 ms
Address	Communication address: 8-bit address
Function	Command code: 8-bit command
DATA (n-1) to DATA 0	Contents of data: n×8-bit data, n<=16
CRC CHK Low	CRC check sum:
CRC CHK High	16-bit check sum consists of 2 8-bit characters
END	A silent interval of more than 10 ms

3.2 Address (Communication Address)

Valid communication addresses are in the range of 0 to 254. A communication address equal to 0, means broadcast to all AC drives (AMD). In this case, the AMD will not reply any message to the master device.

00H: broadcast to all AC drives

01H: AC drive of address 01

0FH: AC drive of address 15

10H: AC drive of address 16

FFH: AC drive of address 254

For example, communication to AMD with address 16 decimal (10H):

ASCII mode: Address='1'.'0' => '1'=31H. '0'=30H

RTU mode: Address=10H

3.3 Function (Function code) and DATA (data characters)

The format of data characters depends on the function code.

03H: read data from register 06H: write single register

08H: loop detection

10H: write multiple registers

The available function codes and examples for VFD-VL are described as follows:

(1) 03H: multi read, read data from registers.

Example: reading continuous 2 data from register address 2102H, AMD address is 01H.

ASCII mode:

Command message:

STX	
Address	΄Ο'
Addiess	'1'
	'0'
Function	'3'
	'2'
Starting data	'1'
address	΄Ο'
	'2'
Number of data	΄Ο'
(count by word)	'0'

Dooponoo moooogo

Response message.	
STX	
Address	'0'
Address	'1'
	'0'
Function	'3'
Number of data	'0'
(Count by byte)	'4'
Content of starting	'1'
address	'7'
2102H	'7'
210211	'0'

Chapter 4 Parameters | V=D-VL

Command message:

Communa moodage.	
	'0'
	'2'
LRC Check	'D'
LRC CHECK	'7'
END	CR
LIND	LF

Response message:

. toopenee meeeage.	
	·0'
Content of address	·0'
2103H	·0'
	'0'
LRC Check	'7'
LRC Check	'1'
END	CR
LIND	LF

RTU mode:

Command message:

Address	01H
Function	03H
Starting data	21H
address	02H
Number of data	00H
(count by word)	02H
CRC CHK Low	6FH
CRC CHK High	F7H

Response message:	
Address	01H
Function	03H
Number of data (count by byte)	04H
Content of address	17H
2102H	70H
Content of address	00H
2103H	00H
CRC CHK Low	FEH
CRC CHK High	5CH

(2) 06H: single write, write single data to register.

Example: writing data 6000(1770H) to register 0100H. AMD address is 01H.

ASCII mode:

Command message:

STX	٠.,
Address	'0'
	'1'
Function	'0'
1 diletion	'6'
	'0'
Data address	'1'
Data addiess	'0'
	'0'
	'1'
Data content	'7'
Data Content	'7'
	'0'
LRC Check	'7'
LING CHECK	'1'
END	CR
LIND	LF

Response message:	
STX	
Address	·0'
Audiess	'1'
Function	'0'
1 diletion	'6'
	'0'
Data address	'1'
Data address	'0'
	'0'
	'1'
Data content	'7'
Data Content	'7'
	·0'
LRC Check	'7'
LING GHECK	'1'
END	CR
LIND	LF

RTU mode:

Command message:

Address	01H
Function	06H
Data address	01H
Data address	00H
Data content	17H
Data Content	70H

Response message:

Address	01H
Function	06H
Data address	01H
Data address	00H
Data content	17H
Data content	70H

CRC CHK Low	86H
CRC CHK High	22H

Chapter 4 Parame	eters	/FD-VL
CRC CHK Low	86H	
CRC CHK High	22H	

(3) 10H: write multiple registers (write multiple data to registers)

Example: Set the multi-step speed,

Pr.04-00=50.00 (1388H), Pr.04-01=40.00 (0FA0H). AC drive address is 01H.

ASCII Mode:

Command mess	sage:
STX	.,,
Address 1	·0'
Address 0	'1'
Function 1	'1'
Function 0	'0'
	'0'
Starting data	' 5'
address	'0'
	'0'
	'0'
Number of data	'0'
(count by word)	'0'
	'2'
Number of data	'0'
(count by byte)	'4'
	'1'
The first data	'3'
content	'8'
	'8'
	'0'
The second data	'F'
content	'A'
	'0'
LRC Check	·9'
LIVO CHECK	'A'
END	CR
LIND	LF

Response message:	
STX	٠.,
Address 1	'0'
Address 0	'1'
Function 1	'1'
Function 0	'0'
	'0'
Starting data	' 5'
address	'0'
	'0'
	'0'
Number of data	'0'
(count by word)	'0'
	'2'
LRC Check	Έ'
LRC Check	'8'
END	CR
END	LF

RTU mode:

Command message:

Command message.	
Address	01H
Function	10H
Starting data	05H
address	00H
Number of data	00H'
(count by word)	02H
Number of data	04
(count by byte)	
The first data	13H
THO III OF GATA	
content	88H
content	88H
content The second data	88H 0FH
content The second data content	88H 0FH A0H

Resnonse message:

Response message.					
Address	01H				
Function	10H				
Starting data address	05H				
	00H				
Number of data	00H				
(count by word)	02H				
CRC Check Low	41H				
CRC Check High	04H				

Chapter 4 Parameters | V/=72-VL

3.4 Check sum

ASCII mode:

LRC (Longitudinal Redundancy Check) is calculated by summing up, module 256, the values of the bytes from ADR1 to last data character then calculating the hexadecimal representation of the 2's-complement negation of the sum.

For example, reading 1 word from address 0401H of the AC drive with address 01H.

STX	·.·
Address 1	'0'
Address 0	'1'
Function 1	'0'
Function 0	'3'
	'0'
Starting data address	'4'
Starting data address	'0'
	'1'
	'0'
Number of data	'0'
Number of data	'0'
	'1'
LRC Check 1	'F'
LRC Check 0	'6'
END 1	CR
END 0	LF

01H+03H+04H+01H+00H+01H=0AH, the 2's-complement negation of 0AH is **F6**H.

RTU mode:

Address	01H
Function	03H
Starting data address	21H
	02H
Number of data	00H
(count by word)	02H
CRC CHK Low	6FH
CRC CHK High	F7H

CRC (Cyclical Redundancy Check) is calculated by the following steps:

Step 1: Load a 16-bit register (called CRC register) with FFFFH.

Step 2: Exclusive OR the first 8-bit byte of the command message with the low order byte of the 16-bit CRC register, putting the result in the CRC register.

Step 3: Examine the LSB of CRC register.

Step 4: If the LSB of CRC register is 0, shift the CRC register one bit to the right with MSB zero filling, then repeat step 3. If the LSB of CRC register is 1, shift the CRC register one bit to the right with MSB zero filling, Exclusive OR the CRC register with the polynomial value A001H, then repeat step 3.

Step 5: Repeat step 3 and 4 until eight shifts have been performed. When this is done, a complete 8-bit byte will have been processed.

Step 6: Repeat step 2 to 5 for the next 8-bit byte of the command message. Continue doing this until all bytes have been processed. The final contents of the CRC register are the CRC value. When transmitting the CRC value in the message, the upper and lower bytes of the CRC value must be swapped, i.e. the lower order byte will be transmitted first.



The following is an example of CRC generation using C language. The function takes two arguments: Unsigned char* data ← a pointer to the message buffer

Unsigned char length ← the quantity of bytes in the message buffer

The function returns the CRC value as a type of unsigned integer.

Unsigned int crc chk(unsigned char* data, unsigned char length){

```
int j;
unsigned int reg_crc=0xFFFF;
while(length--){
 reg crc ^= *data++;
 for(i=0;i<8;i++)
   if(reg_crc & 0x01){ /* LSB(b0)=1 */
    reg_crc=(reg_crc>>1) ^ 0xA001;
  }else{
    reg crc=reg crc >>1;
  }
 }
}
return reg crc;
```

3.5 Address list

The contents of available addresses are shown as below:

Content	Address		Function	
AC drive Parameters	GGnnH	GG means parameter group, nn means parameter number, for example, the address of Pr 4-01 is 0401H. Referencing to chapter 5 for the function of each parameter. When reading parameter by command code 03H, only one parameter can be read at one time.		
Command Write only	2000H	0: No function 1: Stop 2: Run 3: Jog + Run		
		Bit 4-5	00B: No function 01B: FWD 10B: REV 11B: Change direction	
		Bit 6-7	00B: 1st accel/decel 01B: 2nd accel/decel 10B: 3rd accel/decel 11B: 4th accel/decel	
		Bit 8-11 Represented 16 step speeds.		
		Bit 12	1: disable bit 06-11	

Content			Function		
Content	Address	Bit 13~14 00B: No function			
		BIT 13~14			
			01B: operated by digital keypad		
			02B: operated by Pr.00-15 setting		
			03B: change operation source		
		Bit 15	Reserved		
	2001H	Frequency	command		
		Bit 0	1: EF (external fault) on		
	2002H	Bit 1	1: Reset		
		Bit 2	1: B.B. ON		
		Bit 3-15	Reserved		
	2100H		: refer to Pr.06-16 to Pr.06-21		
Status		Bit 0	1: FWD command		
monitor Read	2119H	Bit 1	1: Operation status		
only	211011	Bit 2	1: Jog command		
		Bit 3	1: REV command		
		Bit 4	1: REV command		
		Bit 8	Master frequency Controlled by communication interface		
		Bit 9	1: Master frequency controlled by analog/external		
			terminals signal 1: Operation command controlled by		
		Bit 10	communication interface		
		Bit 11	1: Parameters have been locked		
		Bit 12	1: enable to copy parameter from keypad		
		Bit 13-15	Reserved		
	2102H				
	2102H		command (F)		
		Output free			
	2104H		rent (AXXX.X)		
	2105H		oltage (UXXX.X)		
	2106H		tage (EXXX.X)		
	2107H		ep number of Multi-Step Speed Operation		
	2109H	Counter va			
	2116H		ion display (Pr.00-04)		
	211AH	Setting free			
	211BH		g frequency		
	211CH		ut frequency		
	2200H		Signal (XXX.XX %)		
	2201H		ser-defined setting		
	2203H		og input (XXX.XX %)		
	2204H		g input (XXX.XX %)		
	2205H		og input (XXX.XX %)		
	2206H		nperature of IGBT (°C)		
	2207H	Display temperature of heatsink (°C)			

3.6 Exception response:

The AC motor drive is expected to return a normal response after receiving command messages from the master device. The following depicts the conditions when no normal response is replied to the master device.

The AC motor drive does not receive the messages due to a communication error; thus, the AC motor drive has no response. The master device will eventually process a timeout condition.



The AC motor drive receives the messages without a communication error, but cannot handle them. An exception response will be returned to the master device and an error message "CExx" will be displayed on the keypad of AC motor drive. The xx of "CExx" is a decimal code equal to the exception code that is described below.

In the exception response, the most significant bit of the original command code is set to 1, and an exception code which explains the condition that caused the exception is returned.

Example of an exception response of command code 06H and exception code 02H:

ASCII mode:

STX	
Address Low	·0'
Address High	'1'
Function Low	'8'
Function High	'6'
Exception code	'0'
Exception code	'2'
LRC CHK Low	'7'
LRC CHK High	'7'
END 1	CR
END 0	LF

RTU mode:

Address	01H
Function	86H
Exception code	02H
CRC CHK Low	C3H
CRC CHK High	A1H

The explanation of exception codes:

Exception code	Explanation
01	Illegal function code: The function code received in the command message is not available for the AC motor drive.
02	Illegal data address: The data address received in the command message is not available for the AC motor drive.
03	Illegal data value: The data value received in the command message is not available for the AC drive.
04	Slave device failure: The AC motor drive is unable to perform the requested action.
10	Communication time-out: If Pr.09-03 is not equal to 0.0, Pr.09-02=0~1, and there is no communication on the bus during the Time Out detection period (set by Pr.09-03), "cE10" will be shown on the keypad.

09-05						
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG FOCPM	Factory Setting: 2.0
	Settings	0.	.0 ~ 200).0 ms		

 \Box This parameter is the response delay time after AC drive receives communication command as shown in the following.



Chapter 4 Parameters | V/372-VL



Reserved



Group 10 Speed Feedback Control Parameters

10-00	10-00 PG Card Type					
Control mode	VFPG FOCPG	TQR	PG FOCPM	Factory Setting: 0		
	Settings	0	No function	_		
		1	ABZ			
		2	ABZ+UVW			
		3	Heidenhain Absolute Position 1			

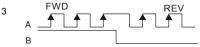
Ш When Pr.10-00 is set to 3, encoder will have one sine and one cosine signal for each revolution. The signal must be: 0.75 to 1.2Vpp for the amplitude with phase angle 90° ±5 elec. (EX: ERN 1185 ERN 1387)

10-01 Encoder Pulse	Unit: 1
Control VFPG FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM mode	Factory Setting: 600
Settings 1 to 20000	

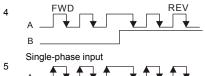
Ш A Pulse Generator (PG) or encoder is used as a sensor that provides a feedback signal of the motor speed. This parameter defines the number of pulses for each cycle of the PG control.

10-02	Encode	r Input T	ype Se	iting	
Control mode	VFPG	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM	Factory Setting: 0
	Settings		0 D	isable	
				hase A leads in a forward run command and poverse run command FWD REV	ohase B leads in a
				hase B leads in a forward run command and poverse run command	hase A leads in a

Phase A is a pulse input and phase B is a direction input. (low input=reverse direction, high input=forward direction)



Phase A is a pulse input and phase B is a direction input. (low input=forward direction, high input=reverse direction)



It is helpful for the stable control by inputting correct pulse type.

10-03		ck Fa	ult Treatment			
Control mode	VFPG FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM Factory Setting: 2					
	Settings	0	Warn and keep operation	_		
		1	Warn and RAMP to stop			
		2	Warn and stop operation			
10-04	✓ Detection Ti	me fo	or PG Feedback Fault	Unit: 0.1		
Control mode	VFPG FOCPG	TQF	RPG FOCPM	Factory Setting: 1.0		
	Settings	0.0 to	10.0 sec			

When PG loss, encoder signal error, pulse signal setting error or signal error, if time exceeds the detection time for PG feedback fault (Pr.10-04), the PG signal error will occur. Refer to the Pr.10-03 for PG feedback fault treatment.

10-05	⊮ PG St	all Level	Unit: 1
Control mode	VFPG	SVC FOCPG FOCPM	Factory Setting: 115
	Settings	0 to 120% (0: disable)	

This parameter determines the maximum PG feedback signal allowed before a fault occurs.

(max. output frequency Pr.01-00 =100%)

	_					Chapter 4 Parameters V/32-VL
10-06	⊮ PG St	all Det	ection Ti	me		Unit: 0.1
Control mode	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	FOCPM		Factory Setting: 0.1
	Settings	0	0.0 to 2.0	sec		·
10-07	⊮ PG SI	ip Ran	ge			Unit: 1
Control mode	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	FOCPM		Factory Setting: 50
	Settings	0	to 50%	(0: disable)		
10-08	⊮ PG SI	ip Dete	ection Tir	me		Unit: 0.1
Control mode	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	FOCPM		Factory Setting: 0.5
	Settings	C	0.0 to 10.	0 sec		
10-09	✓ PG St	all and	Slip Err	or Treatment		
Control mode	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	FOCPM		Factory Setting: 2
	Settings	C) V	arn and keep ope	erating	·
		1	V	arn and RAMP to	stop	
		2	2 V	arn and COAST	to stop	

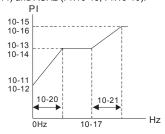
When the value of (rotation speed – motor frequency) exceeds Pr.10-07 setting, detection time exceeds Pr.10-08 or motor frequency exceeds Pr.10-05 setting, it will start to accumulate time. If detection time exceeds Pr.10-06, the PG feedback signal error will occur. Refer to Pr.10-09 PG stall and slip error treatment.

40.40	
10-10	Reserved

10-11	✓ ASR	(Auto Sp	eed Re	egulation) Control (P) of Zero Speed	Unit: 0.1
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG FOCPM	Factory Setting: 100.0
	Settings	s 0.	0 to 50	0.0%	
10-12	✓ ASR	(Auto Sp	eed Re	egulation) Control (I) of Zero Speed	Unit: 0.001
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG FOCPM	Factory Setting: 0.100
	Settings	s 0.	000 to	10.000 sec	

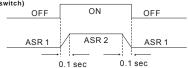
Chapter 4	Paramete	ers V/Z	7-VL					
10-13								
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	FOCPM	Factory Setting: 100.0		
	Settings	s 0.	0 to 50	0.0%				
10-14	✓ ASR	(Auto Sp	eed Re	egulation) control (I) 1	Unit: 0.001		
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	FOCPM	Factory Setting: 0.100		
	Settings	s 0.	000 to	10.000 s	ec			
10-15	✓ ASR	(Auto Sp	eed Re	egulation) control (P) 2	Unit: 0.1		
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	FOCPM	Factory Setting: 100.0		
	Settings	s 0.	0 to 50	0.0%				
10-16	✓ ASR	(Auto Sp	eed Re	egulation) control (I) 2	Unit: 0.001		
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	FOCPM	Factory Setting: 0.100		
	Settings	o.	000 to	10.000 s	ec			
10-17	✓ ASR	1/ASR2	Switch	Frequen	су	Unit: 0.01		
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	FOCPM	Factory Setting: 7.00		
	Settings	o.	00 o 12	20.00Hz				
-		0.	00: disa	able				

- \square ASR P determines Proportional control and associated gain (P). ASR I determines integral control and associated gain (I).
- When integral time is set to 0, it is disabled. Pr.10-17 defines the switch frequency for the ASR1 (Pr.10-13, Pr.10-14) and ASR2 (Pr.10-15, Pr.10-16).



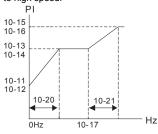
Ш When using multi-function input terminals to switch ASR1/ASR2, the diagram will be shown as follows.

Setting multi-function input terminal to 17 (ASR1/ASR2 switch)



10-18 / ASR Primary Low Pass Filter Gain	Unit: 0.001
Control VF VFPG SVC FOCPG FOCPM mode	Factory Setting: 0.008
Settings 0.000 to 0.350 sec	
☐ It defines the filter time of the ASR command.	
When setting to 1, this function is disabled.	
10-19 × Zero Speed Gain	Unit: 0.01
Control FOCPM mode	Factory Setting: 80.00
Settings 0.00 to 655.00%	
10-20 ✓ Zero Speed/ASR1 Width Adjustment	Unit: 0.01
Control VFPG FOCPG FOCPM mode	Factory Setting: 5.00
Settings 0.0 to 120.00Hz	
10-21 ✓ ASR1/ASR2 Width Adjustment	Unit: 0.01
Control VFPG FOCPG FOCPM mode	Factory Setting: 5.00

 \square These two parameters are used to decide width of slope of ASR command during zero speed to low speed or Pr.10-17 to high speed.



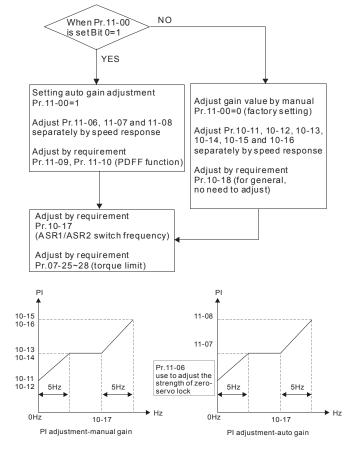
Settings

0.0 to 120.00Hz

Group 11 Advanced Parameters

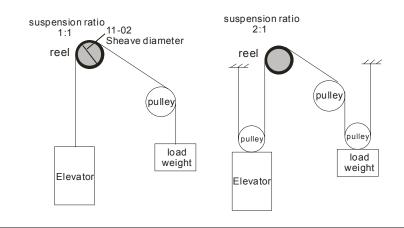
11-00	System Control							
Control mode	FOCPG FO	СРМ	Factory Setting: 0					
	Settings	Bit 0=0	No function					
		Bit 0=1	ASR Auto tuning, PDFF enable					
		Bit 7=1	When position control is enabled, it doesn't need to set Pr.07-02 (DC Brake Current Level)					

Bit 0=1: PDFF function is enabled and system will generate an ASR setting, Pr. 10-11~10-16 will be invalid and Pr.11-09 to 11-10 will be valid.





11-01			Unit: 0.01
Control mode	FOCPG FOCPM		Factory Setting: 1.00
	Settings 0.10	to 3.00 m/s	
11-02	✓ Sheave Diameter ✓ Sheave Dia	er	Unit: 1
Control mode	FOCPG FOCPM		Factory Setting: 400
	Settings 100	to 2000 mm	
11-03		r Ratio	Unit: 1
Control mode	FOCPG FOCPM		Factory Setting: 1
	Settings 1 to	100	
11-04	✓ Suspension Rat	io	Unit: 1
Control mode	FOCPG FOCPM		Factory Setting: 1
	Settings 1:	1:1	
	2:	2:1	



11-05	✓ Inertial Ra	tio	Unit: 1
Control mode	FOCPG FOCE	РМ	Factory Setting: 40
	Settings	1 to 300%	

Chapter 4 Parameters | V/FD-VL

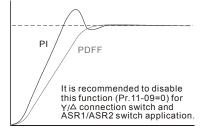
The load inertia can be calculated by the settings of motor parameter, Pr.11-02 Sheave
Diameter, Pr.11-14 Motor Current at Accel. and Pr.11-15 Elevator Acceleration. This
parameter can be used to adjust inertia ratio of load.

11-06	✓ Zero-spe	eed Bandwidth	Unit: 1			
11-07						
11-08						
Control mode	FOCPG FO	СРМ	Factory Setting: 10			
'	Settings	0 to 40Hz				

After estimating inertia and set Pr.11-00=1 (auto tuning), user can adjust parameters Pr.11-06, 11-07 and 11-08 separately by speed response. The larger number you set, the faster response you will get. Pr.10-08 is the switch frequency for low-speed/high-speed bandwidth.

11-09	✓ PDFF Gai	n Value	Unit: 1
Control mode	FOCPG FOCI	PM	Factory Setting: 30
	Settings	0 to 200%	

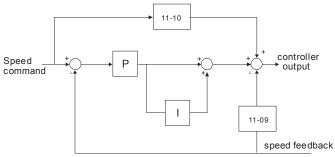
- After finishing estimating and set Pr.11-00=1 (auto tuning), using Pr.11-09/11-10 to reduce overshoot. Please adjust PDFF gain value by actual situation.
- Besides traditional PI control, it also provides PDFF function to reduce overshoot for speed control.
 - 1. Get system inertia
 - 2. Set Pr.11-00 to 1
 - 3. Adjust Pr.11-09/11-10 (the larger number is set and the suppressed overshoot function will be better. But it needs to be used by the actual condition)





	_		Chapter 4 Farameters 172241
11-10	✓ Gain for S	Speed Feed Forward	Unit: 1
Control mode	FOCPG FOO	СРМ	Factory Setting: 0
	Settings	0 to 500	

Ш Pr.11-09 and Pr.11-10 will be enabled when Pr.11-00 is set to Bit0=1.



11-11	✓ Notch Filter Depth	Unit: 1
Control mode	FOCPG FOCPM	Factory Setting: 0
	Settings 0 to 20 db	
11-12	✓ Notch Filter Frequency	Unit: 0.01
Control mode	FOCPG FOCPM	Factory Setting: 0.00
	Settings 0.00 to 200.00Hz	

- ш This parameter is used to set resonance frequency of mechanical system. It can be used to suppress the resonance of mechanical system.
- ш The larger number you set Pr.11-11, the better suppression resonance function you will get.
- Ш The notch filter frequency is the resonance of mechanical frequency.

11-13	✓ Low-pass Filter Time of Keypad Display				Unit: 0.001		
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG	TQRPG	FOCPM	Factory Setting: 0.500
	Settings	0.	001 to	35.535 m	ıs		

Ш It is used to lower the blinking frequency of LCD display.

Chapter 4	Parameters 1	/FD-VL		
11-14	✓ Motor Curi	rent at Accel.	Unit: 1	
Control mode	FOCPM			Factory Setting: 150
	Settings	50 to 200%		
11-15	Elevator Acce	eleration		Unit: 0.1
Control mode	FOCPM			Factory Setting: 0.75
	Settings	0.60 to 2.00m/s		
11-16	Reserved			
	_			
11-17	Reserved			
	_			
11-18	Reserved	_		



Group 12 User-defined Parameters

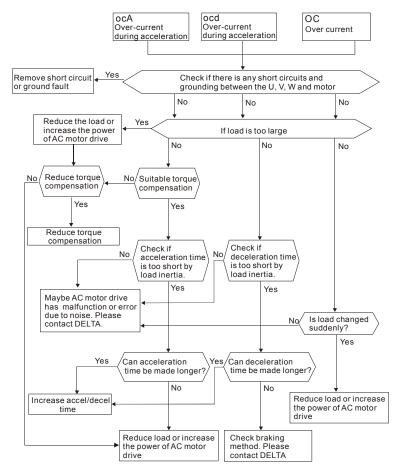
12-00 12-31	User-defined Parameters					
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM		Factory Setting: -
	Settings	S	-			

Group 13 View User-defined Parameters

13-00 13-31	View User-defined Parameters					
Control mode	VF	VFPG	svc	FOCPG TQRPG FOCPM	Factory Setting: -	
	Settings	i	-			

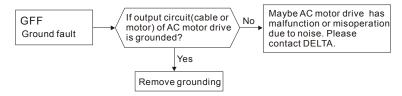
Chapter 5 Troubleshooting

5.1 Over Current (OC)

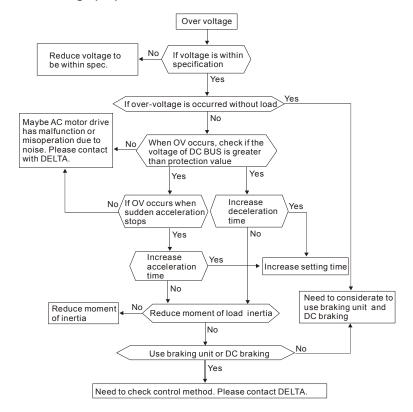




5.2 Ground Fault

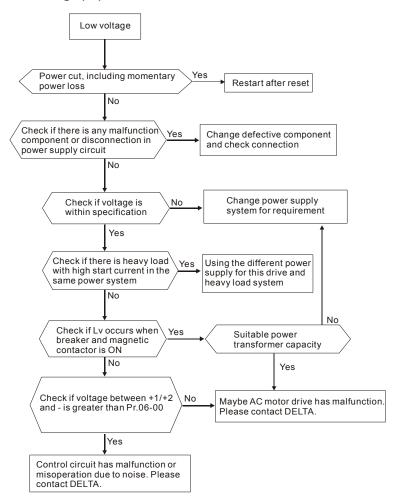


5.3 Over Voltage (OV)



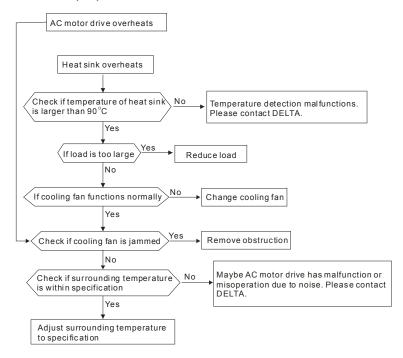


5.4 Low Voltage (Lv)

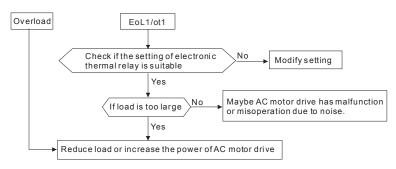




5.5 Over Heat (OH)

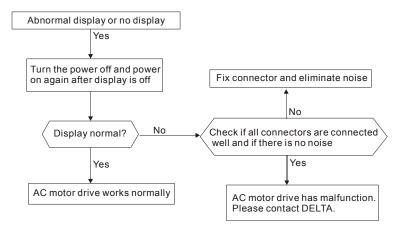


5.6 Overload

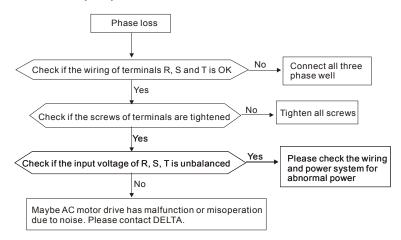




5.7 Display of KPVL-CC01 is Abnormal

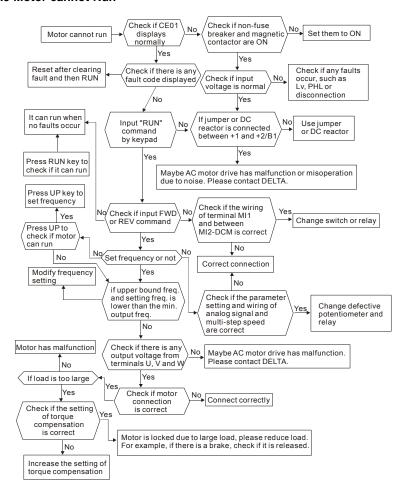


5.8 Phase Loss (PHL)



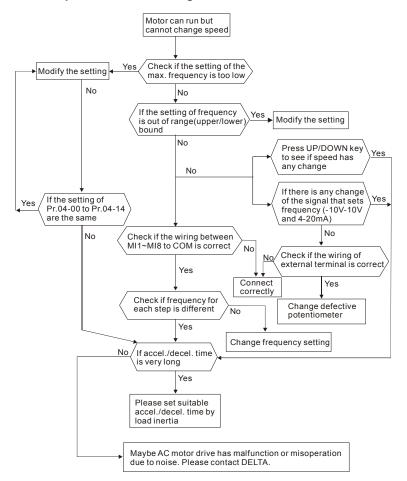


5.9 Motor cannot Run



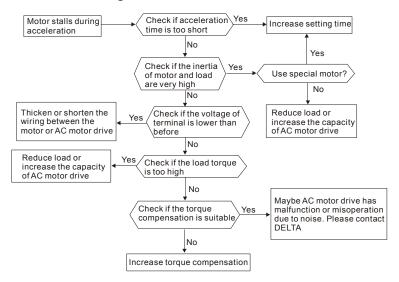


5.10 Motor Speed cannot be Changed

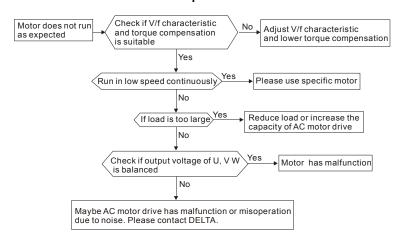




5.11 Motor Stalls during Acceleration



5.12 The Motor does not Run as Expected





5.13 Electromagnetic/Induction Noise

There are many noises surround the AC motor drives and invade it by radiation or power circuit. It may cause the misoperation of control circuit and even damage the AC motor drive. Of course, that is a solution to increase the noise tolerance of AC motor drive. But it is not the best one due to the limit. Therefore, solve it from the outside as following will be the best.

- 1 Add surge killer on the relay or contact to suppress switching surge between ON/OFF.
- 2 Shorten the wiring length of the control circuit or serial circuit and separate from the main circuit wiring.
- 3. Comply with the wiring regulation for those shielded wire and use isolation amplifier for long wire.
- 4. The grounding terminal should comply with the local regulation and ground independently, i.e. not to have common ground with electric welding machine and power equipment.
- 5 Connect a noise filter at the input terminal of the AC motor drive to prevent noise from power circuit.

In a word, three-level solutions for electromagnetic noise are "no product", "no spread" and "no receive"

5.14 Environmental Condition

Since AC motor drive is an electronic device, you should comply with the environmental condition stated in the appendix A. Following are the remedial measures for necessary.

- 1. To prevent vibration, anti-vibration spacer is the last choice. The vibration tolerance must be within the specification. The vibration effect is equal to the mechanical stress and it cannot occur frequently, continuously or repeatedly to prevent damaging AC motor drive.
- 2. Store in a clean and dry location free from corrosive fumes/dust to prevent rustiness, poor contact. It also may cause short by low insulation in a humid location. The solution is to use both paint and dust-proof. For particular occasion, use the enclosure with whole-seal structure
- 3 The surrounding temperature should be within the specification. Too high or low temperature will affect the lifetime and reliability. For semiconductor components, damage will occur once any specification is out of range. Therefore, it is necessary to clean and periodical check for the air cleaner and cooling fan besides having cooler and sunshade.

Chapter 5 Troubleshooting | V=D-VL

In additional, the microcomputer may not work in extreme low temperature and needs to have heater

4. Store within a relative humidity range of 0% to 90% and non-condensing environment. Do not turn off the air conditioner and have exsiccator for it.

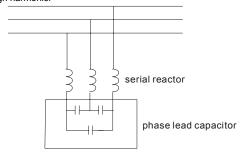
5.15 Affecting Other Machines

AC motor drive may affect the operation of other machine due to many reasons. The solutions are as follows.

■ High Harmonic at Power Side

If there is high harmonic at power side during running, the improved methods are:

- 1. Separate power system: use transformer for AC motor drive.
- Use reactor at the power input terminal of AC motor drive or decrease high harmonic by multiple circuit.
- If there is phase lead capacitor, it should use serial reactor to prevent capacitor damage from high harmonic.



Motor Temperature Rises

When the motor is induction motor with ventilation-cooling-type used in variety speed operation, bad cooling will happen in the low speed. Therefore, it may overheat. Besides, high harmonic is in output waveform to increase copper loss and iron loss. Following measures should be used by load situation and operation range when necessary.

- 1. Use the motor with independent power ventilation or increase the horsepower.
- 2. Use inverter duty motor.
- 3. Do NOT run in the low speed

Chapter 6 Fault Code Information and Maintenance

6.1 Fault Code Information

The AC motor drive has a comprehensive fault diagnostic system that includes several different alarms and fault messages. Once a fault is detected, the corresponding protective functions will be activated. The following faults are displayed as shown on the AC motor drive digital keypad display. The six most recent faults can be read from the digital keypad or communication.

The AC motor drive is made up by numerous components, such as electronic components, including IC, resistor, capacity, transistor, and cooling fan, relay, etc. These components can't be used permanently. They have limited-life even under normal operation. Preventive maintenance is required to operate this AC motor drive in its optimal condition, and to ensure a long life.

Basic check-up items to detect if there were any abnormalities during operation are:

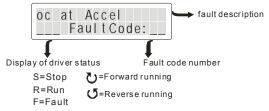


- Wait 5 seconds after a fault has been cleared before performing reset via keypad of input terminal.
- When the power is off after 5 minutes for ≤ 22kW models and 10 minutes for ≥ 30kW models, please confirm that the capacitors have fully discharged by measuring the voltage between DC+ and DC-. The voltage between DC+ and DC- should be less than 25VDC.
- Only qualified personnel can install, wire and maintain AC motor drives.
 Please take off any metal objects, such as watches and rings, before operation. And only insulated tools are allowed.
- Never reassemble internal components or wiring.
- Make sure that installation environment comply with regulations without abnormal noise, vibration and smell.



6.1.1 Common Problems and Solutions

Following fault name will only be displayed when using with optional digital keypad KPVL-CC01.



Display	Description
	Over-current during acceleration
	(Output current exceeds triple rated current during acceleration.)
oc at Accel Fo Fault Code: 01	Corrective Actions: Short-circuit at motor output: Check for possible poor insulation at the output lines. Acceleration Time too short: Increase the Acceleration Time. AC motor drive output power is too small: Replace the AC motor drive with the next higher power model.
oc at Decel Fo FaultCode: 02	Over-current during deceleration (Output current exceeds triple rated current during deceleration.) Corrective Actions: 1. Short-circuit at motor output: Check for possible poor insulation at the output line. 2. Deceleration Time too short: Increase the Deceleration Time. 3. AC motor drive output power is too small: Replace the
	AC motor drive with the next higher power model.
	Over-current during steady state operation (Output current exceeds triple rated current during constant speed.)
oc at Normal SPD Fa FaultCode: 03	Corrective Actions: Short-circuit at motor output: Check for possible poor insulation at the output line. Sudden increase in motor loading: Check for possible motor stall. AC motor drive output power is too small: Replace the AC motor drive with the next higher power model.

Display	Description
	Ground fault
Ground Fault Fo Fault Code: 04	Corrective Actions: When (one of) the output terminal(s) is grounded, short circuit current is more than 50% of AC motor drive rated current, the AC motor drive power module may be damaged. NOTE: The short circuit protection is provided for AC motor drive protection, not for protection of the user. 1. Check the wiring connections between the AC motor drive and motor for possible short circuits, also to ground. 2. Check whether the IGBT power module is damaged. 3. Check for possible poor insulation at the output line.
Short Fault Fo Fault Code: 05	Short-circuit is detected between upper bridge and lower bridge of the IGBT module. Corrective Actions: Return to the factory
oc at Stop Fo FaultCode: 06	Over-current at stop Corrective Actions: Return to the factory
ov at Accel Fo FaultCode: 07	DC BUS over-voltage during acceleration (230V: DC 450V; 460V: DC 900V) Corrective Actions: 1. Check if the input voltage falls within the rated AC motor drive input voltage range. 2. Check for possible voltage transients. 3. If DC BUS over-voltage due to regenerative voltage, please increase the Deceleration Time or add an optional brake resistor.
ov at Decel Fo FaultCode: 08	DC BUS over-voltage during deceleration (230V: DC 450V; 460V: DC 900V) Corrective Actions: 1. Check if the input voltage falls within the rated AC motor drive input voltage range. 2. Check for possible voltage transients. 3. If DC BUS over-voltage due to regenerative voltage, please increase the Deceleration Time or add an optional brake resistor.
ov at Normal SPD Fo FaultCode: 09	DC BUS over-voltage during constant speed (230V: DC 450V; 460V: DC 900V) Corrective Actions: 1. Check if the input voltage falls within the rated AC motor drive input voltage range. 2. Check for possible voltage transients. 3. If DC BUS over-voltage due to regenerative voltage, please increase the Deceleration Time or add an optional brake resistor.

apter 6 Fault Code Information and	Maintenance V >> V
Display	Description
ov at Stop Fo FaultCode: 10	DC BUS over-voltage at stop Corrective Actions: 1. Check if the input voltage falls within the rated AC motor drive input voltage range. 2. Check for possible voltage transients.
Lv at Accel Fo FaultCode: 11	DC BUS voltage is less than Pr.06-00 during acceleration. Corrective Actions: 1. Check if the input voltage is normal 2. Check for possible sudden load
Lv at Decel Fo FaultCode: 12	DC BUS voltage is less than Pr.06-00 during deceleration. Corrective Actions: 1. Check if the input voltage is normal 2. Check for possible sudden load
Lv at Normal SPD Fo FaultCode:13	DC BUS voltage is less than Pr.06-00 during constant speed. Corrective Actions: 1. Check if the input voltage is normal 2. Check for possible sudden load
Lv at Stop Fo FaultCode: 14	Corrective Actions: 1. Check if the input voltage is normal 2. Check for possible sudden load
Phase Loss Fo Fault Code: 15	Phase loss Corrective Actions: Check Power Source Input if all 3 input phases are connected without loose contacts.
I GBT Over Heat Fo Fault Code: 16	IGBT overheating IGBT temperature exceeds protection level 1 to15HP: 90 °C 20 to 100HP: 100 °C Corrective Actions: 1. Ensure that the ambient temperature falls within the specified temperature range. 2. Make sure that the ventilation holes are not obstructed. 3. Remove any foreign objects from the heatsinks and check for possible dirty heat sink fins. 4. Check the fan and clean it. 5. Provide enough spacing for adequate ventilation.
Ther mo 1 Open Fo Fault Code: 18	OH1 hardware failure Corrective Actions: Return to the factory

	Chapter 6 Fault Code Information and Maintenance
Display	Description
Fan Locked Fa FaultCode: 20	Fan failure Corrective Actions: 1. Make sure that the fan is not obstructed. 2. Return to the factory
Inverter oL Fo FaultCode: 21	Overload The AC motor drive detects excessive drive output current. NOTE: The AC motor drive can withstand up to 150% of the rated current for a maximum of 60 seconds. Corrective Actions: 1. Check whether the motor is overloaded. 2. Take the next higher power AC motor drive model. Motor 1 overload
Ther mal Relay 1 Fo Fault Code: 22	Corrective Actions: Check whether the motor is overloaded. Check whether the rated current of motor (Pr.05-01) is suitable Take the next higher power AC motor drive model.
Motor Over Heat Fo FaultCode: 24	Motor overheating The AC motor drive detects that the internal temperature exceeds Pr.06-30 (PTC level) Corrective Actions: 1. Make sure that the motor is not obstructed. 2. Ensure that the ambient temperature falls within the specified temperature range. 3. Take the next higher power AC motor drive model.
Over Torque 1 Fo Fault Code: 26	Corrective Actions: 1. Check whether the motor is overloaded. 2. Check whether motor rated current setting (Pr.05-01) is suitable 3. Check electronic thermal relay function 4. Take the next higher power AC motor drive model.
Over Torque 2 Fo FaultCode: 27	Electronic Thermal Relay 2 Protection Corrective Actions: 1. Check whether the motor is overloaded. 2. Check whether motor rated current setting (Pr.05-01) is suitable 3. Check electronic thermal relay function 4. Take the next higher power AC motor drive model. Internal EEPROM can not be programmed.
EEPROM Write Err Fo FaultCode: 30	Corrective Actions: 1. Press "RESET" key to the factory setting. 2. Return to the factory.

Display	Description			
	Internal EEPROM can not be read.			
EEPROM Read Err Fo Fault Code: 31	Corrective Actions: 1. Press "RESET" key to the factory setting. 2. Return to the factory.			
	Hardware failure in current detection			
Isum Sensor Err Fo Fault Code: 32	Corrective Actions: Re-power on to try it. If fault code is still displayed on the keypad, please return to the factory. U-phase error			
las Sensor Err Fo Fault Code: 33	Corrective Actions: Re-power on to try it. If fault code is still displayed on the keypad, please return to the factory.			
	V-phase error			
lbs Sensor Err Fo FaultCode: 34	Corrective Actions: Re-power on to try it. If fault code is still displayed on the keypad, please return to the factory.			
	W-phase error			
Ics Sensor Err Fo FaultCode: 35	Corrective Actions: Re-power on to try it. If fault code is still displayed on the keypad, please return to the factory.			
	CC (current clamp)			
cc HW Error Fo FaultCode: 36	Corrective Actions: Re-power on to try it. If fault code is still displayed on the keypad, please return to the factory.			
	OC hardware error			
oc HW Error Fo Fault Code: 37	Corrective Actions: Re-power on to try it. If fault code is still displayed on the keypad, please return to the factory.			
	OV hardware error			
ov HW Error Fo Fault Code: 38	Corrective Actions: Re-power on to try it. If fault code is still displayed on the keypad, please return to the factory.			
	GFF hardware error			
GFF HW Error Fo Fault Code: 39	Corrective Actions: Re-power on to try it. If fault code is still displayed on the keypad, please return to the factory.			
	Auto tuning error			
Auto Tuning Err Fo FaultCode: 40	Corrective Actions: 1. Check cabling between drive and motor 2. Check the motor capacity and parameters settings 3. Retry again			

Fault Code: 48 Fa

- Check the ACI wiring
- Check if the ACI signal is less than 4mA

External Fault

External Fault Fo Fault Code: 49

Corrective Actions:

- Input EF (N.O.) on external terminal is closed to GND. Output U, V, W will be turned off.
 - Give RESET command after fault has been cleared.

Display	Maintenance V
	Emergency stop
Emer gency Stop For Faul t Code: 50	Corrective Actions: 1. When the multi-function input terminals MI1 to MI8 are set to emergency stop and the AC motor drive stops output. 2. Press RESET after fault has been cleared.
	Base Block
Base Block Fo FaultCode: 51	Corrective Actions: 1. When the multi-function input terminals MI1 to MI8 are set to base block and the AC motor drive stops output. 2. Press RESET after fault has been cleared.
	Password is locked
Password Error Fo Fault Code: 52	Corrective Actions: Keypad will be locked. Turn the power ON after power OFF to re-enter the correct password. See Pr.00-07 and 00-08.
	Illegal function code
PC Err Command Fa FaultCode: 54	Corrective Actions: Check if the function code is correct (function code must be 03, 06, 10, 63)
	Illegal data length
PC Err Address Fa FaultCode: 55	Corrective Actions: Check if the communication data length is correct.
DO 5 Dol o	Illegal data value
PC Err Data Fo FaultCode: 56	Corrective Actions: Check if the data value exceeds max./min. value.
PC Slave Fault Fo FaultCode: 57	illegal communication address Corrective Actions:
	Check if the communication address is correct. Communication time-out
PC Time Out Fa FaultCode: 58	Corrective Actions: Check if the wiring for the communication is correct.
	Keypad (KPVL-CC01) communication time-out
PU Time Out For FaultCode: 59	Corrective Actions: 1. Check if the wiring for the communication is correct 2. Check if there is any wrong with the keypad
	Brake chopper error

Corrective Actions:

Press RESET key to correct it. If fault code is still displayed on the keypad, please return to the factory.

Braking Fault Fo Fault Code: 60

Display	Description		
Safety Relay Err Fo Fault Code: 63	Corrective Actions: Check if the jumper JP18 is short circuit. Re-power on to try it. If fault code is still displayed on the keypad, please return to the factory.		

6.1.2 Reset

There are three methods to reset the AC motor drive after solving the fault:

- Press RESET key on KPVL-CC01.
- 2. Set external terminal to "RESET" and then set to be ON.
- Send "RESET" command by communication.



Make sure that RUN command or signal is OFF before executing RESET to prevent damage or personal injury due to immediate operation.



6.2 Maintenance and Inspections

Before the check-up, always turn off the AC input power and remove the cover. Wait at least 10 minutes after all display lamps have gone out, and then confirm that the capacitors have fully discharged by measuring the voltage between DC+ and DC-. The voltage between DC+ and DCshould be less than 25VDC.

Ambient environment

	Methods and Criterion		Maintenance Period		
Check Items			Half Year	One Year	
Check the ambient temperature, humidity, vibration and see if there are any dust, gas, oil or water drops	Visual inspection and measurement with equipment with standard specification	0			
If there are any dangerous objects	Visual inspection	0			

Voltage

Check Items	Methods and Criterion		Maintenance Period		
			Half Year	One Year	
Check if the voltage of main circuit and control circuit is correct	Measure with multimeter with standard specification	0			

Keypad

Charle Harris	Methods and Criterion		Maintenance Period		
Check Items			Half Year	One Year	
Is the display clear for reading	Visual inspection	0			
Any missing characters	Visual inspection	0			



Mechanical parts

2			Maintenance Period			
Check Items	Methods and Criterion	Daily	Half Year	One Year		
If there is any abnormal sound or vibration	Visual and aural inspection		0			
If there are any loose screws	Tighten the screws		0			
If any part is deformed or damaged	Visual inspection		0			
If there is any color change by overheating	Visual inspection		0			
If there is any dust or dirt	Visual inspection		0			

Main circuit

Check Items Methods and Criterion			Maintenance Period			
	Daily	Half Year	One Year			
If there are any loose or missing screws	Tighten or replace the screw	0				
If machine or insulator is deformed, cracked, damaged or with color change due to overheating or ageing	Visual inspection NOTE: Please ignore the color change of copper plate		0			
If there is any dust or dirt	Visual inspection		0			

Terminals and wiring of main circuit

Check Items	Maria da cada da Maria da		Maintenance Period			
	Methods and Criterion	Daily	Half Year	One Year		
If the terminal or the plate is color change or deformation due to overheat	Visual inspection		0			
If the insulator of wiring is damaged or color change	Visual inspection		0			
If there is any damage	Visual inspection	0				



DC capacity of main circuit

Check Items			Maintenance Period			
	Methods and Criterion	Daily	Half Year	One Year		
If there is any leak of liquid, color change, crack or deformation	Visual inspection	0				
If the safety valve is not removed? If valve is inflated?	Visual inspection	0				
Measure static capacity when required		0				

Resistor of main circuit

Check Items			Maintenance Period			
	Methods and Criterion	Daily	Half Year	One Year		
If there is any peculiar smell or insulator cracks due to overheat	Visual inspection, smell	0				
If there is any disconnection	Visual inspection	0				
If connection is damaged?	Measure with multimeter with standard specification	0				

Transformer and reactor of main circuit

Check Items	Methods and Criterion		Maintenance Period			
			Half Year	One Year		
If there is any abnormal vibration or peculiar smell	Visual, aural inspection and smell	0				



Magnetic contactor and relay of main circuit

Check Items	Methods and Criterion		Maintenance Period			
			Half Year	One Year		
If there are any loose screws	Visual and aural inspection	0				
If the contact works correctly	Visual inspection	0				

Printed circuit board and connector of main circuit

Check Items			Maintenance Period			
	Methods and Criterion	Daily	Half Year	One Year		
If there are any loose screws and connectors	Tighten the screws and press the connectors firmly in place.		0			
If there is any peculiar smell and color change	Visual and smell inspection		0			
If there is any crack, damage, deformation or corrosion	Visual inspection		0			
If there is any liquid is leaked or deformation in capacity	Visual inspection		0			

■ Cooling fan of cooling system

Check Items			Maintenance Period			
	Methods and Criterion	Daily	Half Year	One Year		
If there is any abnormal sound or vibration	Visual, aural inspection and turn the fan with hand (turn off the power before operation) to see if it rotates smoothly		0			
If there is any loose screw	Tighten the screw		0			
If there is any color change due to overheat	Change fan		0			



Ventilation channel of cooling system

Check Items	Methods and Criterion		Maintenance Period			
			Half Year	One Year		
If there is any obstruction in the heat sink, air intake or air outlet	Visual inspection		0			



Please use the neutral cloth for clean and use dust cleaner to remove dust when necessary.

Appendix A Specifications

There are 230V and 460V models for customers to choose by their requirement.

	Voltage Class			230V	Class		
	Model Number VFD-XXXVL	055	075	110	150	185	220
Ma	ax. Applicable Motor Output (kW)	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22
Ma	ax. Applicable Motor Output (hp)	7.5	10	15	20	25	30
	Rated Output Capacity (kVA)	9.5	12.5	19	25	29	34
Rating	Rated Output Current for Constant Torque (A)	21.9	27.1	41.1	53	70	79
ıt Rat	Rated Output Current for Variable Torque (A)	25	31	47	60	80	90
Output	Maximum Output Voltage (V)		3-Ph	ase Proportio	nal to Input Vo	oltage	
Ō	Output Frequency (Hz)			0.00~12	20.00 Hz		
	Carrier Frequency (kHz)		12kHz			9kHz	
ō	Rated Input Current (A)	25	33	52	63	68	79
Rating	Rated Voltage/Frequency				hase /, 50/60Hz		
put	Voltage Tolerance	±10%(180~264 V)					
드	Frequency Tolerance	±5%(47~63 Hz)					
	ooling Method				Cooled		
V	/eight (kg)	8	10	10	13	13	13

	Voltage Class			460V	Class			
	Model Number VFD-XXXVL	055	075	110	150	185	220	
M	ax. Applicable Motor Output (kW)	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5	22	
M	ax. Applicable Motor Output (hp)	7.5	10	15	20	25	30	
	Rated Output Capacity (kVA)	9.9	13.7	18	24	29	34	
Rating	Rated Output Current for Constant Torque (A)	12.3	15.8	21	27	34	41	
ut Rat	Rated Output Current for Variable Torque (A)	14	18	24	31	39	47	
Output	Maximum Output Voltage (V)	3-phase Proportional to Input Voltage						
0	Output Frequency (Hz)			0.00~12	20.00 Hz			
	Carrier Frequency (kHz)		12kHz			9kHz		
	Reted Input Current (A)	3-phase 380~480V						
Rating	Rated Input Current (A)	12	17	25	27	35	42	
Ra	Rated Voltage		3-	phase 380 to	480 V, 50/60H	-lz		
nbnt	Voltage Tolerance			±10%(34	2~528 V)			
_	Frequency Tolerance	±5%(47~63 Hz)						
С	ooling Method			Fan (Cooled			
V	/eight (kg)	8	10	10	13	13	13	



	, ,	General Specifications					
	Control System	1: V/f, 2: VF+PG, 3: SVC, 4: FOC+PG, 5: TQR+PG, 6:FOC+PG(PM)					
	Start Torque	Starting torque is 150% at 0.5Hz and 0Hz with FOC + PG control mode					
	Speed Control Range	1:100 Sensorless vector (up to 1:1000 when using PG card)					
	Speed Control Resolution	$\pm 0.5\%$ Sensorless vector (up to $\pm 0.02\%$ when using PG card)					
ics	Speed Response Ability	5Hz (up to 30Hz for vector control)					
erist	Max. Output Frequency	0.00 to 120.00Hz					
act	Output Frequency Accuracy	Digital command $\pm 0.005\%$, analog command $\pm 0.5\%$					
Control Characteristics	Frequency Setting Resolution	Digital command ± 0.01 Hz, analog command: 1/4096(12-bit) of the max. output frequency					
rt c	Torque Limit Max. is 200% torque current						
රි	Torque Accuracy	rque Accuracy ±5%					
	Accel/Decel Time	e 0.00 to 600.00/0.0 to 6000.0 seconds					
	V/f Curve	Adjustable V/f curve using 4 independent points and square curve					
	Frequency Setting Signal	0-+10V, ±10V, 4~20mA					
	Brake Torque	About 20%					
	Motor Protection	Electronic thermal relay protection					
<u>S</u>	Over-current Protection	The current forces 220% of the over-current protection and 300% of the rated current					
cterist	Ground Leakage Current Protection	Higher than 50% rated current					
ara	Overload Ability	Constant torque: 150% for 60 seconds, variable torque: 200% for 3 seconds					
ō	Over-voltage Protection	Over-voltage level: Vdc > 400/800V; low-voltage level: Vdc < 200/400V					
Protection Characteristics	Over-voltage Protection for the Input Power	Varistor (MOV)					
Pro	Over-temperature Protection	Built-in temperature sensor					
	Compensation for the Momentory Power Loss	Up to 5 seconds for parameter setting					
_SI	Protection Level	NEMA 1/IP20					
Environmental Conditions	Operation Temperature	-10°C to 45°C					
ပိ	Storage Temperature -20°C to 60°C						
nenta	Ambient Humidity	Below 90% RH (non-condensing)					
ironr	Vibration 9.80665m/s² (1G) less than 20Hz, 5.88m/s² (0.6G) at 20 to 50Hz						
Env	Installation Location	Altitude 1,000 m or lower, keep from corrosive gasses, liquid and dust					
Ap	pprovals	(€					

Appendix B Accessories

General Precautions



- This VFD-VL AC motor drive has gone through rigorous quality control tests at the factory before shipment. If the package is damaged during shipping, please contact your dealer.
- The accessories produced by Delta are only for using with Delta AC motor drive. Do NOT use with other drive to prevent damage.

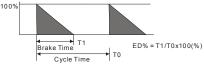
Voltage		icable otor	Full Load Torque	Resistor value spec for each AC Motor	Brake Torque 10%ED	Min. Equivalent Resistor Value for each
%	hp	kW	Nm	Drive	10%ED	AC Motor Drive
	7.5	5.5	3.111	2400W 16Ω	125	16 Ω
Series	10	7.5	4.148	3000W 12 Ω	125	12 Ω
Ser	15	11	6.186	4800W 9Ω	125	9Ω
<u>~</u>	20	15	8.248	4800W 6.8Ω	125	6.8Ω
230V	25	18.5	10.281	6000W 6Ω	125	6Ω
	30	22	12.338	9600W 5Ω	125	5Ω
	7.5	5.5	3.111	500W 50 Ω	125	50 Ω
Series	10	7.5	4.148	1000W 40Ω	125	40 Ω
Ser	15	11	6.186	1000W 33Ω	125	33 Ω
<u> </u>	20	15	8.248	1500W 25Ω	125	25 Ω
460V	25	18.5	10.281	4800W 21 Ω	125	21Ω
	30	22	12.338	4800W 19Ω	125	19Ω

B.1 All Brake Resistors & Brake Units Used in AC Motor Drives



- 1. Please select the recommended resistance value (Watt) and the duty-cycle value (ED%).
- 2. Definition for Brake Usage ED%

Explanation: The definition of the brake usage ED(%) is for assurance of enough time for the brake unit and brake resistor to dissipate away heat generated by braking. When the brake resistor heats up, the resistance would increase with temperature, and brake torque would decrease accordingly. Recommended cycle time is one minute.



- 3. For safety consideration, install an overload relay between the brake unit and the brake resistor. In conjunction with the magnetic contactor (MC) prior to the drive, it can perform complete protection against abnormality. The purpose of installing the thermal overload relay is to protect the brake resistor from damage due to frequent brake, or due to brake unit keeping operating resulted from unusual high input voltage. Under such circumstance, just turn off the power to prevent damaging the brake resistor.
- If damage to the drive or other equipment are due to the fact that the brake resistors and the brake modules in use are not provided by Delta, the warranty will be void.
- 5. Take into consideration the safety of the environment when installing the brake resistors.

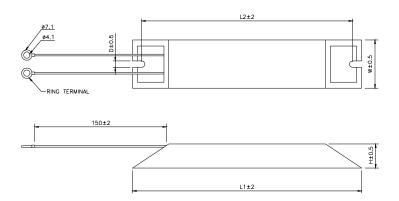


- 6. If the minimum resistance value is to be utilized, consult local dealers for the calculation of the Watt figures.
- 7. Please select thermal relay trip contact to prevent resistor over load. Use the contact to switch power off to the AC motor drive!
- When using more than 2 brake units, equivalent resistor value of parallel brake unit can't be 8. less than the value in the column "Minimum Equivalent Resistor Value for Each AC Drive" (the right-most column in the table).
- 9. Please read the wiring information in the user manual of brake unit thoroughly prior to taking into operation.

B.1.1 Dimensions and Weights for Brake Resistors

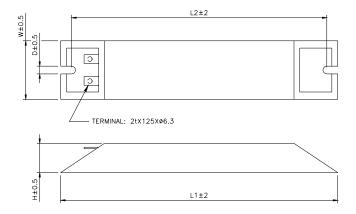
(Dimensions are in millimeter)

Order P/N: BR080W200, BR080W750, BR300W070, BR300W100, BR300W250, BR300W400, BR400W150, BR400W040



Model no.	L1	L2	Н	D	W	Max. Weight (g)
BR080W200	440	405	20		00	460
BR080W750	140	125	20	5.3	60	160
BR300W070						
BR300W100	045	200	20	5.3	00	750
BR300W250	215	200	30	5.3	60	750
BR300W400						
BR400W150	265	250	20	F 2	60	020
BR400W040	265	250	30	5.3	60	930

Appendix B Accessories | VFF-VL Order P/N: BR500W030, BR500W100, BR1K0W020, BR1K0W075



Model no.	L1	L2	Н	D	W	Max. Weight
BR500W030	225	200	20	5.0	00	4400
BR500W100	335	320	30	5.3	60	1100
BR1K0W020	400	005	50	5.0	400	0000
BR1K0W075	400	385	50	5.3	100	2800

465 445 R4.6(2X)



B.2 Non-fuse Circuit Breaker Chart

For 1-phase/3-phase drives, the current rating of the breaker shall be greater than 2 X (rated input current).

3-phase					
Model	Input Current (A)	Model	Input Current (A)		
VFD055VL23A	50	VFD150VL23A	125		
VFD055VL43A	30	VFD150VL43A	60		
VFD075VL23A	60	VFD185VL23A	150		
VFD075VL43A	40	VFD185VL43A	75		
VFD110VL23A	100	VFD220VL23A	175		
VFD110VL43A	50	VFD220VL43A	100		

B.3 Fuse Specification Chart

Smaller fuses than those shown in the table are permitted.

Model	I (A)	I (A)	Line Fuse		
Wiodei	Input	Output	I (A)	Bussmann P/N	
VFD055VL23A	26	25	50	JJN-50	
VFD055VL43A	14	13	30	JJN-30	
VFD075VL23A	34	33	60	JJN-60	
VFD075VL43A	19	18	40	JJN-40	
VFD110VL23A	50	49	100	JJN-100	
VFD110VL43A	25	24	50	JJN-50	
VFD150VL23A	60	65	125	JJN-125	
VFD150VL43A	32	32	60	JJN-60	
VFD185VL23A	75	75	150	JJN-150	
VFD185VL43A	39	38	75	JJN-70	
VFD220VL23A	90	90	175	JJN-175	
VFD220VL43A	49	45	100	JJN-100	



B.4 AC Reactor

B.4.1 AC Input Reactor Recommended Value

460V, 50/60Hz, 3-Phase

kW	HP	Fundamental Amps	Max. continuous Amps	Inductance (mH)		
KVV	ПР			3% impedance	5% impedance	
5.5	7.5	12	18	2.5	4.2	
7.5	10	18	27	1.5	2.5	
11	15	25	37.5	1.2	2	
15	20	35	52.5	0.8	1.2	
18.5	25	35	52.5	0.8	1.2	
22	30	45	67.5	0.7	1.2	

B.4.2 AC Output Reactor Recommended Value

230V, 50/60Hz, 3-Phase

kW	HP	Fundamental Amps	Max. continuous Amps	Inductance (mH)		
KVV				3% impedance	5% impedance	
5.5	7.5	25	37.5	0.5	1.2	
7.5	10	35	52.5	0.4	0.8	
11	15	55	82.5	0.25	0.5	
15	20	80	120	0.2	0.4	
18.5	25	80	120	0.2	0.4	
22	30	100	150	0.15	0.3	

460V, 50/60Hz, 3-Phase

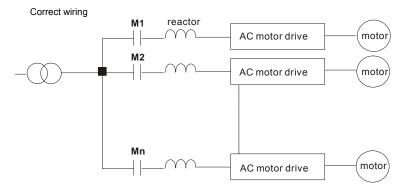
kW	HP	Fundamental Amps	Max. continuous Amps	Inductance (mH)		
KVV				3% impedance	5% impedance	
5.5	7.5	18	27	1.5	2.5	
7.5	10	18	27	1.5	2.5	
11	15	25	37.5	1.2	2	
15	20	35	52.5	0.8	1.2	

				Appendix B	Accessories V/Z/A
kW	HP	Fundamental	Max. continuous	Inductance (mH)	
KVV	1115	Amps	Amps	3% impedance	5% impedance
18.5	25	45	67.5	0.7	1.2
22	30	45	67.5	0.7	1.2

B.4.3 Applications for AC Reactor

Connected in input circuit

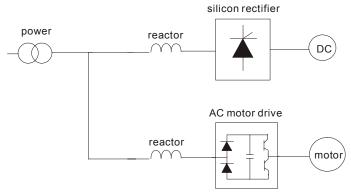
Application 1	Question
When more than one AC motor drive is connected to the same power, one of them is ON during operation.	When applying to one of the AC motor drive, the charge current of capacity may cause voltage ripple. The AC motor drive may damage when over current occurs during operation.



Application 2	Question
Silicon rectifier and AC motor drive is connected to the same power.	Surges will be generated at the instant of silicon rectifier switching on/off. These surges may damage the mains circuit.

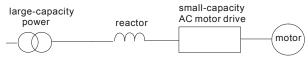
Appendix B Accessories | VFD-VL

Correct wiring



Application 3	Question
Used to improve the input power factor, to reduce harmonics and provide protection from AC line disturbances (surges, switching spikes, short interruptions, etc.). AC line reactor should be installed when the power supply capacity is 500kVA or more and exceeds 6 times the inverter capacity, or the mains wiring distance ≤ 10m.	When power capacity is too large, line impedance will be small and the charge current will be too large. That may damage AC motor drive due to higher rectifier temperature.

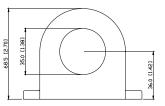
Correct wiring

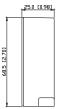




B.5 Zero Phase Reactor (RF220X00A)

Dimensions are in millimeter and (inch)





	90.0 [3.54]	
[-	80.0 [3.15]	 1

Cable type	Reco	commended Wire Size			Wiring
(Note)	AWG	mm²	Nominal (mm²)	Qty.	Method
Single-	≦10	≦5.3	≦5.5	1	Diagram A
core	≦2	≦33.6	≦38	4	Diagram B
Three-	≦12	≦3.3	≦3.5	1	Diagram A
core	≦1	≦42.4	≦50	4	Diagram B

Note: 600V Insulated unshielded Cable.

Diagram A

Please wind each wire 4 times around the core. The reactor must be put at inverter output as close as possible.

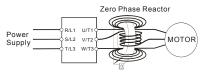
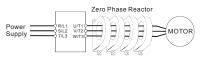


Diagram B

Please put all wires through 4 cores in series without winding.



Note 1: The table above gives approximate wire size for the zero phase reactors but the selection is ultimately governed by the type and diameter of cable fitted i.e. the cable must fit through the center hole of zero phase reactors.

Note 2: Only the phase conductors should pass through, not the earth core or screen.

Note 3: When long motor output cables are used an output zero phase reactor may be required to reduce radiated emissions from the cable.

B.6 DC Choke Recommended Values

230V DC Choke

Input voltage	kW	HP	DC Amps	Inductance (mh)
	5.5	7.5	32	0.85
	7.5	10	40	0.75
230Vac	11	15	62	Built-in
50/60Hz	15	20	92	Built-in
3-Phase	18.5	25	110	Built-in
	22	30	125	Built-in

460V DC Choke

Input voltage	kW	HP	DC Amps	Inductance (mh)
460Vac	5.5	7.5	18	3.75
	7.5	10	25	4.00
	11	15	32	Built-in
50/60Hz	15	20	50	Built-in
3-Phase	18.5	25	62	Built-in
	22	30	80	Built-in



B.7 Digital Keypad KPVL-CC01

The digital keypad is the display of VFD-VL series. The following keypad appearance is only for reference and please see the product for actual appearance.

B.7.1 Description of the Digital Keypad KPVL-CC01



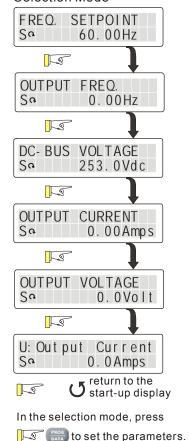
Display Message	Descriptions
FREQ. SETPOINT So 60.00Hz Press MODE key	Displays the AC drive Master Frequency
OUTPUT FREQ. So 0.00Hz Press MODE key	Displays the actual output frequency present at terminals U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3

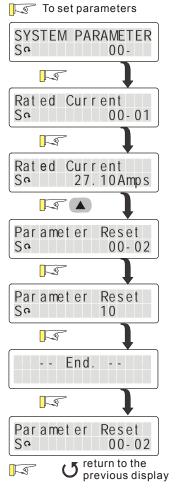
Appendix B Accessories		
Display Message	Descriptions	
DC-BUS VOLTAGE Ra 716.0Vdc	Displays the voltage of DC BUS	
Press MODE key		
OUTPUT CURRENT So 0.00Amps	Displays the output current present at terminals U/T1, V/T2, and W/T3	
Press MODE key		
OUTPUT VOLTAGE Sa 0.0Volt	Displays the output voltage of motor	
Press MODE key		
U: Out put Current Sa 0. 0 Amps	User defined unit (Where U= Pr.00-04)	
Press MODE key		
PARAM COPY So READ 1	Copy the first set of parameter groups from the drive to the keypad. It can save two sets of parameter groups to keypad. (one set is from group 0 to group 13)	
PARAM COPY So SAVE 1 v1.00	Save the first set of parameter groups from the keypad to other drive. The firmware version is 1.00.	
SYSTEM PARAMETER So 00-	Displays the group number	
Rated Current 27.10Amp	Displays the actual stored value of the selected parameter	
External Fault Fo FaultCode:60	External Fault	
End	Display "End" for approximately 1 second if input has been accepted by pressing PROG/DATA key. After a parameter value has been set, the new value is automatically stored in memory.	
Err	Display "Err", if the input is invalid.	



B.7.2 How to Operate the Digital Keypad KPVL-CC01

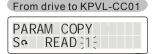
Selection Mode



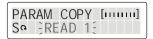


In the parameters mode, it will display parameters and parameters definitions

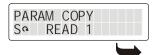
Appendix B Accessories | VIIII TO COPY parameters



Press and hold on for about 5 seconds



When "READ 1" starts blinking, it starts to save to KPVL-CC01.



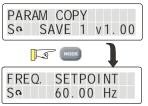
Finish to save parameters

PARAM COPY Sa SAVE 1 v1.00

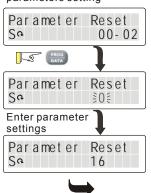
Press and hold on for about 5 seconds

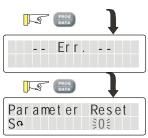
PARAM COPY [umun] So SAVE 1 v1.00

When "SAVE 1" starts blinking, it starts to save to KPVL-CC01. V1.00 is the firmware version. It fails to save to KPVL-CC01 when it displays V ----. It needs to save parameters from drive to KPVL-CC01 first.



When entering error parameters setting



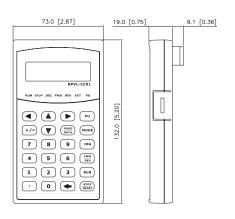


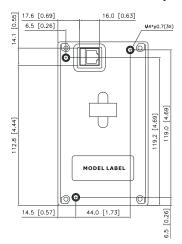
Please re-enter the correct value when the setting is blinking.



B.7.3 Dimension of the Digital Keypad

Unit: mm [inch]

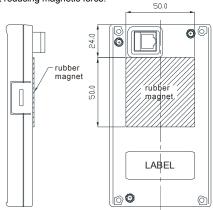




B.7.4 Recommended Position the Rubber Magnet of the Digital Keypad

This rubber magnet is shipped with the digital keypad. Users can adhere to anywhere of the back of the digital keypad to stick on the case of the AC motor drive. Please don't stick on the communication port to prevent reducing magnetic force.







B.8 PG Card (for Encoder)

B.8.1 EMVL-PGABL



1. Terminals descriptions

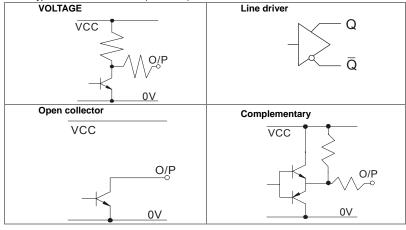
Terminal Symbols	Descriptions			
VP	Power source of PG card (use SW2 to switch 12V/5V) Output Voltage: +5V/+12V±5% 200mA			
0V Power source and input signal common				
$A, \overline{A}, B, \overline{B}, Z, \overline{Z}$	Line signal input. Max. bandwidth is 100 kHz			
$\overline{U}, \overline{U}, V, \overline{V}, W, \overline{W}$	Line input signal of Hall component. Max. bandwidth is 100 kHz			
A/O, A/O, B/O, B/O, B/O, Z/O, Z/O	Signal output for PG feedback card and can be use as frequency divider. Max. bandwidth is 100 kHz. Max. output for line driver is 5Vdc 50mA.			
(a)	Grounding			

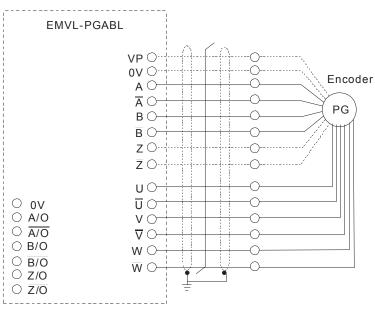
2. Wire length

Types of Pulse Generators	Maximum Wire Length	Wire Gauge	
Output Voltage	50m	1.25mm ² (AWG16) or above	
Line Driver	100m		
Complementary	70m		



3. Types of Pulse Generators (Encoders)





B.8.2 EMVL-PGABO



1. Terminals descriptions

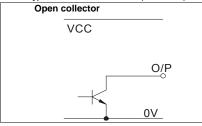
Terminal Symbols	Descriptions			
VP	Power source of PG card Output Voltage: +12V±1V 200mA			
0V	Power source and input signal common			
$A, \overline{A}, B, \overline{B}, Z, \overline{Z}$	Input signal of open collector. Max. bandwidth is 100 kHz.			
A/O, A/O, B/O, B/O, B/O, Z/O, Z/O	Signal output for PG feedback card and can be use as frequency divider. Max. bandwidth is 100 kHz. Max. output for line driver is 5Vdc 50mA.			
(Grounding			

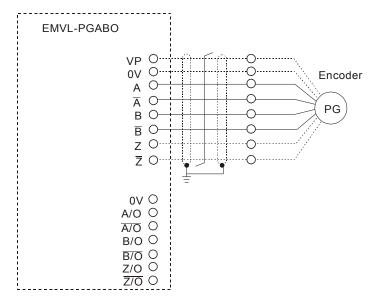
2. Wire length

Types of Pulse Generators	Maximum Wire Length	Wire Gauge
Output Voltage	50m	1.25mm ² (AWG16) or above



3. Types of Pulse Generators (Encoders)





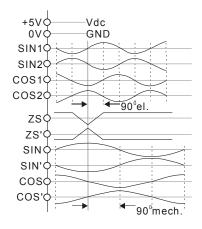
B.8.3 EMVL-PGH01



1. Sinusoidal Encoder Function



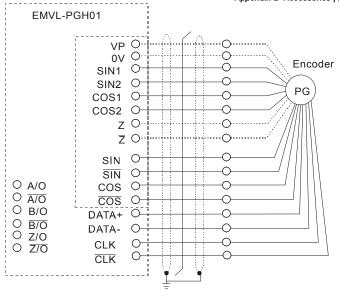
Terminal	Terminal	Terminal	Terminal
NO	Name	NO	Name
1	COS 2	9	+5V
2	-	10	
3	ZS	11	SIN
4	ZS'	12	SIN'
5	SIN1	13	COS
6	SIN2	14	COS'
7	0V	15	-
8	COS1		



2. Terminals descriptions

Terminal Symbols	Descriptions
CLK, \overline{CLK}	Input signal of CLK and $\overline{\mathit{CLK}}$
DATA+, DATA-	Input signal of DATA+ and DATA-
$A/O, \overline{A}/O, B/O, \overline{B}/O, Z/O, \overline{Z}/O$	Signal output for PG feedback card and can be use as frequency divider. Max. output for line driver is 5Vdc 50mA.
(a)	Grounding





3. Output Signal Settings



PIN1: Reserved bit

PIN2: The setting for pulse input type

PIN3: The pulse output type of frequency divider

PIN4: Reset bit for clock

PIN5-12: Output setting for frequency divider (1-256)

B.9 AMD-EMI Filter Cross Reference

AC Drives	Model Number	FootPrint
VFD055VL43A, VFD075VL43A, VFD110VL43A,	RF110B43CA	Y
VFD055VL23A, VFD075VL23A, VFD150V43A, VFD185VL43A	50TDS4W4C	N
VFD110VL23A, VFD150VL23A, VFD220VL43A,	100TDS84C	N

Installation

All electrical equipment, including AC motor drives, will generate high-frequency/low-frequency noise and will interfere with peripheral equipment by radiation or conduction when in operation. By using an EMI filter with correct installation, much interference can be eliminated. It is recommended to use DELTA EMI filter to have the best interference elimination performance.

We assure that it can comply with following rules when AC motor drive and EMI filter are installed and wired according to user manual:

- EN61000-6-4
- EN61800-3: 1996
- EN55011 (1991) Class A Group 1

General precaution

- 1. EMI filter and AC motor drive should be installed on the same metal plate.
- Please install AC motor drive on footprint EMI filter or install EMI filter as close as possible to the AC motor drive.
- 3. Please wire as short as possible.
- 4. Metal plate should be grounded.
- The cover of EMI filter and AC motor drive or grounding should be fixed on the metal plate and the contact area should be as large as possible.

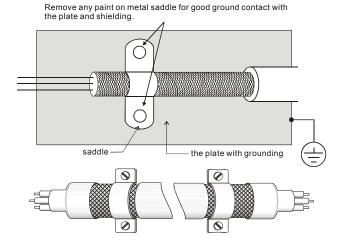
Choose suitable motor cable and precautions

Improper installation and choice of motor cable will affect the performance of EMI filter. Be sure to observe the following precautions when selecting motor cable.

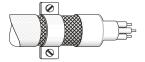
- 1. Use the cable with shielding (double shielding is the best).
- The shielding on both ends of the motor cable should be grounded with the minimum length and maximum contact area.



3 Remove any paint on metal saddle for good ground contact with the plate and shielding.



Saddle on both ends



Saddle on one end

The length of motor cable

When motor is driven by an AC motor drive of PWM type, the motor terminals will experience surge voltages easily due to components conversion of AC motor drive and cable capacitance. When the motor cable is very long (especially for the 460V series), surge voltages may reduce insulation quality. To prevent this situation, please follow the rules below:

- Use a motor with enhanced insulation.
- Connect an output reactor (optional) to the output terminals of the AC motor drive
- The length of the cable between AC motor drive and motor should be as short as possible (10 to 20 m or less)

■ For models 7.5hp/5.5kW and above:

Insulation level of motor	1000V	1300V	1600V
460VAC input voltage	66 ft (20m)	328 ft (100m)	1312 ft (400m)
230VAC input voltage	1312 ft (400m)	1312 ft (400m)	1312 ft (400m)



When a thermal O/L relay protected by motor is used between AC motor drive and motor, it may malfunction (especially for 460V series), even if the length of motor cable is only 165 ft (50m) or less. To prevent it, please use AC reactor and/or lower the carrier frequency (Pr. 00-17 PWM carrier frequency).



Never connect phase lead capacitors or surge absorbers to the output terminals of the AC motor drive.

- If the length is too long, the stray capacitance between cables will increase and may cause leakage current. It will activate the protection of over current, increase leakage current or not insure the correction of current display. The worst case is that AC motor drive may damage.
- If more than one motor is connected to the AC motor drive, the total wiring length is the sum of the wiring length from AC motor drive to each motor.

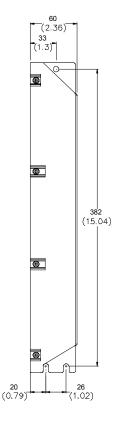


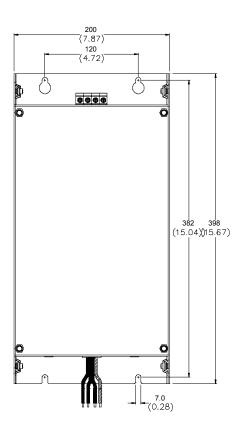
B.9.1 Dimensions

Dimensions are in millimeter and (inch)

Order P/N: RF110B43CA

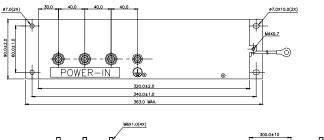


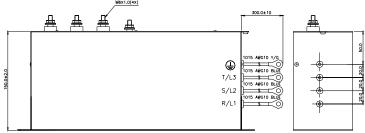




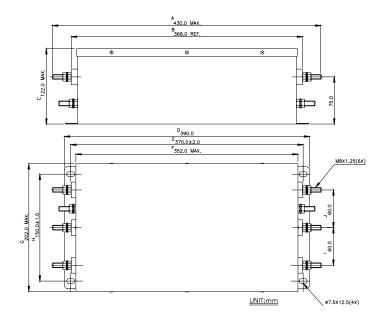
Appendix B Accessories | V-77-VL

Order P/N: 50TDS4W4C





Order P/N: 100TDS84C



Appendix C How to Select the Right AC Motor Drive

The choice of the right AC motor drive for the application is very important and has great influence on its lifetime. If the capacity of AC motor drive is too large, it cannot offer complete protection to the motor and motor maybe damaged. If the capacity of AC motor drive is too small, it cannot offer the required performance and the AC motor drive maybe damaged due to overloading.

But by simply selecting the AC motor drive of the same capacity as the motor, user application requirements cannot be met completely. Therefore, a designer should consider all the conditions, including load type, load speed, load characteristic, operation method, rated output, rated speed, power and the change of load capacity. The following table lists the factors you need to consider, depending on your requirements.

Item		Related Specification			
		Speed and torque characteristics	Time ratings	Overload capacity	Starting torque
Load type	Friction load and weight load Liquid (viscous) load Inertia load Load with power transmission	•			•
Load speed and torque characteristics	Constant torque Constant output Decreasing torque Decreasing output	•	•		
Load characteristics	Constant load Shock load Repetitive load High starting torque Low starting torque	•	•	•	•
Continuous operation, Short-time operation Long-time operation at medium/low speeds			•	•	
Maximum output current (instantaneous) Constant output current (continuous)		•		•	
Maximum frequen	Maximum frequency, Base frequency				
Power supply transformer capacity or percentage impedance Voltage fluctuations and unbalance Number of phases, single phase protection Frequency				•	•
Mechanical friction	Mechanical friction, losses in wiring			•	•
Duty cycle modification			•	_	

C.1 Capacity Formulas

1. When one AC motor drive operates one motor

The starting capacity should be less than 1.5x rated capacity of AC motor drive

The starting capacity=

$$\frac{k \times N}{973 \times \eta \times \cos \varphi} \left(T_L + \frac{GD^2}{375} \times \frac{N}{t_A} \right) \leq 1.5 \times the _capacity _of _AC _motor _drive(kVA)$$

2. When one AC motor drive operates more than one motor

- 2.1 The starting capacity should be less than the rated capacity of AC motor drive
 - Acceleration time ≤60 seconds

The starting capacity=

$$\frac{k \times N}{\eta \times \cos \varphi} \left[n_r + n_s (k_{s-1}) \right] = P_{C1} \left[1 + \frac{n_s}{n_r} (k_{s-1}) \right] \le 1.5 \times the_capacity_of_AC_motor_drive(kVA)$$

■ Acceleration time ≥60 seconds

The starting capacity=

$$\frac{k \times N}{\eta \times \cos \varphi} \left[n_r + n_s(k_{s-1}) \right] = Pc_1 \left[1 + \frac{n_s}{n_r} \left(k_{s-1} \right) \right] \le the_capacity_of_AC_motor_drive(kVA)$$

2.2 The current should be less than the rated current of AC motor drive(A)

■ Acceleration time ≤60 seconds

$$n_T + I_M \left[1 + \frac{n_S}{n_T} (k_S - 1) \right] \le 1.5 \times the_rated_current_of_AC_motor_drive(A)$$

■ Acceleration time ≥60 seconds

$$n_T + I_M \left[1 + \frac{n_s}{n_T} (ks - 1) \right] \le the _rated _current _of _AC _motor _drive(A)$$



2.3 When it is running continuously

The requirement of load capacity should be less than the capacity of AC motor drive(kVA)

The requirement of load capacity=

$$\frac{k \times P_M}{\eta \times \cos \varphi} \le the _capacity_of _AC_motor_drive(kVA)$$

The motor capacity should be less than the capacity of AC motor drive

$$k \times \sqrt{3} \times V_M \times I_M \times 10^{-3} \le the_capacity_of_AC_motor_drive(kVA)$$

The current should be less than the rated current of AC motor drive(A)

$$k \times I_M \leq the_rated_current_of_AC_motor_drive(A)$$

Symbol explanation

 P_{M} : Motor shaft output for load (kW)

: Motor efficiency (normally, approx. 0.85) η

 $\cos \varphi$: Motor power factor (normally, approx. 0.75)

: Motor rated voltage(V) V_M

: Motor rated current(A), for commercial power I_M

: Correction factor calculated from current distortion factor (1.05-1.1, depending on k

PWM method)

: Continuous motor capacity (kVA) P_{C1}

: Starting current/rated current of motor $k_{\rm S}$

: Number of motors in parallel n_T

: Number of simultaneously started motors n_s

: Total inertia (GD²) calculated back to motor shaft (kg m²) GD^2

 T_L : Load torque

: Motor acceleration time t_A

Ν : Motor speed



C.2 General Precaution

Selection Note

- 1 When the AC Motor Drive is connected directly to a large-capacity power transformer (600kVA or above) or when a phase lead capacitor is switched, excess peak currents may occur in the power input circuit and the converter section may be damaged. To avoid this, use an AC input reactor (optional) before AC Motor Drive mains input to reduce the current and improve the input power efficiency.
- 2. When a special motor is used or more than one motor is driven in parallel with a single AC Motor Drive, select the AC Motor Drive current ≥1.25x(Sum of the motor rated currents).
- 3. The starting and accel./decel. characteristics of a motor are limited by the rated current and the overload protection of the AC Motor Drive. Compared to running the motor D.O.L. (Direct On-Line), a lower starting torque output with AC Motor Drive can be expected. If higher starting torque is required (such as for elevators, mixers, tooling machines, etc.) use an AC Motor Drive of higher capacity or increase the capacities for both the motor and the AC Motor Drive.
- 4. When an error occurs on the drive, a protective circuit will be activated and the AC Motor Drive output is turned off. Then the motor will coast to stop. For an emergency stop, an external mechanical brake is needed to guickly stop the motor.

Parameter Settings Note

- 1. The AC Motor Drive can be driven at an output frequency up to 400Hz (less for some models) with the digital keypad. Setting errors may create a dangerous situation. For safety, the use of the upper limit frequency function is strongly recommended.
- 2. High DC brake operating voltages and long operation time (at low frequencies) may cause overheating of the motor. In that case, forced external motor cooling is recommended.
- 3. Motor accel./decel. time is determined by motor rated torque, load torque, and load inertia.
- 4 If the stall prevention function is activated, the accel./decel. time is automatically extended to a length that the AC Motor Drive can handle. If the motor needs to decelerate within a certain time with high load inertia that can't be handled by the AC Motor Drive in the required time, either use an external brake resistor and/or brake unit, depending on the



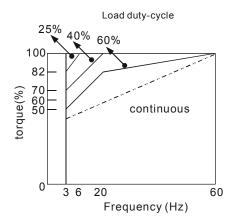
model, (to shorten deceleration time only) or increase the capacity for both the motor and the AC Motor Drive

C.3 How to Choose a Suitable Motor

Standard motor

When using the AC Motor Drive to operate a standard 3-phase induction motor, take the following precautions:

- 1. The energy loss is greater than for an inverter duty motor.
- 2. Avoid running motor at low speed for a long time. Under this condition, the motor temperature may rise above the motor rating due to limited airflow produced by the motor's fan. Consider external forced motor cooling.
- 3 When the standard motor operates at low speed for long time, the output load must be decreased
- 4. The load tolerance of a standard motor is as follows:



- 5. If 100% continuous torque is required at low speed, it may be necessary to use a special inverter duty motor.
- 6 Motor dynamic balance and rotor endurance should be considered once the operating speed exceeds the rated speed (60Hz) of a standard motor.
- 7. Motor torque characteristics vary when an AC Motor Drive instead of commercial power supply drives the motor. Check the load torque characteristics of the machine to be connected.

Appendix C How to Select the Right AC Motor Drive | V=V=VL

- 8. Because of the high carrier frequency PWM control of the VFD series, pay attention to the following motor vibration problems:
 - Resonant mechanical vibration: anti-vibration (damping) rubbers should be used to mount equipment that runs at varying speed.
 - Motor imbalance: special care is required for operation at 50 or 60 Hz and higher frequency.
 - To avoid resonances, use the Skip frequencies.
- 9. The motor fan will be very noisy when the motor speed exceeds 50 or 60Hz.

Special motors:

1. Pole-changing (Dahlander) motor:

The rated current is differs from that of a standard motor. Please check before operation and select the capacity of the AC motor drive carefully. When changing the pole number the motor needs to be stopped first. If over current occurs during operation or regenerative voltage is too high, please let the motor free run to stop (coast).

Submersible motor:

The rated current is higher than that of a standard motor. Please check before operation and choose the capacity of the AC motor drive carefully. With long motor cable between AC motor drive and motor, available motor torque is reduced.

Explosion-proof (Ex) motor:

Needs to be installed in a safe place and the wiring should comply with the (Ex) requirements. Delta AC Motor Drives are not suitable for (Ex) areas with special precautions.

4 Gear reduction motor:

The lubricating method of reduction gearbox and speed range for continuous operation will be different and depending on brand. The lubricating function for operating long time at low speed and for high-speed operation needs to be considered carefully.

Synchronous motor:

The rated current and starting current are higher than for standard motors. Please check before operation and choose the capacity of the AC motor drive carefully. When the AC motor drive operates more than one motor, please pay attention to starting and changing the motor.



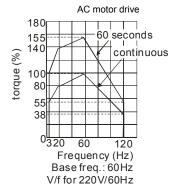
Power Transmission Mechanism

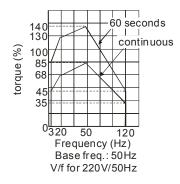
Pay attention to reduced lubrication when operating gear reduction motors, gearboxes, belts and chains, etc. over longer periods at low speeds. At high speeds of 50/60Hz and above, lifetime reducing noises and vibrations may occur.

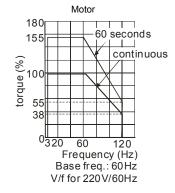
Motor torque

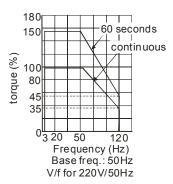
The torque characteristics of a motor operated by an AC motor drive and commercial mains power are different.

Below you'll find the torque-speed characteristics of a standard motor (4-pole, 15kW):









Appendix C How to Select the Right AC Motor Drive | VIII

This page intentionally left blank.